



# FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF Environmental Protection

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**Ron DeSantis**  
Governor

**Jeanette Nuñez**  
Lt. Governor

**Shawn Hamilton**  
Secretary

Dec. 22, 2023

The Honorable Kathleen Passidomo  
President, Florida Senate  
409 The Capitol  
404 S. Monroe Street  
Tallahassee, FL 32399-1100

The Honorable Paul Renner  
Speaker, Florida House of Representatives  
420 The Capitol  
402 S. Monroe Street  
Tallahassee, FL 32399-1300

Dear President Passidomo and Speaker Renner:

Pursuant to Chapter 2023-240, Laws of Florida, the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) is pleased to submit the enclosed report regarding management activities on state-owned conservation lands.

Should you have any questions or concerns regarding the report, please contact Mara Gambineri, Deputy Secretary for Land and Recreation, at 850-245-2044 or [Mara.Gambineri@FloridaDEP.gov](mailto:Mara.Gambineri@FloridaDEP.gov).

Sincerely,

Anna DeCerchio  
Chief of Staff

Enclosure

cc: Mara Gambineri, Deputy Secretary for Land and Recreation, DEP  
Brett Tubbs, Director of Legislative Affairs, DEP



**Report on Land Management  
Chapter 2023-240, Laws of Florida**

**Office of Environmental Services  
Division of State Lands**

**Florida Department of Environmental Protection  
Jan. 1, 2024**



# REPORT ON LAND MANAGEMENT

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## **Executive Summary**

Chapter 2023-240, Laws of Florida, directed the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP), in consultation with the other state lead land managers, to perform a review of all land management activities, including costs, for state-owned conservation lands. As part of this review, DEP analyzed the costs, efficiencies, duplications of effort or conflicts among managing entities to develop recommendations on opportunities related to the review.

There are five agencies primarily charged with the management of state lands: DEP's Division of Recreation and Parks (DRP), Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC), Florida Forest Service (FFS), DEP's Office of Resilience and Coastal Protection (ORCP) and the Department of State's Division of Historical Resources (DHR).

These agencies serve as representatives on the Land Management Uniform Accounting Council (LMUAC), which implements a uniform method for compiling and reporting accurate costs of land management activities. In Fiscal Year (FY) 2022-23, these agencies invested over \$254 million to manage Florida's conservation and recreation lands.

DEP's review identified land management efficiencies that are currently in place, including the augmentation of land management staff through the use of contracted services. No duplication of efforts or conflicts between the agencies were identified. As part of this review, recommendations on improvements to the land management reporting process and calculation method for funding were also identified.

## **State Land Managing Agencies**

Collectively, state conservation lands are managed to ensure the conservation of Florida's plant and animal species and to ensure accessibility for the benefit and enjoyment of all people of the state, both present and future. The five primary land managing agencies have distinct missions that work complimentary to one another.

### ***Division of Recreation and Parks***

The mission of DRP is to provide resource-based recreation while preserving, interpreting and restoring natural and cultural resources. DRP carries out this mission by making available high-quality outdoor recreation opportunities to the public and by implementing a natural systems approach to resource management. DRP is the lead manager for 813,586 acres across 175 management units as part of Florida's award-winning state park system.

### ***Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission***

FWC's mission is to manage fish and wildlife resources for their long-term well-being and the benefit of people. FWC is the lead manager for 1,506,852 acres across 55 management units including wildlife management areas, wildlife and environmental areas, public waterfowl areas, public use areas, fish management areas or public small game hunting areas.

### ***Florida Forest Service***

The mission of FFS is to protect Florida and its people from the dangers of wildland fire and manage Florida's forest resources through a stewardship ethic to ensure that these resources are

available for future generations. FFS is the lead manager for 1,177,078 acres across 39 management units including state forests and a working cattle ranch.

### ***Office of Resilience and Coastal Protection***

ORCP is charged with conserving, protecting, restoring and improving the resilience of Florida's ocean, coastal and aquatic resources. ORCP is the lead manager for 59,127 upland acres and 5,115,961 submerged acres across 46 management units.

### ***Department of State's Division of Historical Resources***

DHR's mission is to identify, evaluate, manage, promote and protect the historical, archaeological and folk cultural resources of Florida. DHR is the lead manager for 97 acres across eight separate management units.

### **Land Management Cost Analysis**

The distinct missions of the five primary land management agencies greatly influence the management needs and costs. For example, DRP has the greatest percentage of expenditures for recreation, visitor services and capital improvements. FFS and FWC manage large acreage that have passive recreational opportunities, including hunting and fishing. DHR serves as the lead manager for eight management units, but many of their costs are incurred by assisting with historical resource management to other land management agencies.

### ***Land Management Uniform Accounting Council***

Established in section 259.037, Florida Statutes, LMUAC is comprised of representatives from FFS, DRP, FWC, ORCP and DHR.

LMUAC implements a uniform method for compiling and reporting accurate costs of land management activities. This includes a list of standardized land management categories and sub-categories under which LMUAC agencies report management activities. Although individual management activities vary between agencies, this structure for organization can be applied in most cases and was used as part of DEP's analysis.

The 2023 LMUAC Annual Report was transmitted to the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund on Oct. 24, 2023.

### ***Land Management Categories***

The cost of land management analyzed are broken down into the following categories:

1. Resource Management – includes activities such as exotic species control, prescribed burning, cultural resource management, timber and hydrological.
2. Administration – includes central office headquarters or districts with a focus on administrative support.
3. Support – includes functions such as on planning, reviews, staff development and operational requirements such as vehicles.
4. Capital Improvements – includes operational functions related to facilities such as construction and maintenance.
5. Recreation Visitor Services – includes functions related to providing information to the public, conducting education programs and other visitor-related operations.

6. Law Enforcement – includes resources and staff to ensure compliance and provide enforcement of Florida’s statutes and rules.

**Agency Land Management Cost by Category**

AGENCY	DRP	ORCP	FFS	FWC	DHR	TOTAL
Resource Management	\$16,868,664	\$406,375	\$5,542,902	\$19,647,798	\$3,110,070	<b>\$45,575,809</b>
Administration	\$28,221,194	\$824,371	\$1,684,153	\$3,121,750	\$228,656	<b>\$34,080,124</b>
Support	\$11,830,744	\$614,210	\$8,647,990	\$7,531,329	\$370,481	<b>\$28,994,754</b>
Capital Improvements	\$40,552,840	\$1,967,175	\$5,054,138	\$7,412,410	\$414,796	<b>\$55,401,359</b>
Recreation Visitor Services	\$69,412,008	\$1,218,090	\$3,064,779	\$1,126,570	\$471,791	<b>\$75,293,238</b>
Law Enforcement	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$15,185,239	\$0	<b>\$15,185,239</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$166,885,450</b>	<b>\$5,030,221</b>	<b>\$23,993,962</b>	<b>\$54,025,096</b>	<b>\$4,595,794</b>	<b>\$254,530,523</b>

**Economic Impact of Land Management**

As highlighted in the 2023 LMUAC Annual Report, state-owned lands under the management of the five LMUAC agencies included in this report drive Florida’s economy. During FY 2022-23, more than 113 million people visited these lands which:

- Provided \$85 billion in total economic benefit.
- Generated \$956 million in state revenue.
- Created 68,339 jobs.

**Duplicative or Conflicting Land Management Efforts**

DEP’s analysis found that while management techniques vary from agency to agency, the various tools and techniques used are the same. This analysis found that no competing efforts exist as all land managing agencies practice effective communication regarding management and share resources and expertise when possible.

**Current Land Management Efficiencies**

Several land management efficiencies that have already been implemented were identified as part of DEP’s analysis. Examples include:

- Augmenting Agency Workforce – In addition to the use of volunteers, all land management agencies augment their staff utilizing contracted services, including outsourcing specific resource management activities and visitor service functions. Information on funding related to contracted services can be found in Appendix B of this report.
- Coordinating Management Responsibilities – LMUAC agencies coordinate some joint management responsibilities including recreational opportunities, timber management, invasive species control, prescribed fire and cultural resource protection. This coordination can be sharing of expertise as well as sharing of staff and equipment resources.
- Leveraging Agency Resources – FWC’s Invasive Plant Management Section’s programs direct significant staff and monetary resources to controlling and eradicating invasive exotic plants on lands managed by other agencies.
- Providing Law Enforcement Services – FWC officers have full police powers and statewide jurisdiction. They patrol rural, wilderness and inshore and offshore areas and are

often the sole law enforcement presence in many remote parts of the state. These areas include lands not only managed by FWC but also DRP, FFS and ORCP under memorandums of agreement pursuant to Chapter 2012-88, Laws of Florida.

## **Recommendations**

Based on feedback received from the land management agencies, staff compiled the following recommendations:

### ***Calculation Method for Land Management Funding***

Section 259.032(9)(b), Florida Statutes, currently provides for no less than 1.5% of the cumulative total of funds ever deposited into the former Florida Preservation 2000 Trust Fund and Florida Forever Trust Fund be made available specific land management activities on lands acquired with funding deposited into the Land Acquisition Trust Fund or previous programs for the acquisition of conservation and recreation lands. This calculation for determining the minimum amount of funding required for managing state-owned lands has not been updated in over 25 years. In addition, the calculation does not capture funding for land acquisition appropriated from other sources, such as General Revenue, grants and federal funds.

Section 259.037(3)(b)5., Florida Statutes, requires LMUAC agencies to report the estimated calculable financial benefits to the public for the ecosystem services provided by conservation lands, based on the best readily available information or science that provides a standard measurement methodology to be consistently applied by the land management agencies. However, the science for measuring such services at the management unit level is insufficient.

To ensure land management agencies are adequately and appropriately funded, it is recommended that a standardized calculation method be developed that the land management agencies can implement that will determine the benefits of the land management activities to ecosystem services. The resulting calculations will demonstrate not only the recreational value of conservation lands but also the improvements to air quality, water quality, water recharge, biodiversity, flood control and other ecosystems. Once the standard measurement methodology is developed, the information could be used to request recurring funding for land management.

### ***Improvements to Process for Reporting Land Management Costs***

Section 259.037(3)(a), Florida Statutes, establishes six categories (Resource Management, Administration, Support, Capital Improvements, Recreational Visitor Services and Land Enforcement) in which LMUAC agencies are required to report land management costs annually.

Largely, each agency can efficiently quantify costs related to the six categories of land management. However, DHR does not manage land to the extent that the other LMUAC agencies do. Therefore, it is recommended that DHR only be required to report actual costs to manage their 97 acres, plus additional categories of management that supports conservation/preservation of historical and cultural resources across all state-owned lands.

In addition, to ensure consistency across the land management agencies, it is recommended that agencies provide their fiscal year expenditures (July 1 – June 30) as well as the values submitted

in their agency's carry/certified forward obligations when reporting costs for inclusion in the annual LMUAC report.



## **APPENDIX A – RESPONSES TO SUPPLEMENTAL QUESTIONNAIRE**

Below is a summary of responses to a supplemental questionnaire sent to the Department of Environmental Protection's (DEP) by the Division of Recreation and Parks (DRP), Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC), Florida Forest Service (FFS), Office of Resilience and Coastal Protection (ORCP) and the Department of State's Division of Historical Resources (DHR).

- 1. Describe how your agency has been efficient with resource management and recreation activities. This may include the use of volunteers for management or recreation projects, partnering with other land managers/working across fence lines, or outsourcing work to private contractors. Provide a summary supported by specific examples related to efficiencies in management and include the overall estimated proportion and type of work typically outsourced.**

### ***Division of Recreation and Parks***

- 19,854 volunteers contributed over 1 million hours which is equivalent to 500 additional full-time staff. The value of this volunteer effort is \$33 million based on national standard rates.
- Additionally, Citizen Support Organizations contributed \$4.2 million in capital improvements, equipment and maintenance projects.
- AmeriCorps volunteers contributed an additional 81,936 hours or the equivalent of almost 40 additional full-time staff.
- With minimal increase in staff over the past 10 years, the acres managed by DRP has increased by almost 30,000 acres and visitation rates have increased significantly.
- Over the past three years, DRP has contracted an annual average of \$7.6 million dollars for resource management projects to the private industry to expand DRP's work capacity.
- DRP is a recipient of a wide variety of important grants and partnerships including invasive plant management (FWC), prescribed fire enhancement (FFS), cultural resource protection (DHR) and hydrologic restoration (Ducks Unlimited, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, water management districts).
- Even with increased acres to manage and visitation, resource management continues to be a focus of DRP. Recent years have seen record numbers in ecological restoration, prescribed fire and invasive plant accomplishments.

### ***Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission***

- FWC strives for efficiency in our wildlife management and public recreation projects.
- Volunteers contributed 12,018 hours during FY 2022-23, assisting with dozens of projects including wildlife surveys, working at hunt check stations and wildlife habitat enhancement.
- FWC prioritizes wildlife habitat management and wildlife-centric outdoor recreational opportunities. To accomplish their goals, FWC has over 30 partners including agencies, organizations and private landowners who have established their managed lands into the Wildlife Management Area system: enhancing wildlife habitat and providing quality recreational opportunities for our residents and visitors.
- FWC also partners with private vendors to accomplish their goals, as over 50% of land management funds (not including FTE salaries) are used to pay private contractors to assist

with wildlife habitat management work such as invasive plant control, prescribed burning, mechanical vegetation control and the construction of public use facilities.

### ***Florida Forest Service***

- FFS has been as efficient as possible with management of natural resources and recreation activities. In terms of natural resource management, FFS establishes contractual agreements for large-scale silvicultural treatments (harvesting, site preparation, timber stand improvement, planting, etc.) and handles smaller treatments in-house. FFS also offers technical assistance to cooperating agencies regarding timber management and will administer sales on behalf of cooperators when requested. FFS also utilizes opportunities offered by other agencies for land management which create efficiencies in our operations (e.g., FWC's Herbicide Bank program).
- In terms of recreation, FFS has found the greatest efficiency by establishing a vendor to administer our Campground Reservation System. This allows field staff to focus more on improving the visitor experience at all FFS facilities as opposed to handling time-consuming tasks such as collecting money from iron rangers, counting money and manually reserving campgrounds to name a few.
- FFS also has a robust volunteer program which assist with all forms of resource management – though most of our volunteers assist with recreation on FFS lands.

### ***Office of Resilience and Coastal Protection***

- During fire season, locally regional entities will schedule burn prescriptions and assist one another with trained staff, resources and supplies as required to successfully carry out prescriptions and meet individual burn goals. Regional burn team partners such as DRP's District 4 VIPER traveling wildland firefighting team and Prescribed Fire Training Center team. Both teams are a reliable and efficient resource that strategically enhances and increases prescribed fire activity efficiencies throughout ORCP.
- ORCP sites partner with Cooperative Invasive Species Management Areas (CISMAs) such as the Apalachicola Regional Stewardship Alliance and First Coast Invasive Working Group. CISMAs are an alliance of stakeholders addressing invasive species management regionally within Florida. Partnering across the landscape, CISMAs are working to address prevention, early detection and rapid response, monitoring, management, and education and awareness of invasive species across boundaries. Invasive species control is frequently outsourced. In addition to small scale control in house, Rookery Bay National Estuarine Research Reserve (NERR) contracts for invasive species removal, most of which is through FWC's Invasive Plant Management Section Uplands program.
- Apalachicola NERR, St. Joseph Bay State Buffer Preserve, Northwest Florida Aquatic Preserves and the Central Panhandle Aquatic Preserves have collaborated with the Conservation Corps of the Forgotten and Emerald Coasts to accomplish critical conservation projects while providing young adults with an opportunity to learn about environmental challenges. This valuable partnership has allowed the reserve/preserves to complete important natural resource projects related to prescribed fire and invasive species management, public use/access, community resilience and creating essential habitat through living shoreline restoration. The Gulf Corps network is currently working to leverage opportunities within other reserves/preserves statewide, and along the Gulf, to benefit conservation and restoration efforts.

- The Guana Tolomato Matanzas NERR provides onsite housing to FWC law enforcement for better protection of the resources.

### ***Division of Historical Resources***

- DHR recreation activities are primarily limited to Mission San Luis Living History Museum and the Grove Museum. Volunteers are utilized at both locations to serve as docents and interpreters, supplementing staff efforts and improving the visitor experience. Volunteers also assist at the Archaeological Collections facility, where they assist with processing and cataloging artifact collections from state lands.
- Regarding resource management, basic lawn maintenance and landscaping activities are outsourced to private contractors at 87.5% of DHR facilities. DHR also outsourced lead mitigation services (100%) at four of its facilities in FY 2022-23. However, in other regards DHR has become more efficient by keeping work in-house. Custodial services at DHR facilities were outsourced prior to FY 2023-24 but are now managed by DHR staff. Likewise, archaeological survey work at Mission San Luis, conducted to assess the best location for a new archaeological collections' facility, was completed by staff rather than a private contractor at significant savings to the agency.

- 2. Land Management Uniform Accounting Council (LMUAC) agencies manage land to achieve specific missions directed by each agency. These missions range from managing wildlife/hunting/fishing, forest resources, recreation and visitors, open water resources and recreation, and cultural resources. Does your agency perceive that management conflicts exist among the LMUAC agencies? If so, provide examples of the perceived or known conflict.**

### ***Division of Recreation and Parks***

- DRP strongly believes that the differing agency missions supports a wider pool of skills, knowledge and resources available to all. It is important to celebrate the collaborative efforts between agencies and mutual respect that has been earned through hard work and support.

### ***Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission***

- FWC does not perceive that management conflicts exist among the agencies in areas where FWC is designated as the lead agency. Conversely, we coordinate extensively with LMUAC agencies, and we seek and receive guidance from them on joint management responsibilities such as timber management, cultural resource protection and recreational opportunities.

### ***Florida Forest Service***

- Each agency has a different mission and different statutory goals, and therefore, management techniques and tools used are likely to differ some between managing agencies. However, since LMUAC agencies manage conservation lands, the list of tools and techniques used between agencies is a lot more similar than it is different. It would be a mistake to say that there are never differences of opinions between agencies on the best strategy to manage conservation land, but those differences can almost always be worked

out with good communication. To that end, FFS does not know or perceive there to be any management conflicts that exist among LMUAC agencies.

***Office of Resilience and Coastal Protection***

- Duck hunting at the intersection of state park and submerged lands. An increase in duck hunting on submerged lands has brought concerns with how to effectively manage resources and public use on adjacent property and provide continued protection to ephemeral islands that serve as threatened shorebird nesting habitat.
- The Guana Tolomato Matanzas NERR managed lands share a border with a wildlife management area. Along this border is a freshwater marsh (NERR side) and Big Savannah Lake (wildlife management area side). The lake and marsh are separated by a series of culverts and ditches but were once historically connected. The wildlife management area side has two artesian wells they use to flood the lake to provide better habitat for ducks to ultimately be hunted, while the freshwater marsh is managed for conservation of natural biodiversity.
- Multiple agencies may prioritize restoration differently. Determining how an agency values species and habitat, and how one gets prioritized over the other when considering restoration activities is a potential conflict. However, Regional Estuarine Restoration Teams help manage these conflicts.

***Division of Historical Resources***

- None.

**3. Similar to question 2 above, does your agency perceive that some of the management efforts are duplicative among the LMUAC agencies? Provide examples as appropriate.**

***Division of Recreation and Parks***

- DRP does not perceive duplicative efforts between agencies. Each agency has a strong mission statement that clearly defines the focus of each agency. For common tasks (e.g., prescribed fire, imperiled species management, etc.), agencies continually put an emphasis on sharing information and resources to meet objectives.

***Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission***

- While management efforts such as prescribed burning, invasive plant control and providing public recreational opportunities are shared among the managing agencies, these efforts are conducted in complimentary ways, allowing agencies to simultaneously meet several varied objectives.

***Florida Forest Service***

- None.

***Office of Resilience and Coastal Protection***

- None.

***Division of Historical Resources***

- None.

4. As part of the supplemental questionnaire, agencies provided their greatest resource need that will help reach management goals and meet the current levels of public visitation (1 is highest priority; 5 is lowest priority). This table is a summary of the results.

RESOURCE NEED	DRP	FWC	FFS	ORCP	DHR
Equipment	3	2	4	3	3
Resource management	2	4	5	2	5
Recreation/visitor services	5	3	3	5	4
Capital improvements	4	5	2	4	1
Personnel (additional positions)	1	1	1	1	2

**APPENDIX B – LAND MANAGEMENT UNIFORM ACCOUNTING  
COUNCIL 2023 ANNUAL REPORT**



State of Florida  
Land Management Uniform Accounting Council  
2023 Annual Report (Fiscal Year 2022-23)

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*Members*

*Chuck Hatcher, 2023 LMUAC Chair and Director  
Division of Recreation and Parks Department of Environmental Protection*

*Callie DeHaven, Director  
Division of State Lands, Department of Environmental Protection*

*Alissa Slade Lotane, Director  
Division of Historical Resources, Department of State*

*Melissa Tucker, Director  
Division of Habitat and Species Conservation, Fish and Wildlife Conservation  
Commission*

*Rick Dolan, Director  
Florida Forest Service, Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services*

*Alex Reed, Director  
Office of Coastal and Aquatic Managed Areas, Department of Environmental Protection*

## *Chair's Submittal and Report Abstract*

### ***Chair's Submittal and Report Abstract***

#### **2023 Annual Report**

The Land Management Uniform Accounting Council (LMUAC) was created by the 2000 Florida Legislature with the enactment of section 259.037, Florida Statutes. The LMUAC is comprised of representatives from the Florida Forest Service (FFS), Division of Recreation and Parks (DRP), Office of Greenways and Trails, Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC), Office of Coastal and Aquatic Managed Areas (CAMA), and the Division of Historical Resources (DHR). The Auditor General and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability are providing advice and assistance to the LMUAC.

As mandated by the legislation, the LMUAC implements a uniform method for compiling and reporting accurate costs of land management activities. This includes a list of standardized land management categories and sub-categories under which the managing agencies report management activities. This consensus list is attached as an addendum to this report. Although the individual management activities vary between agencies, this structure for organization can be applied in most cases.

Since 2008, in addition to cost-accounting by categories, the report has also included information relating to: (1) available public use opportunities for each management unit [i.e. state park, forest, wildlife management area, trail or other management unit] with management costs for public access and public uses; (2) management intensity based on an analysis of natural and cultural resources, facilities and visitation for each unit; (3) amount of funds requested, received and expended for management; (4) acreages and overall management costs for each unit; (5) acres managed, cost of management, and lead manager for each management unit for which secondary management activities were provided; and (6) estimated economic benefit to the public for ecosystem services provided by conservation lands.

This report contains a summary of Fiscal Year 2022-23 expenditures by these agencies, grouped according to the established categories and sub-categories. It also includes a summary of accomplishments for each agency and outlines their mission and primary goals for state lands management.

Expenditures in the various categories reflect the primary missions of individual agencies. For example, DRP has the greatest percentage of expenditures for recreation, visitor services and capital improvements. FFS and FWC manage large acreage that have passive recreational opportunities, including hunting and fishing. DHR has only seven management units assigned to it for management, but many of their costs are incurred by providing assistance in historical resource management to other agencies. DHR is responsible for locating and evaluating sites that have the potential to contain significant historical or cultural across state manages lands.

Some management costs are not included because they are difficult to calculate to a unit of management. For example: CAMA and FWC are responsible for managing submerged lands where it is difficult to quantify the actual acreage involved; expenditures by FWC for invasive vegetation control on public managed lands (including local government, water management district and federal conservation lands); monitoring costs for the Board of Trustees' conservation easements; the FFS provides wildfire suppression, administers the prescribed fire authorization process on all public lands, and silviculture expertise on most state-owned and private forested lands. This report does not include local and federal government or nonprofit conservation organizations that provide significant services towards the state's land conservation and resource-based recreation goals and objectives.



Overall, this report from the LMUAC describes how agencies allocated management funds last fiscal year. Please feel free to contact any of the agencies if you wish to obtain additional information.

Respectfully Submitted,



Chuck Hatcher, Director  
Division of Recreation and Parks  
Department of Environmental Protection  
2023 LMUAC Chair

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**Acreages and Units Managed by State Conservation Agencies**

**Acreages and Units Managed by State Conservation Agencies  
as of June 30, 2023**

Agency	Lead Management <sup>1</sup>		Additional Management <sup>2</sup>	
	Acreage	Units <sup>3</sup>	Acreage	Units <sup>3</sup>
Division of State Lands	-	-	292,619	148
Division of Recreation and Parks	813,586	175	8	1
Office of Coastal and Aquatic Managed Areas	59,127	6	5,115,961	46
Florida Forest Service	1,177,078	39	523,695	18
Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission	1,506,852	55	4,604,499	96
Division of Historical Resources	97	8	4	4
<b>Totals</b>	<b>3,556,740</b>	<b>283</b>	<b>10,536,786</b>	<b>313</b>

**Notes:**

<sup>1</sup> Predominately upland acres managed by a state conservation agency with primary on-the-ground management responsibilities. Mostly state-owned land titled to the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, but also includes substantial amount of land owned by other public entities (e.g., water management districts, federal government, etc.).

<sup>2</sup> Includes management units managed as: aquatic preserves (submerged lands); secondary manager (non-lead agency); conservation easements; or subleases to another agency for management. **Substantial acres reported in this column overlap with acreages reported under Lead Management, and with others under Additional Management** because more than one agency assists in the management of lands managed by another agency. Substantial portion of this land is not owned by the state, but is owned by the federal government, water management districts or private entities.

Notes for each agency:

- **DSL** oversees private sector management of conservation easements;
- **DRP** oversees management of sites subleased to local and federal governments for recreational trails;
- **CAMA** manages the aquatic preserves, estuarine research reserves and marine sanctuaries that are predominately submerged lands;
- **FFS** provides timber management for many sites and assists other agencies in developing timber management plans, etc.;
- **FWC** provides wildlife management and oversees hunting for other agencies; and
- **DHR** oversees management of sites subleased to counties, cities, etc. and assists other agencies in historical and archaeological resource management.

*Note: FWC's wildlife mitigation parks are reported under lead management.*

<sup>3</sup> A unit is a state park, state forest, state wildlife management area, state trail or other management unit.

**Agency Land Management Cost by Category**

**Agency Land Management Cost by Category  
Fiscal Year 2022-23**

Agency	Resource Management	Administration	Support	Capital Improvements	Visitor Services/ Recreation	Law Enforcement	Agency Totals
<b>DSL</b>	\$61,772	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	<b>\$61,772</b>
<i>% Total</i>	<i>100.00%</i>	<i>0.00%</i>	<i>0.00%</i>	<i>0.00%</i>	<i>0.00%</i>	<i>0.00%</i>	<i>100.00%</i>
<b>DRP</b>	\$16,868,664	\$28,221,194	\$11,830,744	\$40,552,840	\$69,412,008	\$0	<b>\$166,885,450</b>
<i>% Total</i>	<i>10.11%</i>	<i>16.91%</i>	<i>7.09%</i>	<i>24.30%</i>	<i>41.59%</i>	<i>0.00%</i>	<i>100.00%</i>
<b>CAMA</b>	\$406,375	\$824,371	\$614,210	\$1,967,175	\$1,218,090	\$0	<b>\$5,030,222</b>
<i>% Total</i>	<i>8.08%</i>	<i>16.39%</i>	<i>12.21%</i>	<i>39.11%</i>	<i>24.22%</i>	<i>0.00%</i>	<i>100.00%</i>
<b>FFS</b>	\$5,542,902	\$1,684,153	\$8,647,990	\$5,054,138	\$3,064,779	\$0	<b>\$23,993,962</b>
<i>% Total</i>	<i>23.10%</i>	<i>7.02%</i>	<i>36.04%</i>	<i>21.06%</i>	<i>12.77%</i>	<i>0.00%</i>	<i>100.00%</i>
<b>FWC</b>	\$19,647,798	\$3,121,750	\$7,531,329	\$7,412,410	\$1,126,570	\$15,185,239	<b>\$54,025,096</b>
<i>% Total</i>	<i>36.37%</i>	<i>5.78%</i>	<i>13.94%</i>	<i>13.72%</i>	<i>2.09%</i>	<i>28.11%</i>	<i>100.00%</i>
<b>DHR</b>	\$3,110,070	\$228,656	\$370,481	\$414,796	\$471,791	\$0	<b>\$4,595,793</b>
<i>% Total</i>	<i>67.67%</i>	<i>4.98%</i>	<i>8.06%</i>	<i>9.03%</i>	<i>10.27%</i>	<i>0.00%</i>	<i>100.00%</i>
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>\$45,637,580</b>	<b>\$34,080,125</b>	<b>\$28,994,755</b>	<b>\$55,401,359</b>	<b>\$75,293,238</b>	<b>\$15,185,239</b>	<b>\$254,592,295</b>
<i>% Total</i>	<i>17.93%</i>	<i>13.39%</i>	<i>11.39%</i>	<i>21.76%</i>	<i>29.57%</i>	<i>5.96%</i>	<i>100.00%</i>

**Agency Land Management Expenditures by Subcategories**

Agency Land Management Expenditures by Subcategories for Fiscal Year 2022-23												
Expense Category	CAMA		DRP		FFS		FWC		DIIR		Grand Totals	
	Expenditure	%	Expenditure	%	Expenditure	%	Expenditure	%	Expenditure	%	by Category	%
<b>Resource Management</b>												
Exotic Species Control	\$11,292		\$3,407,382		\$712,868		\$7,711,252		\$0		\$11,842,794	
Prescribed Burning	\$61,039		\$5,423,523		\$808,605		\$1,536,032		\$0		\$7,829,199	
Cultural Resource Management	\$6,298		\$1,212,173		\$16,556		\$180,200		\$3,110,070		\$4,525,296	
Timber Management	\$0		\$54,739		\$1,913,538		\$78,538		\$0		\$2,046,815	
Hydrological Management	\$3,227		\$687,673		\$107,734		\$1,061,565		\$0		\$1,860,199	
Other	\$324,520		\$6,083,174		\$1,983,601		\$9,080,210		\$0		\$17,471,505	
<b>Subtotal:</b>	\$406,375	8.08%	\$16,868,664	10.11%	\$5,542,902	23.10%	\$19,647,798	36.37%	\$3,110,070	67.67%	\$45,575,808	17.91%
<b>Administration</b>												
Central Office/Headquarters	\$5,189		\$26,059,516		\$0		\$2,872,356		\$228,656		\$29,165,717	
Districts/Regions	\$49,751		\$377,453		\$1,684,153		\$172,150		\$0		\$2,283,507	
Units/Projects	\$769,432		\$1,784,225		\$0		\$77,244		\$0		\$2,630,901	
<b>Subtotal:</b>	\$824,371	16.39%	\$28,221,194	16.91%	\$1,684,153	7.02%	\$3,121,750	5.78%	\$228,656	4.98%	\$34,080,125	13.39%
<b>Support</b>												
Land Management Planning	\$117,974		\$3,088,626		\$440,534		\$1,260,199		\$0		\$4,907,333	
Land Management Reviews	\$0		\$143,736		\$74,142		\$84,054		\$0		\$301,932	
Training/Staff Development	\$51,402		\$2,625,551		\$2,327,437		\$499,527		\$920		\$5,504,837	
Vehicle Purchase	\$347,953		\$608,219		\$91,178		\$2,761,975		\$332,302		\$4,141,627	
Vehicle Operation & Maintenance	\$96,880		\$2,514,055		\$4,213,382		\$2,679,794		\$37,259		\$9,541,370	
Other	\$0		\$2,850,557		\$1,501,317		\$245,781		\$0		\$4,597,655	
<b>Subtotal:</b>	\$614,210	12.21%	\$11,830,744	7.09%	\$8,647,990	36.04%	\$7,531,329	13.94%	\$370,481	8.06%	\$28,994,755	11.39%
<b>Capital Improvements</b>												
New Facility Construction	\$0		\$3,690,456		\$752,698		\$955,241		\$0		\$5,398,395	
Facility Maintenance	\$1,967,175		\$36,862,384		\$4,301,440		\$6,457,169		\$414,796		\$50,002,964	
<b>Subtotal:</b>	\$1,967,175	39.11%	\$40,552,840	24.30%	\$5,054,138	21.06%	\$7,412,410	13.72%	\$414,796	9.03%	\$55,401,359	21.77%
<b>Visitor Services/Recreation</b>												
Information/Education Programs	\$287,301		\$2,840,066		\$745,500		\$75,689		\$9,164		\$3,957,720	
Operations	\$930,789		\$66,571,942		\$2,319,279		\$1,050,881		\$462,627		\$71,335,517	
<b>Subtotal:</b>	\$1,218,090	24.22%	\$69,412,008	41.59%	\$3,064,779	12.77%	\$1,126,570	2.09%	\$471,791	10.27%	\$75,293,238	29.58%
<b>Law Enforcement</b>	\$0	0.00%	\$0	0.00%	\$0	0.00%	\$15,185,239	28.11%	\$0	0.00%	\$15,185,239	5.97%
<b>Grand Total Expenditures</b>	\$5,030,222	1.98%	\$166,885,450	65.57%	\$23,993,962	9.43%	\$54,025,096	21.23%	\$4,595,793	1.81%	\$254,530,523	

## Florida Department of Environmental Protection

### **Mission Statement**

The Florida Department of Environmental Protection protects, conserves and manages the state's natural resources and enforces its environmental laws.

### **Office of Coastal and Aquatic Managed Areas**

#### **Mission Statement**

Conserving, protecting, restoring and improving the resilience of Florida's ocean, coastal and aquatic resources for the benefit of people and the environment.

#### **Management Goals**

- Protect and restore natural and cultural resources.
- Increase biodiversity of listed species.
- Reduce targeted exotic plants and animals.
- Increase compatible public use of managed areas.
- Restore or maintain natural watershed function.

#### **Background and Significant Developments**

The Office of Coastal and Aquatic Managed Areas (CAMA) protects natural resources on state-owned sovereign submerged lands and coastal uplands through administration of the state's 42 Aquatic Preserves, three National Estuarine Research Reserves, Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary, and the Coral Reef Conservation Program. CAMA also oversees the Florida Coastal Management Program, Clean Boating Program, the Resilient Florida Program, the Outer Continental Shelf Program, the Coral Protection and Restoration Program, and the Beach and Inlet Management Program.

Aquatic Preserves are submerged lands of exceptional ecological character to be maintained in their natural or existing conditions for future generations. There are 42 Aquatic Preserves, coastal and freshwater sites, encompassing 2.6 million acres of sovereign submerged lands. National Estuarine Research Reserves were designated by joint action of the state and federal government through the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA). CAMA provides stewardship, education, training, research and monitoring programs at Florida's three National Estuarine Research Reserves (Apalachicola, Guana Tolomato Matanzas and Rookery Bay), as well as direct management of 54,012 acres of uplands. CAMA also manages an additional 5,115 acres of uplands adjacent to aquatic preserves (St. Joseph Bay State Buffer Preserve which was formerly included with Apalachicola National Estuarine Research Reserve, and two smaller sites). CAMA also oversees the organization and operation of several ecotourism activities that are hosted in some managed areas.

The Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary, established in 1990 by Congress, and confirmed by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, covers 2.3 million acres of state and federal submerged lands. The Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary contains unique and nationally significant marine resources, including the southern portion of the Florida Reef Tract

(the world's third largest barrier coral reef), extensive sea grass beds, mangrove-fringed islands and more than 6,000 species of marine life. CAMA leads state co-management efforts in the Sanctuary in partnership with the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission and NOAA.

The Coral Reef Conservation Program coordinates research and monitoring and develops management strategies that promotes partnerships to protect the northern portion of the Florida Reef Tract along the southeast Florida coast, pursuant to the U.S. Coral Reef Task Force's National Action Plan. The Coral Reef Conservation Program also implements Florida's Local Action Strategy, the Southeast Florida Coral Reef Initiative. The program leads response, assessment and restoration efforts and jointly oversees enforcement efforts for non-permitted reef resource injuries (vessel groundings, anchor and cable drags, etc.) in southeast Florida pursuant to the Florida Coral Reef Protection Act (section 403.93345, F.s.) and coordinates management efforts of the Kristin Jacobs Coral Reef Ecological Conservation Area.

The Coral Protection and Restoration Program was created to focus the state's protection of Florida's Coral Reef and the administration of funds appropriated from the Legislature for these critical efforts. The Coral Protection and Restoration Program provides leadership on coral reef-related national and state legislative issues, represents Florida on the U.S. Coral Reef Task Force and U.S. All Islands Coral Reef Committee and represents DEP on the Stony Coral Tissue Loss Disease leadership team.

The Florida Coastal Management Program is based on a network of agencies implementing 24 statutes that protect and enhance the state's natural, cultural and economic coastal resources. The goal of the program is to coordinate local, state and federal government activities using existing laws to ensure that Florida's coast is as valuable to future generations as it is today. CAMA is responsible for directing the implementation of the statewide coastal management program. The Florida Coastal Management Program provides funding to promote the protection and effective management of Florida's coastal resources at the local level through the Coastal Partnership Initiative grant program.

The Outer Continental Shelf Program is responsible for coordinating the state's review, oversight, monitoring and response efforts related to activities that occur in federal waters on the Outer Continental Shelf to ensure consistency with state laws and policies and that these activities do not adversely affect state resources. Reviews are conducted under federal laws, including the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act, Coastal Zone Management Act, National Environmental Policy Act, Deepwater Ports Act, Marine Protection, Research and Sanctuaries Act, Rivers and Harbors Act, Clean Air and Water Acts and the regulations that implement them.

The Clean Boating Program includes Clean Marina designations to bring awareness to marine facilities and boaters regarding environmentally friendly practices intended to protect and preserve Florida's natural environment. Marinas, boatyards and marine retailers receive clean designations by demonstrating a commitment to implementing and maintaining a host of best management practices. Via the Clean Boating Program, the Clean Vessel Act provides grants, with funding provided by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, for construction and installation of sewage pump out facilities and purchase of pump out boats and educational programs for boaters.

The Resilient Florida Program's mission is synergizing community resilience planning and natural

resource protection tools and funding to prepare Florida's coastline for the effects of climate change, especially rising sea levels. This program is working to ensure Florida's coastal communities are resilient and prepared for the effects of rising sea levels, including coastal flooding, erosion, and ecosystem changes. The program is synergizing community resilience planning and natural resource protection tools; providing funding and technical assistance to prepare Florida's coastal communities for sea level rise; and continuing to promote and ensure a coordinated approach to sea level rise planning among state, regional, and local agencies.

Healthy beaches and dune systems provide protection for upland development and critical infrastructure, preservation of critical wildlife habitat for threatened and endangered species, and a recreational space that drives the state's tourism industry and economy. In order to protect, preserve and manage Florida's valuable sandy beaches and adjacent coastal systems, the Legislature adopted the Florida Beach and Shore Preservation Act, Chapter 161, F.S., in 1986. The Act provides for the creation of a statewide, comprehensive beach management program that integrates coastal data acquisition, coastal engineering and geology, biological resource protection and analyses, funding initiatives and regulatory programs designed to protect Florida's coastal system both above and below the water line. This comprehensive approach allows DEP's Beaches Programs to collaborate with coastal communities to address erosion caused by managed inlets, imprudent construction, rising seas and storm impacts. DEP's Beaches Programs consist of the following: Beach Survey Services, Coastal Engineering and Geology Group, the Coastal Construction Control Line Program, the Beaches, Inlets and Ports Program and the Beach Management Funding Assistance Group. CAMA will seek to officially change the office's name to the Office of Resilience and Coastal Protection in an upcoming legislative session.

One tool for protection of Florida's significant waters has been the acquisition of coastal lands to buffer them from upland development. Where appropriate, CAMA manages these lands. CAMA manages 59,143 acres of uplands in its three NERRs, the state-owned uplands adjacent to the Pinellas County Aquatic Preserve, and the state-owned uplands adjacent to Gasparilla Sound-Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserve. These lands and waters have high value for low impact recreational activities, such as hiking, biking, nature appreciation, boating and fishing. Population growth has increased the demand for public outdoor recreation, contributed to the degradation of ecosystems, and made resource management of the protected lands and waters more challenging. Growth along Florida's coasts, along with its \$562 billion contribution to Florida's economy, makes protection of natural coastal areas particularly important. It is, therefore, essential that public and private entities work together for the restoration and protection of all state lands.

CAMA manages and restores submerged and upland resources through adaptive, science-based resource management programs such as prescribed burning, removal of invasive species, re-vegetation, and restoration of degraded habitats and water regimes. CAMA also conducts applied coastal research to contribute valuable knowledge that addresses CAMA's management program needs and those of the coastal and ocean science community at large. Some of CAMA's scientists have published key research in peer-reviewed journals, bringing the program into the national and international spotlight. CAMA works hand in hand with marine dependent private industry on issues important to their business base. Professional training and technical assistance are offered.

CAMA's submerged lands are not gated and do not have turnstiles. They are always open to the public for commercial and recreational use. CAMA's oversight of these lands enhances private industry and public recreation. For example, Biscayne Bay Aquatic Preserves' boundary runs from



Oleta River near Arch Creek in the north, down into Little Card Sound in Key Largo, not including Biscayne National Park. Biscayne Bay is Miami-Dade County's economic driver. The Biscayne Bay Economic Study (2005) showed the bay contributed \$13.7 billion in output, \$6.9 billion in income, 143,000 jobs and \$686 million in tax revenue for Miami-Dade.

Encouraging environmental stewardship in the community through education and outreach is as important to conservation as good resource management practices. CAMA has built state-of-the-art environmental learning and visitor centers at each of its three NERRs to conduct education and outreach programs.

During FY 2022-23, visitors to CAMA's four managed upland reserves generated 1,172 jobs, \$5.13 million in sales tax revenues and a total economic benefit of \$73.3 million to local communities. The total number of visitors dropped to 798,363 in FY 2022-23. Volunteer hours at CAMA's four upland reserves shot up to, to 71,999, demonstrating strong community support.

## **Division of Recreation and Parks**

### **Mission Statement**

The mission of the Division of Recreation and Parks (DRP) is to provide resource-based recreation while preserving, interpreting and restoring natural and cultural resources. The Division carries out this mission by making high quality outdoor recreation opportunities available to the public and by implementing a natural systems approach to resource management.

### **Background and Significant Developments**

During FY 2022-23, DRP managed 813,586 acres of land and water in 175 separate management units as part of Florida's state park system. The DRP was staffed by 1,039.5 Full Time Equivalent (FTE) positions. The operating budget for the state park system exceeded \$105 million and the capital improvement budget exceeded \$333 million. The 175 state parks and greenways and trails had an overall direct economic impact of over \$3.6 billion on local economies throughout the state in FY 2022-23. Over \$241 million was added to the state's general revenue fund in the form of state sales tax revenue, and approximately 50,427 jobs were supported as the result of the state parks and greenways and trails operations.

**Resource Management** – During FY 2022-23, DRP responded to Hurricanes Ian (September 28, 2022) and Nicole (November 9, 2022). These storms led to unprecedented damage to park facilities but also created flooded conditions for many months which hampered resource management efforts. Immediately after the storms, many of DRP's most skilled and experienced resource managers were serving on storm recovery strike teams which took them away from their planned resource management work. Ironically, 10 counties were under burn-bans due to drought in the third quarter. Despite these challenges, DRP conducted prescribed burns on 74,202 acres which is a 13% increase over FY 2021-22; DRP treated 6,937 infested acres of invasive plants, spread across 52,000 gross acres; and DRP completed 12 priority hydrologic restoration projects whereby improving 2,186 acres of wetland or aquatic habitats leading to improved water quality and wildlife habitat.

With regard to cultural resources, critical projects were funded, in part, by grants from the Division of Historical Resources including restoration of one set of carillon bells at Stephen Foster Folk

Culture Center State Park as well as preserving the last remaining structure from the historic community of Santos, located on the Marjorie Harris Carr Cross Florida Greenways State Recreation and Conservation Area. In addition, inspections were conducted to review damage caused by Hurricane Ian at Mound Key, Cayo Costa, Myakka River, and Koreshan State Parks. A project is also underway to enhance the interpretation at Fort Mose Historic State Park by the construction of a replica of the original Fort Mose on the park grounds.

For the coastal management of the 40 beach parks in the Florida Park Service, 13 State Parks were supported with beach nourishment projects in FY 2022-23 located across all five State Park Districts. For these projects, \$43,500,000 has been invested. Nourishment is performed to maintain critical habitat for imperiled plants and wildlife, as well as to provide quality visitor use areas. Beach nourishment needs can be challenging to predict as intense weather events often have significant effects on localized beach conditions. DRP land managers continue to utilize strategic partners to support long-term maintenance of coastal natural communities through cost-sharing and improved resource allocation.

**Visitor Services** - During FY 2022-23, over 28.7 million visitors enjoyed the state parks and greenways and trails, generating over \$82 million in revenues from user fees and concession activities. Since 1999, state park attendance has grown from 14.6 million to over 28.7 million, an overall increase of approximately 103%. This was the result of both increased marketing and promotion activities and the development of additional recreation facilities in the parks.

**Volunteers and Citizen Support** - In FY 2022-23 Florida State Parks hosted 5,113 regular service volunteers and 14,741 occasional service volunteers who contributed a combined total of 1,038,878 hours of service. The work performed in FY 2022-23 by these volunteers would have required an additional 500 full-time employees to accomplish. The value of the volunteer time to the State of Florida is \$33M based on the national value of each volunteer hour at \$31.80. In addition, in FY 2022-23 83 Citizen Support Organizations, non-profit, 501(c)(3) corporations assisted parks by fundraising and contributing more than \$4.2 million in capital improvements, equipment, and maintenance projects that Florida State Parks would not have had the financial ability to complete. That is a 17% increase in direct park support from the previous year.

**Staffing** - Since 1999, combined central office and field staffing increased by less than 2% (1,016.5 FTEs to 1039.5 FTEs). Greater use of volunteers and outsourcing, more aggressive pursuit of grants, increase in multiple parks administered by one park manager, and use of temporary or seasonal employees have helped supplement permanent park employees.

**Revenue** - Since 1999, the total revenue generated by the state parks increased from \$25.6 million to \$84.9 million, an increase of 332%.

## **Division of State Lands**

### **Mission Statement**

To acquire, conserve and manage Florida's critical state-owned lands titled to the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund.

## Background and Significant Developments

Although the DSL is not primarily a land managing agency, it is responsible for monitoring approximately 292,619 acres of conservation easements either purchased with Florida Forever and Preservation 2000 funds or obtained through other means such as donations and land exchanges. The Office of Environmental Services (OES) within DSL has contracts with the Florida Natural Areas Inventory (FNAI) to conduct site visits and produce monitoring reports.

In FY 2022-23, the state acquired eight (8) conservation easements to be monitored by DSL/OES:

- Fisheating Creek: Lykes Brothers
- Red Hills Conservation: GEM Land
- Etoniah/Cross Florida Greenway: Wetland Preserve, LLC
- Kissimmee-St. Johns River Connector: Abington Preserve, LLC
- Kissimmee-St. Johns River Connector: Crippen Properties, LLC
- Horse Creek Ranch: Carlton Horse Creek Ranch Partners, LLC
- Osceola Pine Savannas: Palmer W. Collins Trust
- Triple Diamond: Role Tran, LLC

In FY 2022-23, the DSL spent \$62,670 to monitor 31 of the 140 conservation easements and Green Swamp land protection agreements for a total of 48,154 acres. DSL monitors easements every 36 months.

## Florida Department of State

### Division of Historical Resources

#### Mission Statement

To identify, evaluate, manage, promote and protect the historical, archaeological and folk cultural resources of Florida. The DHR Director serves as Florida's State Historic Preservation Officer and acts as a liaison with the national historic preservation program of the National Park Service with the U.S. Department of the Interior. The DHR, formerly the Division of Archives, History and Records Management, was established in 1967.

#### Management Goals

- To protect Florida's known and potential historical and archaeological resources.
- Cooperate with agencies, groups and individuals in conducting comprehensive inventories of historical resources throughout the state.
- Implement a statewide comprehensive historic preservation plan.
- Identify all properties eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places.
- Ensure that historic resources are considered at all levels of planning and development.
- Establish and maintain an inventory of historic sites and properties known as the Florida Master Site File.
- Provide public information, education and technical assistance regarding historic preservation programs.
- Establish guidelines for state agency responsibilities relating to historic sites and properties in accordance with section 267.061(2), F.S.

## Background and Significant Developments

The DHR holds title to “all treasure trove, artifacts, and such objects having intrinsic or historical and archaeological value that have been abandoned on state-owned lands or state-owned sovereignty submerged lands” for administration and protection (section 267.061(1)(b), F.S.). The DHR’s Bureau of Archaeological Research (BAR) maintains state-owned artifact conservation and collections facilities at its Tallahassee office. At the end of FY 2022–23, these facilities maintained 680,634 inventory line items comprising well over 3.5 million individual artifacts at DHR, an increase of 9,019 from the previous year. A total of 82,774 inventory line items are currently on loan for exhibit and study to 97 unique institutions. This represents a decrease of 1,553 objects or groups of objects over the previous year.

DHR is also responsible for maintaining the database of recorded historical resources in state ownership in the Florida Master Site File. At the end of FY 2022–23, there were 12,435 historic properties recorded on state lands. This includes 9,226 archaeological sites, 1,898 historic buildings and structures; 150 historic cemeteries; 273 historic bridges, and 888 resource groups such as historic landscapes, canals, roads and railroads. Of these properties, 201 are listed in the National Register of Historic Places, and 17 have been designated as National Historic Landmarks. The Florida Master Site File is also the central state repository for reports and other manuscripts relevant to state-owned prehistoric and historic sites, including 5,558 field survey reports that occurred on state-owned lands.

Staff from the DHR’s Public Lands Archaeology Program (PLA) assesses state-owned lands to identify areas of archaeological sensitivity, conducts surveys to locate and record sites, prepares nominations of sites to the National Register of Historic Places, provides damage assessments on looted and vandalized sites, oversees the archaeological research permit program, and provides management recommendations for site preservation and protection. Since 1990, program staff has surveyed over 1.3 million acres of land on 284 state-managed properties and recorded or updated 1,565 archaeological and historical sites. During FY 2022–23, PLA conducted four damage assessments of vandalized archaeological sites on state lands. The cost of damage and restoration to state-owned property documented during these assessments was over \$173,000. PLA staff assist other state agencies with their historic preservation responsibilities by participating in an advisory capacity on Land Management Reviews, serving on Management Advisory Groups, and commenting on Unit Management Plans prior to their review by the Acquisition and Restoration Council. During FY 2022–23, PLA staff participated in 36 Land Management Reviews through the Cultural Resource Questionnaire, served on four Management Advisory Groups, and commented on nineteen draft Unit Management Plans.

The DHR is statutorily responsible for reviewing, issuing and monitoring permits for archaeological investigations on state lands by other entities (section 267.12, F.S.). During FY 2022–23, PLA staff reviewed 68 such permit applications. Additionally, the DHR is responsible for protecting unmarked human remains on state lands, including consultation with Native American tribes (section 872.05, F.S.). There are 635 sites with evidence of human remains on state lands, mostly Native American peoples.

Submerged cultural resources on state-owned and state-owned sovereignty submerged lands are also a focus of the DHR’s archaeology programs. Sovereign submerged lands under the state of Florida’s management total over 11,618,561 acres. At the end of FY 2022–23, there were 1,349

submerged cultural resources recorded with the Florida Master Site File, including submerged prehistoric sites, historic shipwrecks and dugout canoes. Fiscal year 2022-2023 provided BAR's Underwater Archaeologists an opportunity to engage in numerous professional presentations and conduct fieldwork. Staff presented a virtual lecture about submerged precontact archaeology in Florida for the University of Leiden, Netherlands. A presentation about how storms affect submerged archaeological sites was provided at Mission San Luis as part of History at High Noon. Staff also provided a lecture on state management of submerged resources to the University of Miami. Staff presented virtually on a submerged archaeological site in Florida at the hybrid International Sclerochronology Conference in Japan. A virtual, public presentation about isotope analysis at a submerged archaeological site in Florida was made to the Central Gulf Coast Archaeological Society; a similar presentation was made in person to the Panhandle Archaeological Society at Tallahassee. Staff attended the West Coast Inland Navigation District Annual Law Enforcement Training to discuss Florida's submerged cultural resources and the laws that protect them. BAR UW conducted multiple field sessions, including: a remote sensing survey around Dog Island, diver survey of a portion of the Wakulla River, recovery of two vernacular watercraft in the Dead Lakes, survey of two exposed vessels off Daytona Beach Shores, and a phase II target testing survey with sediment core collection around Dog Island. BAR UW closed out one grant and wrote six reports over the span of the year.

The DHR designs and conducts an archaeological and historic site training program for state lands management personnel in other agencies. The Public Lands Archaeology program trains state agency staff in protecting and preserving historical resources through the Archaeological Resource Management (ARM) training program. Those who take the training receive a certificate to conduct monitoring activities in accordance with review and compliance recommendations, thereby reducing the time and money spent to comply with state regulations. During FY 2022–23, seven ARM training opportunities were offered, with 641 participants. Public Lands Archaeology staff also conduct cultural resources training seminars for Law Enforcement agencies. During FY 2022–23, three of these seminars were conducted for state and local agencies, reaching 137 individuals.

### **Cost Savings to Land Managing Agencies**

DHR's programs for archaeological site surveys and assessments on state lands, curation of state-owned artifacts, and training programs for state land managers have resulted in significant savings to state land managing agencies such as the CAMA, the OGT, the DRP, the FFS and the FWC. As demonstrated in the totals reported to the Land Management Uniform Accounting Council, the amounts spent by these agencies for Cultural Resources Management comprise a small fraction of their overall expenditures. Archaeological reconnaissance surveys, site damage assessments and artifact curation are services that do not have to be contracted by the land managing agencies because DHR provides these services to them. Also, the DHR training programs prepare state land managers to handle certain cultural resource issues without direct involvement of state or private archaeologists, likewise saving agency costs. Davis Productivity Awards in 2007, 2008 and 2010 recognized the DHR's training programs for cost savings to land managing agencies of almost \$900,000.

## **Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission**

### **Mission Statement**

To manage fish and wildlife resources for their long-term well-being and the benefit of people.

### **Land Management Goals**

- To achieve and maintain the natural diversity, abundance, and distribution of wildlife.
- To provide uses of wildlife on an optimum, sustained-use basis.
- To maintain, increase, and ensure the abundance and/or distribution of threatened and endangered wildlife to the point they are no longer threatened or endangered.
- To increase the awareness, appreciation, and understanding of wildlife and its needs by Florida's residents and visitors.
- To increase the enjoyment of wildlife by Florida's residents and visitors.
- To maintain healthy wildlife populations at levels compatible with their requisite habitats, surrounding land uses and public demands for wildlife-related recreation.

### **Background and Significant Developments**

The FWC came into existence on July 1, 1999, as the result of a constitutional amendment proposed by the Constitution Revision Commission and approved by Florida voters in the 1998 General Election. In 2022-2023 FWC managed 6,111,351 acres established as Wildlife Management Areas, Wildlife and Environmental Areas, Public Waterfowl Areas, Public Use Areas, Fish Management Areas or Public Small Game Hunting Areas. FWC has lead management responsibility for 55 managed areas totaling 1,506,852 acres, and the balance of this land base (4,604,499 acres) is state, water management district, federal and private lands in FWC's management area system.

FWC provides natural resource management expertise, public use administration and law enforcement for all areas within the management area system. FWC integrates scientific data with habitat management techniques to develop and implement conservation strategies necessary to sustain the natural biodiversity of Florida. Conservation efforts are focused on an ecosystem or landscape scale to provide for the greatest benefits to the widest possible array of fish and wildlife species. Public use administration encompasses the administration of hunting and fishing seasons on all areas within the management area system as well as all other public use activities on the FWC lead areas. Law enforcement efforts encompass all conservation lands within the state of Florida.

During FY 2022-23, over \$1.7 million in revenue was derived from various activities on 25 different areas. Activities generating revenue included day use fees, grazing leases, timber harvest, citrus harvest, farming leases, and a campground concessionaire.

Volunteers are an important component to completing many projects on several of the FWC lead areas. For the FY 2022-23 fiscal year, there were 12,018 volunteer hours expended with an estimated value of \$382,166.

### **Invasive Plant Management**

The Invasive Plant Management Section (IPMS) is housed within the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC), the section's programs direct significant staff and monetary resources to controlling and eradicating invasive exotic plants on lands managed by other public agencies. In FY 2022-2023, the IPMS spent the following for management of terrestrial invasive exotic plants on public conservation land:

MANAGER	COST	ACRES
<b>Cities</b>	\$372,145	721
<b>Counties</b>	\$2,228,334	9,934
<b>Local Total</b>	<b>\$2,600,479</b>	<b>10,656</b>
<b>DEP<sup>1</sup></b>	\$255,994	662
<b>FFS</b>	\$874,319	7,152
<b>FPS</b>	\$1,426,064	38,082
<b>FWC<sup>2</sup></b>	0	0
<b>Universities<sup>3</sup></b>	\$192,392	878
<b>WMD<sup>4</sup></b>	\$3,822,446	400,773
<b>State Total</b>	<b>\$6,571,214</b>	<b>447,548</b>
<b>BIA<sup>5</sup></b>	0	0
<b>DOD<sup>6</sup></b>	0	0
<b>NPS</b>	<b>\$717,809</b>	<b>4,303</b>
<b>USDA<sup>7</sup></b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>USFS<sup>8</sup></b>	437	50,762
<b>USFWS<sup>1</sup></b>	\$345,448	2,350
<b>Federal Total</b>	<b>\$1,114,049</b>	<b>7,091</b>
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>\$10,285,743</b>	<b>465,295</b>

The IPMS also expended approximately \$4,363,712 managing aquatic plants in FWC Fish Management Areas and an additional \$15,410,754 managing aquatic plants in other public water bodies. Public water bodies are state-owned waters with improved boat ramps that are open to the public.

**Law Enforcement**

FWC’s Division of Law Enforcement is responsible for protecting Florida’s natural resources, including fish, wildlife and the environment, while providing a safe atmosphere for residents and visitors to recreate. FWC officers have full police powers and statewide jurisdiction. They patrol rural, wilderness and inshore and offshore areas and are often the sole law enforcement presence in many remote parts of the state. These areas include FWC managed lands, State Forests and State Parks. For FY 2022-23 FWC spent \$15,185,239 for law enforcement activities on lead managed areas, \$42,745,550 on non-lead areas established within the Wildlife Management Area system and \$5,243,431 on State Parks and State Forests not established within the Wildlife Management Area system.

**Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services**

**Florida Forest Service**

**Mission Statement**

Protect Florida and its people from the dangers of wildland fire and manage Florida's forest resources through a stewardship ethic to ensure that these resources are available for future generations.

### **State Forest Management Goals**

- Practice sustainable forest management for the efficient generation of revenue and in support of state forest management objectives.
- Provide resource-based outdoor recreation opportunities for multiple interests.
- Restore and manage healthy forests and native ecosystems ensuring the long-term viability of populations and species listed as endangered, threatened or rare, and other components of biological diversity including game and nongame wildlife and plants.
- Protect known archaeological, historical, cultural and paleontological resources.
- Restore, maintain and protect hydrological functions related to water resources and the health of associated wetland and aquatic communities.
- Provide research and educational opportunities related to natural resource management.

### **Background and Significant Developments**

The FFS has been in existence since 1928. State forest management first began in 1936 with the establishment of the original 6,911-acre Pine Log State Forest in Washington County and Bay County. Additional acquisitions brought the total state forest system acreage to 305,625 by the late 1950s. Through the Preservation 2000 program in the 1990s and Florida Forever in the 2000s, the state forest system has expanded from 11 state forests totaling 349,465 acres, to 38 state forests and a working cattle ranch (Babcock Ranch Preserve) with 1,177,078 acres as of June 30, 2023.

FFS has been designated as a multiple-use land managing agency. FFS's expertise in habitat restoration, prescribed fire, silvicultural management, and resource-based recreation has prepared the agency to assume management responsibilities for these properties. FFS receives management funds from the Land Acquisition Trust Fund for implementing management activities including silvicultural activities, road maintenance, prescribed burning, reforestation, forest restoration, public recreation, and protection of listed flora and fauna. In 2015, Blackwater River State Forest and Tate's Hell State Forest were certified and in 2018 John M. Bethea, Four Creeks and Jennings State Forests were certified to the 2015-2019 Forest Management Standard within the Sustainable Forestry Initiative (SFI) program by NSF International, a third-party certification company. Recently, these forests were certified to the SFI 2022 Forest Management Standard promoting sustainable forestry based on 13 Principles, 17 Objectives, and 41 Performance Measures. These requirements include measures to protect water quality, biodiversity, wildlife habitat, threatened and endangered species and Forests with Exceptional Conservation Value. Through the SFI program, FFS is committed to continuously improve responsible forest management by meeting or exceeding applicable water quality laws and regulations, with measures to manage and protect water, wetlands, and riparian zones, as well as continuing evaluation of habitat and biodiversity impacts from forest activities.

The FFS is responsible not only for land management, but it is also the lead governmental agency in Florida responsible for wildfire mitigation and suppression, for both non-federal public and private lands, totaling over 24 million acres. In addition to wildfire suppression, FFS is responsible for issuing all prescribed fire authorizations statewide, managing an established wildland fire



training center for the public and private sector (Basic Fire Control Training, Certified Pile Burning Training, National Wildfire Coordinating Group Training), providing certification courses for prescribed fire managers, providing “Firewise” wildfire mitigation courses for urban communities, and conducting wildland-urban interface wildfire threat mitigation. Additionally, FFS provides disaster support to the State of Florida for all-hazard emergency incidents and provides wildland fire support to other states across the nation. During the period covered by this report, FFS conducted 131,628 acres of prescribed fire on conservation lands it manages. FFS also responded to 2,444 wildland fires on public and private properties that impacted over 64,415 acres. FFS issued 82,715 prescribed burn authorizations across the state of Florida in FY 2022-23 for a total of 2,133,620 acres, many of which are state-owned conservation lands.

FFS provides expertise to other agencies in silvicultural management to oversee timber harvesting, fire management, reforestation, insect pest problems, and related activities. Since 1999, the Florida Legislature has required all land management agencies to assess the potential for timber management on managed properties over 1,000 acres. FFS assists other state agencies, as well as municipal agencies, in this assessment.

FFS operates under the budget that provides for management of the state forests, and wildfire control on publicly and privately-owned forest land (over 24 million acres). This includes FFS-managed lands listed in this report. The annual cost of wildfire protection provided by FFS on other state-owned lands that are not FFS-managed was approximately \$9,391,369. This cost is not incorporated into FFS land management figures in this report.

During FY 2022-23, FFS reforested 1,120 acres on FFS-managed state forests, conducted prescribed burns on 131,628 acres, and harvested 174,895 tons of timber on FFS-managed state forests with an estimated economic benefit of approximately \$268 million, treated over 14,874 acres of non-native invasive plants and maintained approximately 3,327 miles of roads available for public access on FFS-managed lands. The FFS actively utilizes available inmate labor. Inmate crews provided over 19,200 hours of work. Volunteers are important assets to the FFS, with 741 active volunteers providing over 55,370 hours of services during FY 2022-23. The FFS provided public access for over 19,334,717 visitors for recreational and educational opportunities on the State Forests. The State Forest visitors had an estimated economic benefit of \$694,378,312 to local communities.

The annual LMUAC report does not reflect all expenditures related to the management of public lands performed by the FFS. During FY 2022-23, FFS received appropriations derived from the Land Acquisition Trust Fund. Expenditures made in support of land management efforts on public lands which are not included in this report are salaries and benefits, operating and contractual services for public lands, the repair or replacement of aging land management equipment, reforestation of public lands, the Prescribed Burn Assistance Program to promote prescribed burns on public lands throughout the state by various land management agencies, the Invasive Species Program, and recreation improvements on FFS State Forests. Land Management Funding Analysis

Management Funding Analysis for Fiscal Year 2022-23 [section 259.037(3)(b)2, F.S.]											
Legislative Budget Codes		CAMA		DRP		FFS		FWC		DHR	
		Total Budget	Public Land Management	Total Budget	Public Land Management	Total Budget	Public Land Management	Total Budget	Public Land Management	Total Budget	Public Land Management
Salaries & Benefits	Requested	\$17,225,716	\$17,225,716	\$58,431,256	\$58,431,256	\$85,442,103	\$17,355,493	\$174,325,892	\$63,729,751	\$3,721,628	\$1,998,049
	Received	\$17,225,716	\$17,225,716	\$58,669,035	\$58,669,035	\$85,442,103	\$17,355,493	\$182,300,404	\$63,729,751	\$3,721,628	\$1,998,049
Other Personal Services (OPS)	Requested	\$2,303,742	\$2,303,742	\$7,074,770	\$7,074,770	\$2,275,980	\$486,099	\$14,637,199	\$1,207,899	\$1,585,049	\$800,454
	Received	\$2,303,742	\$2,303,742	\$8,065,484	\$8,065,484	\$2,275,980	\$486,099	\$15,005,404	\$1,207,899	\$1,585,049	\$800,454
Expense	Requested	\$2,394,482	\$2,394,482	\$14,603,685	\$14,603,685	\$14,167,912	\$4,477,114	\$31,095,503	\$6,006,363	\$2,229,657	\$808,144
	Received	\$2,394,482	\$2,394,482	\$14,634,540	\$14,634,540	\$14,167,912	\$4,477,114	\$31,502,830	\$6,006,363	\$2,229,657	\$808,144
Operating Capital Outlay (OCO)	Requested	\$16,000	\$16,000	\$85,986	\$85,986	\$850,074	\$225,005	\$691,014	\$151,675	\$40,625	\$26,375
	Received	\$16,000	\$16,000	\$85,986	\$85,986	\$850,074	\$225,005	\$682,238	\$151,675	\$40,625	\$26,375
<b>Special Categories</b>											
Grants and Donations [1]	Requested	\$4,204,908	\$4,204,908	\$1,717,984	\$1,717,984	\$1,509,282	\$0	\$61,781,379	\$11,580,441	\$0	\$0
	Received	\$4,204,908	\$4,204,908	\$1,717,984	\$1,717,984	\$1,509,282	\$0	\$61,781,379	\$11,580,441	\$0	\$0
Land Management [2]	Requested	\$890,129	\$890,129	\$5,205,401	\$5,205,401	\$14,902,162	\$0	\$71,333,787	\$36,971,013	\$500,000	\$370,324
	Received	\$890,129	\$890,129	\$5,395,401	\$5,395,401	\$14,902,162	\$0	\$65,232,405	\$36,971,013	\$500,000	\$370,324
Motor Vehicles	Requested	\$447,000	\$447,000	\$1,431,000	\$1,431,000	\$17,158,809	\$0	\$14,413,094	\$6,130,248	\$332,390	\$332,302
	Received	\$447,000	\$447,000	\$1,431,000	\$1,431,000	\$17,158,809	\$0	\$11,188,506	\$6,130,248	\$332,390	\$332,302
Human Resources/ Overtime/Op. Incentive	Requested	\$75,015	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$478,468	\$0	\$4,003,092	\$1,480,592	\$0	\$0
	Received	\$75,015	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$478,468	\$0	\$3,938,345	\$1,480,592	\$0	\$0
Contracted Services/ Outsourcing	Requested	\$2,684,443	\$2,684,443	\$6,686,706	\$6,686,706	\$2,926,771	\$959,243	\$19,921,700	\$4,464,310	\$525,806	\$342,853
	Received	\$2,684,443	\$2,684,443	\$6,688,706	\$6,688,706	\$2,926,771	\$959,243	\$22,570,198	\$4,464,310	\$525,806	\$342,853
Other [3]	Requested	\$16,534,029	\$16,534,029	\$4,850,538	\$4,850,538	\$27,046,341	\$0	\$32,698,643	\$2,574,997	\$34,746	\$0
	Received	\$16,534,029	\$16,534,029	\$4,850,538	\$4,850,538	\$27,046,341	\$0	\$33,025,269	\$2,574,997	\$34,746	\$0
Risk Mgmt. Insurance	Requested	\$102,555	\$102,555	\$2,728,196	\$2,728,196	\$2,411,040	\$316,184	\$5,217,878	\$1,262,435	\$49,504	\$39,685
	Received	\$102,555	\$102,555	\$2,728,196	\$2,728,196	\$2,411,040	\$316,184	\$5,075,959	\$1,262,435	\$49,504	\$39,685
Surcharge Fees & Transfer to DMS/DCA/FCI	Requested	\$0	\$0	\$1,132,729	\$1,132,729	\$374,124	\$175,063	\$662,261	\$0	\$16,893	\$0
	Received	\$0	\$0	\$1,133,951	\$1,133,951	\$374,124	\$175,063	\$815,140	\$0	\$16,893	\$0
<b>Total Operating Budget</b>	<b>Requested</b>	<b>\$46,878,019</b>	<b>\$46,803,004</b>	<b>\$103,948,251</b>	<b>\$103,948,251</b>	<b>\$169,543,066</b>	<b>\$23,994,201</b>	<b>\$430,781,442</b>	<b>\$135,559,723</b>	<b>\$9,036,298</b>	<b>\$4,718,186</b>
	<b>Received</b>	<b>\$46,878,019</b>	<b>\$46,803,004</b>	<b>\$105,400,821</b>	<b>\$105,400,821</b>	<b>\$169,543,066</b>	<b>\$23,994,201</b>	<b>\$433,118,077</b>	<b>\$135,559,723</b>	<b>\$9,036,298</b>	<b>\$4,718,186</b>
<b>Non-Operating Budget</b>											
Transfers to other agencies [4]	Requested	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$38,065,020	\$0	\$800,000	\$469,958
	Received	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$38,065,020	\$0	\$800,000	\$469,958
General Revenue Service Charge	Requested	\$0	\$0	\$8,000,000	\$8,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$5,554,896	\$0	\$18,000	\$1,582
	Received	\$0	\$0	\$8,000,000	\$8,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$5,554,896	\$0	\$18,000	\$1,582
Other [5]	Requested	\$0	\$0	\$76,591,643	\$76,591,643	\$0	\$0	\$177,370,777	\$0	\$0	\$0
	Received	\$0	\$0	\$76,591,643	\$76,591,643	\$0	\$0	\$177,370,777	\$0	\$0	\$0
<b>Total Operating + Non-Operating</b>	<b>Requested</b>	<b>\$46,878,019</b>	<b>\$46,803,004</b>	<b>\$188,539,894</b>	<b>\$188,539,894</b>	<b>\$169,543,066</b>	<b>\$23,994,201</b>	<b>\$651,772,135</b>	<b>\$135,559,723</b>	<b>\$9,854,298</b>	<b>\$5,189,726</b>
	<b>Received</b>	<b>\$46,878,019</b>	<b>\$46,803,004</b>	<b>\$189,992,464</b>	<b>\$189,992,464</b>	<b>\$169,543,066</b>	<b>\$23,994,201</b>	<b>\$654,108,770</b>	<b>\$135,559,723</b>	<b>\$9,854,298</b>	<b>\$5,189,726</b>
<b>Fixed Capital Outlay Budget</b>											
Capital Improvement (new)	Requested	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$680,000	\$0	\$24,484,787	\$3,600,000	\$15,732,000	\$0
	Received	\$0	\$0	\$86,126,524	\$86,126,524	\$680,000	\$0	\$49,414,914	\$3,600,000	\$15,732,000	\$0
Facility & Disaster Repairs	Requested	\$716,500	\$716,500	\$45,000,000	\$45,000,000	\$8,384,964	\$4,894,964	\$6,176,031	\$0	\$1,932,000	\$43,040
	Received	\$716,500	\$716,500	\$180,375,456	\$180,375,456	\$8,384,964	\$4,894,964	\$743,000	\$0	\$1,932,000	\$43,040
Other [6]	Requested	\$41,332,000	\$832,000	\$43,260,000	\$43,260,000	\$93,788,361	\$0	\$0	\$464,080	\$0	\$0
	Received	\$41,332,000	\$832,000	\$67,206,968	\$67,206,968	\$93,788,361	\$0	\$8,951,080	\$464,080	\$0	\$0
<b>Total Fixed Capital Outlay</b>	<b>Requested</b>	<b>\$42,048,500</b>	<b>\$1,548,500</b>	<b>\$88,260,000</b>	<b>\$88,260,000</b>	<b>\$102,853,325</b>	<b>\$4,894,964</b>	<b>\$30,660,818</b>	<b>\$4,064,080</b>	<b>\$17,664,000</b>	<b>\$43,040</b>
	<b>Received</b>	<b>\$42,048,500</b>	<b>\$1,548,500</b>	<b>\$333,708,948</b>	<b>\$333,708,948</b>	<b>\$102,853,325</b>	<b>\$4,894,964</b>	<b>\$59,108,994</b>	<b>\$4,064,080</b>	<b>\$17,664,000</b>	<b>\$43,040</b>

Notes:  
 [1] Includes: AmeriCorps and Disbursing Donations for DRP; Federal Grants for FFS.  
 [2] Also includes: Land Management, Greenways Land Management, & Control of Invasive Exotics for DRP.  
 [3] Special Categories 'Other' includes: Boats/vessels for CAMA; Data processing for DHR; Land Use Proceeds & Management of Water Control Structures for DRP.  
 [4] Non-Operating Transfers include: Distribution of surcharge fees and HR transfers to DMS for DRP.  
 [5] Non-Operating 'Other' includes: Transfers to Working Capital and Administrative Trust Funds, Purchase of Investments, Refunds, Non-State Revenues, Payment of Sales Tax and Payments Revolving Funds.  
 [6] Fixed Capital Outlay 'Other' includes: Grant Spending Authority; Grant Program Funding, and Local Parks for DRP; Florida Forever funding for FFS.

## Public Use Opportunities for Each Unit of State-Managed Conservation Land

Public Use Opportunities for Each Unit of State-Managed Conservation Land [section 259.037(3)(b)1, F.S.]

Management Unit	Lead Agency	Total Acres	Nature Study	Hiking	Bicycling	Horseback Riding	Canoeing/Kayaking	Motorized-OHV*	Picnicking	Freshwater Swimming	Saltwater Swimming	Freshwater Boating	Saltwater Boating	Freshwater Fishing	Saltwater Fishing	Hunting	RV/Tent Camping	Primitive Camping	Cabin Lodging	Arch./Historic Site	Museum/Interp. Bldg.	Costs for Rec./Visitor Services	
Apalachicola National Estuarine Research Reserve	CAMA	6,931	•	•			•		•		•		•		•	•		•		•	•	\$32,203	
Coral Creek Preserve	CAMA	12	•										•		•								\$0
Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve	CAMA	3,592	•	•	•	•	•		•		•		•	•	•						•	•	\$105,849
Lake Tarpon Floodplain Preserve	CAMA	76	•																				\$0
Rookery Bay National Estuarine Research Reserve	CAMA	43,489	•	•	•		•		•		•		•		•						•	•	\$38,014
St. Joseph Bay State Buffer Preserve	CAMA	5,027	•	•	•	•	•		•					•							•	•	\$0
Brokaw-McDougal House	DHR	3																			•	•	\$69,033
Martin House	DHR	5																			•	•	\$33,731
Mission San Luis	DIIR	63							•												•	•	\$16,478
Mount Royal Mound	DHR	2																			•	•	\$833
San Damian de Escambe	DIIR	12																			•	•	\$0
The Grove	DHR	10																			•	•	\$29,057
Velda Mound	DHR	2							•												•	•	\$0
Addison Blockhouse Historic State Park	DRP	148	•																				\$0
Alafia River State Park	DRP	7,718	•	•	•	•	•		•					•			•	•					\$464,273
Alfred B. Maclay Gardens State Park	DRP	1,170	•	•	•	•	•		•	•				•							•	•	\$511,867
Allen David Broussard Catfish Creek Preserve State Park	DRP	8,329	•	•		•	•		•														\$35,406
Amelia Island State Park	DRP	236	•			•	•		•						•								\$87,285
Anastasia State Park	DRP	1,593	•	•	•		•		•		•				•		•				•	•	\$1,049,045
Anclote Key Preserve State Park	DRP	12,210	•						•				•		•				•		•	•	\$45,639
Atlantic Ridge Preserve State Park	DRP	4,886	•																				\$73,398
Avalon State Park	DRP	658	•	•			•		•		•				•								\$75,280
Bahia Honda State Park	DRP	497	•	•	•		•		•		•				•				•	•	•	•	\$957,840
Bald Point State Park	DRP	12,152	•	•	•		•		•				•		•						•	•	\$154,865
Big Lagoon State Park	DRP	707	•	•			•		•				•		•		•					•	\$529,244
Big Shoals State Park	DRP	1,681	•	•	•	•	•		•					•									\$55,915
Big Talbot Island State Park	DRP	1,680	•	•	•		•		•				•		•						•	•	\$47,282
Bill Baggs Cape Florida State Park	DRP	506	•	•	•		•		•		•		•		•				•		•	•	\$1,033,451
Blackwater Heritage State Trail	DRP	308	•	•	•	•			•														\$88,409
Blackwater River State Park	DRP	636	•	•	•		•		•	•				•			•						\$228,639
Blue Spring State Park	DRP	2,659	•	•	•		•		•	•		•		•			•		•	•	•	•	\$734,756
Bulow Creek State Park	DRP	5,709	•	•	•		•		•												•	•	\$0
Bulow Plantation Ruins Historic State Park	DRP	148	•	•	•		•		•			•		•							•	•	\$26,605
Caladesi Island State Park	DRP	2,420	•	•	•		•		•		•		•		•						•	•	\$256,041
Camp Helen State Park	DRP	190	•	•	•		•		•		•	•	•	•	•						•	•	\$209,241
Cayo Costa State Park	DRP	2,671	•	•	•		•		•		•		•		•			•	•	•	•	•	\$274,039
Cedar Key Museum State Park	DRP	19	•	•																		•	\$68,334
Cedar Key Scrub State Reserve	DRP	6,784	•	•	•	•	•		•							•							\$0
Charlotte Harbor Preserve State Park	DRP	45,445	•	•			•		•				•		•						•	•	\$182,036
Cockroach Bay Preserve State Park	DRP	615	•				•																\$0

Public Use Opportunities for Each Unit of State-Managed Conservation Land [section 259.037(3)(b)1, F.S.]

Management Unit	Lead Agency	Total Acres	Nature Study	Hiking	Bicycling	Horseback Riding	Canoeing/Kayaking	Motorized-OHV*	Picnicking	Freshwater Swimming	Saltwater Swimming	Freshwater Boating	Saltwater Boating	Freshwater Fishing	Saltwater Fishing	Hunting	RV/Tent Camping	Primitive Camping	Cabin Lodging	Arch./Historic Site	Museum/Interp. Bldg.	Costs for Rec. /Visitor Services
Collier-Seminole State Park	DRP	7,271	•	•	•		•		•			•	•	•	•		•	•		•	•	\$520,093
Colt Creek State Park	DRP	5,067	•	•	•	•	•		•			•					•	•				\$332,718
Constitution Convention Museum State Park	DRP	13																		•	•	\$50,214
Crystal River Archaeological State Park	DRP	61	•						•											•	•	\$143,951
Crystal River Preserve State Park	DRP	27,679	•	•	•		•								•							\$253,565
Curry Hammock State Park	DRP	1,056	•	•	•		•		•				•				•					\$397,577
Dade Battlefield Historic State Park	DRP	121	•	•					•											•		\$216,958
Dagny Johnson Key Largo Hammock Botanical State Park	DRP	2,600	•	•	•				•													\$49,473
De Leon Springs State Park	DRP	625	•	•			•		•	•		•		•						•	•	\$443,434
Deer Lake State Park	DRP	2,009	•	•					•		•				•							\$67,388
Delnor-Wiggins Pass State Park	DRP	200	•	•			•		•		•		•		•					•	•	\$491,553
Devil's Millhopper Geological State Park	DRP	67	•	•					•												•	\$101,446
Don Pedro Island State Park	DRP	252	•	•			•		•		•		•		•						•	\$86,175
Dr. Julian G. Bruce St. George Island State Park	DRP	2,073	•	•	•		•		•		•		•		•		•	•			•	\$657,948
Dr. Von D. Mizell-Eula Johnson State Park	DRP	313	•	•			•		•		•		•		•					•		\$941,642
Dudley Farm Historic State Park	DRP	333	•	•					•											•	•	\$142,616
Dunns Creek State Park	DRP	6,350	•	•	•	•			•											•		\$72,874
Econfina River State Park	DRP	4,585	•	•	•	•	•		•			•							•			\$4,561
Eden Gardens State Park	DRP	161	•	•	•		•		•				•		•					•	•	\$115,289
Edward Ball Wakulla Springs State Park	DRP	6,781	•	•	•	•			•	•									•	•	•	\$630,410
Egmont Key State Park	DRP	294	•	•					•		•		•		•					•	•	\$63,140
Ellie Schiller Homosassa Springs Wildlife State Park	DRP	201	•	•					•													\$1,011,476
Estero Bay Preserve State Park	DRP	11,383	•	•	•		•						•									\$67,483
Fakahatchee Strand Preserve State Park	DRP	79,754	•	•	•		•															\$239,315
Falling Waters State Park	DRP	166	•	•					•	•							•				•	\$220,771
Fanning Springs State Park	DRP	197	•	•			•		•	•		•			•			•	•		•	\$259,197
Faver-Dykes State Park	DRP	6,028	•	•	•		•		•			•	•		•		•	•				\$221,503
Fernandina Plaza Historic State Park	DRP	1	•																	•		\$0
Florida Caverns State Park	DRP	1,450	•	•	•	•	•		•		•	•	•				•	•		•	•	\$521,281
Florida Keys Overseas Heritage Trail	DRP	775	•	•	•		•		•		•	•		•						•		\$412,050
Forest Capital Museum State Park	DRP	10							•												•	\$49,099
Fort Clinch State Park	DRP	2,220	•	•	•				•		•				•		•	•		•	•	\$760,970
Fort Cooper State Park	DRP	708	•	•					•					•				•	•	•	•	\$148,037
Fort George Island Cultural State Park	DRP	821	•	•	•		•		•			•	•		•					•	•	\$37,511
Fort Mose Historic State Park	DRP	41	•						•											•		\$29,622
Fort Pierce Inlet State Park (includes Jack Island)	DRP	714	•	•	•		•		•		•				•			•				\$420,774
Fort Zachary Taylor Historic State Park	DRP	56	•	•	•		•		•		•				•					•	•	\$545,200
Fred Gannon Rocky Bayou State Park	DRP	347	•	•	•		•		•		•	•	•	•	•		•					\$264,294
Gainesville-to-Hawthorne State Trail	DRP	140																				\$0

Public Use Opportunities for Each Unit of State-Managed Conservation Land [section 259.037(3)(b)1, F.S.]

Management Unit	Lead Agency	Total Acres	Nature Study	Hiking	Bicycling	Horseback Riding	Canoeing/Kayaking	Motorized-OHV's	Picnicking	Freshwater Swimming	Saltwater Swimming	Freshwater Boating	Saltwater Boating	Freshwater Fishing	Saltwater Fishing	Hunting	RV/Tent Camping	Primitive Camping	Cabin Lodging	Arch./Historic Site	Museum/Interp. Bldg.	Costs for Rec. /Visitor Services	
Gamble Rogers Memorial State Recreation Area at Flagler Beach	DRP	134	•	•	•		•		•		•		•		•		•				•	\$545,837	
Gasparilla Island State Park	DRP	127	•	•	•		•		•		•				•						•	•	\$323,415
General James A. Van Fleet State Trail	DRP	422	•	•	•	•			•														\$156,234
George Crady Bridge Fishing Pier State Park	DRP	111	•												•								\$0
Grayton Beach State Park	DRP	2,187	•	•	•		•		•	•	•	•	•		•		•		•				\$808,283
Haw Creek Preserve State Park	DRP	3,062	•									•											\$0
Henderson Beach State Park	DRP	228	•	•	•						•				•								\$543,407
Highlands Hammock State Park	DRP	9,238	•	•	•				•						•		•	•			•	•	\$619,071
Hillsborough River State Park	DRP	3,319	•	•	•		•		•	•							•	•			•	•	\$933,276
Honeymoon Island State Park	DRP	2,825	•	•	•		•		•		•	•	•		•								\$1,077,989
Hontoon Island State Park	DRP	1,654	•	•	•		•				•	•		•				•	•	•	•	•	\$193,007
Hugh Taylor Birch State Park	DRP	163	•	•	•				•		•				•		•	•			•	•	\$620,155
Ichetucknee Springs State Park	DRP	2,532	•	•			•		•	•													\$509,161
Ichetucknee Trace	DRP	822	•																				\$0
Indian Key Historic State Park	DRP	111	•	•			•				•		•								•	•	\$0
Indian River Lagoon Preserve State Park	DRP	564	•																				\$0
John D. MacArthur Beach State Park	DRP	436	•	•			•		•		•		•		•							•	\$628,967
John Gorrie Museum State Park	DRP	1																			•	•	\$30,889
John Pennkamp Coral Reef State Park	DRP	63,914	•	•			•		•		•	•	•		•		•	•			•	•	\$1,123,311
Jonathan Dickinson State Park	DRP	10,442	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	\$981,466
Judah P. Benjamin Confederate Memorial at Gamble Plantation Historic State Park	DRP	33							•												•	•	\$192,065
Kissimmee Prairie Preserve State Park	DRP	58,120	•	•	•	•			•								•	•					\$219,542
Koreshan State Park	DRP	196	•	•			•		•			•	•		•		•				•	•	\$540,063
Lafayette Blue Springs State Park	DRP	714	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		•		•			•	•	•				\$238,896
Lake Griffin State Park	DRP	621	•	•			•		•		•				•		•						\$281,804
Lake Jackson Mounds Archaeological State Park	DRP	200	•	•					•												•	•	\$90,474
Lake June-in-Winter Scrub Preserve State Park	DRP	846	•	•					•						•								\$22,893
Lake Kissimmee State Park	DRP	5,893	•	•	•	•	•		•		•		•		•		•	•			•	•	\$585,753
Lake Louisa State Park	DRP	4,608	•	•	•	•	•		•		•		•		•		•	•	•			•	\$797,721
Lake Manatee State Park	DRP	549	•	•			•		•	•		•		•			•						\$310,316
Lake Talquin State Park (includes Jackson Bluff Dam)	DRP	555	•	•			•		•						•								\$79,981
Letchworth-Love Mounds Archaeological State Park	DRP	190	•	•					•												•	•	\$38,494
Lignumvitae Key Botanical State Park	DRP	10,724	•				•				•		•		•						•	•	\$295,045
Little Manatee River State Park	DRP	2,494	•	•		•	•		•					•			•	•					\$255,971
Little Talbot Island State Park	DRP	1,536	•	•	•		•		•		•		•		•							•	\$595,580
Long Key State Park	DRP	1,002	•	•			•		•		•						•					•	\$377,667
Lovers Key State Park	DRP	1,442	•	•	•		•		•		•		•		•								\$390,008
Lower Wekiva River Preserve State Park	DRP	17,376	•	•	•	•	•		•														\$0
Madira Bickel Mound State Archaeological Site	DRP	9	•	•					•												•		\$0

Public Use Opportunities for Each Unit of State-Managed Conservation Land [section 259.037(3)(b)1, F.S.]

Management Unit	Lead Agency	Total Acres	Nature Study	Hiking	Bicycling	Horseback Riding	Canoeing/Kayaking	Motorized-OHV*	Picnicking	Freshwater Swimming	Saltwater Swimming	Freshwater Boating	Saltwater Boating	Freshwater Fishing	Saltwater Fishing	Hunting	RV/Tent Camping	Primitive Camping	Cabin Lodging	Arch./Historic Site	Museum/Interp. Bldg.	Costs for Rec./Visitor Services	
Madison Blue Spring State Park	DRP	50	•	•			•		•	•				•								\$108,601	
Manatee Springs State Park	DRP	2,456	•	•	•		•		•	•		•		•				•	•				\$444,857
Marjorie Harris Carr Cross Florida Greenway State Recreation and Conservation Area	DRP	73,277	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	\$2,301,030	
Marjorie Kinnan Rawlings Historic State Park	DRP	124	•	•					•											•	•	\$139,619	
Mike Roess Gold Head Branch State Park	DRP	2,367	•	•	•	•			•					•				•	•	•	•	•	\$517,761
Mound Key Archaeological State Park	DRP	128	•	•			•						•		•					•	•	\$0	
Myakka River State Park	DRP	37,198	•	•	•	•	•		•			•		•				•	•	•	•	•	\$760,277
Natural Bridge Battlefield Historic State Park	DRP	2,121	•	•					•											•		\$29,592	
Nature Coast State Trail	DRP	656	•	•	•	•			•	•		•		•						•		\$111,460	
North Peninsula State Park	DRP	556	•	•					•		•					•					•	\$0	
Ochlockonee River State Park	DRP	546	•	•	•		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•	•			\$229,871	
Okeechobee Battlefield Historic State Park	DRP	145																		•		\$0	
O'Leno State Park	DRP	2,372	•	•	•		•		•	•				•				•	•	•	•	•	\$506,429
Oleta River State Park	DRP	1,033	•	•	•		•			•					•				•	•	•	•	\$848,612
Olustee Battlefield Historic State Park	DRP	617	•	•					•										•	•	•	•	\$98,826
Orman House Historic State Park	DRP	9	•						•											•	•	\$33,748	
Oscar Scherer State Park	DRP	1,396	•	•	•		•		•	•				•	•			•	•		•	\$511,428	
Palatka-to-Lake Butler State Trail	DRP	614	•	•	•	•			•													\$87,953	
Palatka-to-St. Augustine State Trail (formerly State Road 207 Rail-Trail)	DRP	56		•	•																	\$41,001	
Paynes Creek Historic State Park	DRP	399	•	•			•		•					•						•	•	\$177,948	
Paynes Prairie Preserve State Park	DRP	21,562	•	•	•	•			•			•		•				•	•	•	•	\$653,204	
Perdido Key State Park	DRP	303	•						•		•				•							\$61,405	
Ponce de Leon Springs State Park	DRP	381	•	•					•	•				•								\$164,163	
Price's Scrub State Park	DRP	1,087	•	•	•	•			•					•								\$10,966	
Pumpkin Hill Creek Preserve State Park	DRP	4,317	•	•	•	•	•		•						•						•	\$142,916	
Rainbow Springs State Park	DRP	1,584	•	•			•		•	•				•						•		\$703,823	
Ravine Gardens State Park	DRP	153	•	•	•				•											•	•	\$483,577	
River Rise Preserve State Park	DRP	4,005	•	•	•	•			•					•					•	•	•	\$0	
Rock Springs Run State Reserve	DRP	14,165	•	•	•	•	•									•				•	•	\$102,121	
Ruth B. Kirby Gilchrist Blue Springs State Park	DRP	402	•	•			•		•	•										•	•	\$292,120	
San Felasco Hammock Preserve State Park	DRP	7,363	•	•	•	•																\$107,786	
San Marcos de Apalache Historic State Park	DRP	15	•	•					•											•	•	\$82,866	
San Pedro Underwater Archaeological Preserve State Park	DRP	651	•				•				•		•							•		\$0	
Savannas Preserve State Park	DRP	6,996	•	•	•	•	•		•					•							•	\$449,327	
Seabranche Preserve State Park	DRP	921	•	•					•													\$0	
Sebastian Inlet State Park	DRP	972	•	•	•	•	•		•		•		•		•					•	•	\$1,184,346	
Silver Springs State Park	DRP	4,751	•	•	•	•	•		•					•					•	•	•	\$998,122	
Skyway Fishing Pier State Park	DRP	16	•												•							\$0	

Public Use Opportunities for Each Unit of State-Managed Conservation Land [section 269.037(3)(b)1, F.S.]

Management Unit	Lead Agency	Total Acres	Nature Study	Hiking	Bicycling	Horseback Riding	Canoeing/Kayaking	Motorized-OHV*	Picnicking	Freshwater Swimming	Saltwater Swimming	Freshwater Boating	Saltwater Boating	Freshwater Fishing	Saltwater Fishing	Hunting	RV/Tent Camping	Primitive Camping	Cabin Lodging	Arch./Historic Site	Museum/Interp. Bldg.	Costs for Rec./Visitor Services
South Fork State Park (formerly Beker)	DRP	1,129																				\$0
St. Andrews State Park (includes Shell Island)	DRP	1,167	•	•	•		•		•		•		•		•		•	•		•	•	\$926,648
St. Lucie Inlet Preserve State Park	DRP	4,849	•	•	•		•		•		•		•		•							\$177,333
St. Marks River Preserve State Park	DRP	2,590	•	•	•	•			•													\$157,617
St. Sebastian River Preserve State Park	DRP	21,629	•	•	•	•	•		•										•			\$282,248
Stephen Foster Folk Culture Center State Park	DRP	904	•	•	•	•	•		•					•				•	•	•	•	\$932,773
Stump Pass Beach State Park	DRP	211	•	•			•			•		•		•								\$91,527
Suwannee River State Park	DRP	1,933	•	•			•		•			•						•	•	•	•	\$330,152
Suwannee River Wilderness State Trail (includes Adam's Tract, Dowling Park, Holton Creek, Peacock Slough and Woods Ferry)	DRP	74																				\$69,859
T.H. Stone Memorial St. Joseph Peninsula State Park (includes William J. "Billy Joe" Rish Recreation Area)	DRP	2,792	•	•	•		•		•		•		•		•		•	•	•		•	\$487,505
Tallahassee-St. Marks Historic Railroad State Trail	DRP	151	•	•	•	•			•													\$77,894
Tarkiln Bayou Preserve State Park	DRP	4,473	•	•			•		•						•							\$1,462
Terra Ceia Preserve State Park	DRP	1,948	•	•			•		•				•								•	\$24,570
The Barnacle Historic State Park	DRP	9	•						•												•	\$205,058
Three Rivers State Park	DRP	659	•	•	•		•		•		•		•		•		•	•	•			\$201,683
Tomoka State Park	DRP	1,628	•	•			•		•		•		•		•		•	•	•	•	•	\$591,820
Topsail Hill Preserve State Park	DRP	1,643	•	•	•		•		•	•	•				•		•	•	•			\$899,856
Torrey State Park	DRP	14,111	•	•			•							•			•	•	•	•	•	\$270,100
Troy Spring State Park	DRP	84	•	•			•		•	•		•		•							•	\$72,350
Waccasassa Bay Preserve State Park	DRP	34,388	•				•					•	•		•			•				\$122,196
Washington Oaks Gardens State Park	DRP	430	•	•	•				•						•						•	\$559,238
Weeki Wachee Springs State Park	DRP	928	•	•			•		•	•											•	\$2,537,620
Wekiwa Springs State Park	DRP	9,175	•	•	•	•	•		•	•				•			•	•			•	\$839,646
Werner-Boyce Salt Springs State Park	DRP	3,378	•	•			•		•				•		•							\$161,369
Wes Skiles Peacock Springs State Park	DRP	761	•	•					•	•												\$65,654
Windley Key Fossil Reef Geological State Park	DRP	320	•	•					•												•	\$93,131
Wingate Creek State Park (formerly Beker)	DRP	614																				\$0
Withlacoochee State Trail	DRP	762	•	•	•	•			•					•								\$128,351
Ybor City Museum State Park	DRP	1							•												•	\$66,030
Yellow Bluff Fort Historic State Park	DRP	2		•					•													\$0
Yellow River Marsh Preserve State Park	DRP	977	•																			\$6,393
Yulee Sugar Mill Ruins Historic State Park	DRP	5							•												•	\$0
Babcock Ranch Preserve	FFS	67,620	•	•		•											•					\$53,106
Belmore State Forest	FFS	12,262	•	•	•	•			•					•			•				•	\$64,279
Big Shoals State Forest	FFS	1,814	•	•	•	•	•		•					•			•					\$38,527
Blackwater River State Forest	FFS	223,470	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•		•		•	•	•		•	•	\$427,698
Carl Duval Moore State Forest and Park	FFS	335	•	•					•					•								\$8,569
Cary State Forest	FFS	13,385	•	•	•	•			•					•		•	•	•		•	•	\$74,257

Public Use Opportunities for Each Unit of State-Managed Conservation Land [section 259.037(3)(b)1, F.S.]

Management Unit	Lead Agency	Total Acres	Nature Study	Hiking	Bicycling	Horseback Riding	Canoeing/Kayaking	Motorized-OHV*	Picnicking	Freshwater Swimming	Saltwater Swimming	Freshwater Boating	Saltwater Boating	Freshwater Fishing	Saltwater Fishing	Hunting	RV/Tent Camping	Primitive Camping	Cabin Lodging	Arch./Historic Site	Museum/Interp. Bldg.	Costs for Rec. /Visitor Services	
Charles II. Bronson State Forest	FFS	11,246	•	•		•			•					•		•		•				\$68,956	
Deep Creek State Forest	FFS	380	•	•	•						•				•								\$9,575
Etoniah Creek State Forest	FFS	8,982	•	•	•	•			•					•		•		•					\$72,409
Four Creeks State Forest	FFS	13,658	•	•	•	•	•		•			•		•		•							\$68,367
Goethe State Forest	FFS	54,873	•	•	•	•			•					•		•		•					\$147,107
Holopaw State Forest	FFS	58																					\$11,857
Indian Lake State Forest	FFS	4,568	•	•		•	•		•					•				•					\$63,074
Jennings State Forest	FFS	25,152	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		•		•		•		•					\$130,885
John M. Bethea State Forest	FFS	37,735	•	•	•	•	•		•	•				•		•		•					\$149,553
Kissimmee Bend State Forest	FFS	1,992	•	•												•							\$9,846
Lake George State Forest	FFS	21,473	•	•	•	•	•		•					•		•		•			•		\$89,259
Lake Talquin State Forest	FFS	19,175	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		•		•		•	•	•					\$39,625
Lake Wales Ridge State Forest	FFS	26,741	•	•	•	•	•		•					•		•	•	•			•		\$61,259
Little Big Econ State Forest	FFS	10,336	•	•	•	•	•		•		FFS			•		•		•					\$28,775
Matanzas State Forest	FFS	4,700	•	•	•	•			•		•				•		•				•		\$28,555
Myakka State Forest	FFS	8,593	•	•	•	•	•		•					•		•		•					\$35,446
Newnans Lake State Forest	FFS	1,109	•	•	•				•												•		\$27,358
Okaloacoochee Slough State Forest	FFS	32,370	•	•	•	•			•					•		•		•			•		\$89,564
Peace River State Forest	FFS	5,048	•	•		•																	\$11,237
Picayune Strand State Forest	FFS	74,144	•	•	•	•	•		•			•		•		•		•			•		\$122,568
Pine Log State Forest	FFS	8,037	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		•		•		•		•					\$20,369
Plank Road State Forest	FFS	10,380	•		•	•	•		•					•		•							\$18,570
Point Washington State Forest	FFS	15,363	•	•	•	•			•							•		•					\$51,369
Ralph E. Simmons State Forest	FFS	3,638	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		•		•		•		•					\$14,564
Ross Prairie State Forest	FFS	3,542	•	•		•			•							•		•					\$20,248
Seminole State Forest	FFS	30,169	•	•	•	•	•		•			•		•		•		•			•		\$74,368
Tate's Hell State Forest	FFS	212,645	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•		•		•	•	•					\$298,779
Tiger Bay State Forest	FFS	28,055	•	•	•	•	•		•			•		•		•		•			•		\$58,535
Twin Rivers State Forest	FFS	15,803	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		•		•		•		•			•		\$39,578
Wakulla State Forest	FFS	5,303	•	•	•	•			•							•							\$43,651
Watson Island State Forest	FFS	506	•	•																			\$16,786
Welaka State Forest	FFS	2,287	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		•		•			•	•					\$26,358
Withlacoochee State Forest	FFS	160,130	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•		•		•	•	•	•	•	•		\$449,893
Andrews Wildlife Management Area	FWC	3,579	•	•	•		•		•	•		•		•		•		•			•		\$21,830
Apalachee Wildlife Management Area	FWC	7,952	•	•	•	•	•		•			•		•		•		•					\$32,536
Apalachicola River Wildlife and Environmental Area	FWC	86,712	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•		\$19,947
Aucilla Wildlife Management Area	FWC	46,339	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		46,339		•		•		•			•		\$18,961
Big Bend Wildlife Management Area	FWC	73,596	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•					\$44,692
Box-R Wildlife Management Area	FWC	18,454	•	•	•	•	•		•			•		•		•		•					\$16,756
Caravelle Ranch Wildlife Management Area	FWC	10,450	•	•	•	•	•		•					•		•		•			•		\$14,140
Chassahowitzka Wildlife Management Area	FWC	33,420	•	•	•	•	•		•					•	•	•		•					\$57,532



Public Use Opportunities for Each Unit of State-Managed Conservation Land [section 259.037(3)(b)1, F.S.]

Management Unit	Lead Agency	Total Acres	Nature Study	Hiking	Bicycling	Horseback Riding	Canoeing/Kayaking	Motorized-OHV*	Picnicking	Freshwater Swimming	Saltwater Swimming	Freshwater Boating	Saltwater Boating	Freshwater Fishing	Saltwater Fishing	Hunting	RV/Tent Camping	Primitive Camping	Cabin Lodging	Arch./Historic Site	Museum/Interp. Bldg.	Costs for Rec./Visitor Services	
Chinsegut Wildlife and Environmental Area	FWC	828	•	•				•												•	•	\$106,561	
Dinner Island Ranch Wildlife Management Area	FWC	21,714	•	•	•	•		•						•		•	•	•					\$4,530
Escribano Point Wildlife Management Area	FWC	4,131	•	•	•	•	•		•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•					\$5,296
Everglades and Francis S. Taylor Wildlife Management Area	FWC	671,831	•	•	•		•	•	•			•		•		•	•	•			•	•	\$135,858
Fisheating Creek Wildlife Management Area	FWC	18,380	•	•	•		•	•				•		•		•	•	•			•		\$47,757
Florida Keys Wildlife and Environmental Area	FWC	6,600	•	•	•		•	•				•			•								\$13,749
Fred C. Babcock-Cecil M. Webb Wildlife Management Area	FWC	82,141	•	•	•	•	•		•			•		•		•	•	•					\$212,083
Guana River Wildlife Management Area	FWC	9,818	•	•	•	•	•		•			•		•	•	•					•		\$15,733
Half Moon Wildlife Management Area	FWC	9,554	•	•	•	•	•		•					•		•							\$46,119
Herky Huffman/Bull Creek Wildlife Management Area	FWC	23,646	•	•	•	•	•	•	•					•		•	•	•			•		\$15,160
Hilochee Wildlife Management Area	FWC	16,324	•	•	•	•	•		•					•		•							\$16,460
Holey Land Wildlife Management Area	FWC	35,350	•	•	•	•	•	•				•		•		•	•	•					\$7,623
J. W. Corbett Wildlife Management Area	FWC	60,498	•	•	•	•		•						•		•	•	•			•		\$42,243
Joe Budd Wildlife Management Area	FWC	3,056	•	•	•	•	•		•			•		•		•	•	•			•		\$23,750
John C. and Mariana Jones/Hungryland Wildlife and Environmental Area	FWC	16,969	•	•	•	•			•					•		•		•					\$5,021
Judges Cave Wildlife and Environmental Area	FWC	37																					\$6
L. Kirk Edwards Wildlife and Environmental Area	FWC	1,782	•	•	•	•	•							•		•							\$10,061
Lake Stone Fish Management Area	FWC	249	•	•	•		•		•			•		•		•	•	•					\$43
Lake Tohopekaliga - Makinson Island (Cypress Island)	FWC	132	•	•			•		•			•		•						•			\$24
Lake Tohopekaliga - Paradise Island	FWC	98	•				•					•		•									\$18
Lake Wales Ridge Wildlife and Environmental Area	FWC	16,412	•	•	•	•			•					•		•							\$51,641
Little Gator Creek Wildlife and Environmental Area	FWC	565	•	•																			\$97
Okaloacoochee Slough Wildlife Management Area	FWC	28,148	•	•	•	•	•							•		•	•	•					\$7,730
Orange Hammock Wildlife Management Area	FWC	5,777	•	•	•	•										•							\$7,580
Rotenberger Wildlife Management Area	FWC	29,700	•	•	•	•						•		•		•	•	•					\$10,866
Salt Lake Wildlife Management Area	FWC	11,073	•	•	•	•	•		•			•		•		•					•		\$6,785
Spirit of the Wild Wildlife Management Area	FWC	7,647	•	•	•	•		•						•		•							\$3,077
T. M. Goodwin Waterfowl Management Area	FWC	6,482	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•		•		•							\$8,754
Tate's Hell Wildlife Management Area	FWC	2,905	•	•	•	•	•	•						•		•	•	•					\$509
Tenoroc Fish Management Area	FWC	8,399	•	•	•	•	•		•			•		•		•							\$15,641
Three Lakes Wildlife Management Area	FWC	63,470	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•		•		•	•	•					\$20,453
Toxohatchee Wildlife Management Area	FWC	30,701	•	•	•	•	•		•					•		•	•	•					\$37,829
Triple N Ranch Wildlife Management Area	FWC	16,295	•	•	•	•			•					•		•	•	•					\$5,196
Bell Ridge Longleaf Pine Mitigation Park Wildlife & Environmental Area	FWC	720	•	•																			\$1,093
Branan Field Mitigation Park Wildlife & Environmental Area	FWC	386	•	•																			\$479

Public Use Opportunities for Each Unit of State-Managed Conservation Land [section 259.037(3)(b)1, F.S.]

Management Unit	Lead Agency	Total Acres	Nature Study	Hiking	Bicycling	Horseback Riding	Canoeing/Kayaking	Motorized-OHV*	Picnicking	Freshwater Swimming	Saltwater Swimming	Freshwater Boating	Saltwater Boating	Freshwater Fishing	Saltwater Fishing	Hunting	RV/Tent Camping	Primitive Camping	Cabin Lodging	Arch./Historic Site	Museum/Interp. Bldg.	Costs for Rec./Visitor Services	
Bullfrog Creek Mitigation Park Wildlife & Environmental Area	FWC	833	•	•																			\$143
Crooked Lake Mitigation Park Wildlife & Environmental Area	FWC	1,147	•	•	•	•			•					•									\$2,006
Fort White Mitigation Park Wildlife & Environmental Area	FWC	1,610	•	•	•		•							•		•							\$4,029
Hickey Creek Mitigation Park Wildlife & Environmental Area	FWC	768	•	•			•																\$132
Janet Butterfield Brooks Mitigation Park Wildlife & Environmental Area	FWC	319																					\$55
Lafayette Forest Mitigation Park Wildlife & Environmental Area	FWC	2,148	•	•	•	•										•							\$2,108
Moody Branch Mitigation Park Wildlife & Environmental Area	FWC	960	•	•		•																	\$584
Perry Oldenburg Mitigation Park Wildlife & Environmental Area	FWC	368	•	•																			\$63
Platt Branch Mitigation Park Wildlife & Environmental Area	FWC	1,973	•	•										•									\$339
Split Oak Forest Mitigation Park Wildlife & Environmental Area	FWC	1,689	•	•		•								•									\$2,365
Suwannee Ridge Mitigation Park Wildlife & Environmental Area	FWC	1,429	•	•												•							\$939
Watermelon Pond Mitigation Park Wildlife & Environmental Area	FWC	1,288	•	•	•	•			•					•		•							\$1,588
Totals by Agency																							
CAMA	6	59,127	6	4	3	2	4	0	4	0	3	0	4	2	4	1	0	3	0	4	4		\$176,066
DHR	7	97	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	3	\$149,132
DRP	175	813,586	161	143	86	39	103	0	144	28	48	31	47	44	63	3	53	50	22	86	80		\$55,353,077
FFS	39	1,177,078	38	37	30	33	21	3	33	9	2	14	0	28	2	31	9	27	1	13	0		\$3,064,779
FWC	55	1,506,852	53	52	39	35	32	9	30	4	4	23	3	41	6	38	19	22	0	12	2		\$1,126,570
<b>Overall Total</b>	<b>282</b>	<b>3,556,740</b>	<b>258</b>	<b>236</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>160</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>213</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>89</b>		<b>\$59,869,624</b>

## Factors Related to Management Intensity of State-Managed Conservation Lands

Factors Related to Management Intensity of State-Managed Conservation Lands																	
Management Unit	Lead Agency	Total Acres	Natural Resource Management Intensity				Historical Resource Mgmt Intensity			Public Attendance	Infrastructure/Facilities		Road Maintenance		Trail Maintenance		
			Very Min	Minimal	Moderate	Significant	Rel. Signif.	Area	Structures		Minimal	High	Minimal	High	Minimal	High	
<i>measurement units:</i>		<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>H / M / L</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>number</i>	<i>base actual #</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>miles</i>	<i>miles</i>	<i>miles</i>	<i>miles</i>	
Apalachicola National Estuarine Research Reserve	CAMA	6,931	63	-	4,498	2,370	II	300	3	66,535	2.00	17.00	3.00	5.60	2.00	19.00	
Coral Creek Preserve	CAMA	12	-	12	-	-	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Guana Tolomato Matanzas National Estuarine Research Reserve	CAMA	3,592	1,102	113	1,604	773	H	200	1	290,447	1.00	9.00	2.25	1.00	10.00	1.00	
Lake Tarpon Floodplain Preserve	CAMA	76	-	76	-	-	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Rookery Bay National Estuarine Research Reserve	CAMA	43,489	1,304	8,387	13,673	20,125	H	1,150	2	435,534	-	16.00	4.00	3.00	8.50	5.30	
St. Joseph Bay State Buffer Preserve	CAMA	5,027	73	163	2,497	2,294	M	38	-	6,027	0.50	14.00	43.80	1.00	2.80	2.30	
Brokaw-McDougal House	DHR	3	3	-	-	-	H	3	1	100	-	3	-	0	-	0	
Martin House	DHR	5	5	-	-	-	H	5	1	120	-	2	-	0	0	-	
Mission San Luis	DHR	63	-	63	-	-	II	63	1	27,910	-	28	-	0	-	1	
Mount Royal Mound	DHR	2	-	2	-	-	H	2	-	n/a	-	-	-	-	-	-	
San Damian de Escambe	DHR	12	-	12	-	-	H	12	-	n/a	-	-	-	-	-	-	
The Grove	DHR	10	2	-	-	-	H	10	2	6,035	-	8	0	-	-	-	
Velda Mound	DHR	2	-	2	-	-	H	2	-	n/a	-	-	-	-	<1	-	
Union Bank	DHR	0	-	0	-	-	II	0	1	n/a	-	0	-	-	-	-	
Addison Blockhouse Historic State Park	DRP	148	-	148	-	-	H	6	-	-	-	-	2	-	0	-	
Alafia River State Park	DRP	7,718	3	1,685	133	5,897	H	537	-	130,593	1	162	23	4	17	23	
Alfred B. Macley Gardens State Park	DRP	1,170	117	-	10	1,043	H	59	26	84,260	-	133	12	3	6	5	
Allen David Broussard Catfish Creek Preserve State Park	DRP	8,329	-	883	2,995	4,451	II	16	5	3,168	-	27	71	1	8	3	
Amelia Island State Park	DRP	236	-	5	80	150	L	1	-	89,116	-	14	2	1	0	-	
Anastasia State Park	DRP	1,593	495	257	307	534	H	177	18	1,092,136	-	196	7	6	1	-	
Anclote Key Preserve State Park	DRP	12,210	8,273	1,010	1,927	1,000	H	2	1	230,558	-	29	1	-	-	-	
Atlantic Ridge Preserve State Park	DRP	4,886	-	-	1,200	3,686	L	-	-	21,720	-	9	53	1	-	27	
Avalon State Park	DRP	658	-	259	386	13	L	0	-	113,520	-	39	4	0	1	-	
Bahia Honda State Park	DRP	497	-	424	-	72	H	0	9	508,122	-	172	0	5	0	-	
Bald Point State Park	DRP	12,152	255	7,279	17	4,604	H	191	-	38,963	-	53	31	7	-	30	
Big Lagoon State Park	DRP	707	-	-	73	634	L	1	-	116,435	1	88	5	6	1	4	
Big Shoals State Park	DRP	1,681	-	335	768	578	H	41	2	18,483	1	7	25	1	22	26	
Big Talbot Island State Park	DRP	1,680	-	1,041	139	500	II	137	-	209,521	-	28	2	1	-	8	
Bill Baggs Cape Florida State Park	DRP	506	100	93	74	239	H	8	6	796,523	1	132	3	4	1	2	
Blackwater Heritage State Trail	DRP	308	13	136	159	-	H	-	1	159,609	-	1	-	-	-	8	
Blackwater River State Park	DRP	636	-	-	515	121	L	7	-	82,890	-	45	3	3	4	0	
Blue Spring State Park	DRP	2,659	-	345	1,089	1,225	H	52	2	575,769	1	50	11	4	-	8	
Bulow Creek State Park	DRP	5,709	37	1,534	2,212	1,916	H	212	1	23,615	-	10	8	0	6	9	
Bulow Plantation Ruins Historic State Park	DRP	148	-	-	148	-	H	14	-	7,598	-	18	1	-	1	-	
Caladesi Island State Park	DRP	2,420	1,078	130	970	242	H	8	1	287,787	-	65	5	-	6	-	
Camp Helen State Park	DRP	190	-	-	8	182	H	29	15	57,380	-	23	3	1	0	2	
Cayo Costa State Park	DRP	2,671	200	758	1,210	503	H	49	9	34,032	2	34	14	2	10	0	
Cedar Key Museum State Park	DRP	19	9	-	10	-	II	2	2	10,308	-	10	-	0	0	-	
Cedar Key Scrub State Reserve	DRP	6,784	792	1,300	1,199	3,493	H	3	-	-	-	18	11	11	-	15	
Charlotte Harbor Preserve State Park	DRP	45,445	14,580	1,981	13,311	15,573	H	175	-	183,178	-	56	69	6	12	-	
Cockroach Bay Preserve State Park	DRP	615	508	-	107	-	H	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	
Collier-Seminole State Park	DRP	7,271	4,787	-	1,618	866	H	23	9	50,262	1	77	10	2	23	-	
Colt Creek State Park	DRP	5,067	-	-	3,528	1,539	L	10	3	50,875	1	19	51	8	0	20	

Factors Related to Management Intensity of State-Managed Conservation Lands

Management Unit	Lead Agency	Total Acres	Natural Resource Management Intensity				Historical Resource Mgmt Intensity			Public Attendance base actual %	Infrastructure/Facilities		Road Maintenance		Trail Maintenance	
			Very Min	Minimal	Moderate	Significant	Rel. Signif.	Area	Structures		Minimal	High	Minimal	High	Minimal	High
measurement units:			acres	acres	acres	acres	H / M / L	acres	number		acres	acres	miles	miles	miles	miles
Constitution Convention Museum State Park	DRP	13	13	-	-	-	L	-	1	2,181	-	13	-	0	-	-
Crystal River Archaeological State Park	DRP	61	-	-	61	-	H	30	1	42,719	-	24	0	1	1	-
Crystal River Preserve State Park	DRP	27,679	-	13,676	10,445	3,572	H	62	-	71,616	-	19	32	7	21	6
Curry Hammock State Park	DRP	1,056	-	812	189	49	L	-	1	134,890	-	34	0	2	2	-
Dade Battlefield Historic State Park	DRP	121	-	-	121	-	H	28	22	53,000	-	45	2	1	2	-
Dagny Johnson Key Largo Hammock Botanical State Park	DRP	2,600	-	655	1,296	650	H	29	15	8,140	-	101	-	-	1	4
De Leon Springs State Park	DRP	625	227	83	115	200	II	14	6	230,291	-	40	5	1	4	-
Deer Lake State Park	DRP	2,009	53	-	-	1,956	II	21	-	26,019	-	8	14	0	1	-
Delnor-Wiggins Pass State Park	DRP	200	162	2	33	3	L	18	-	170,066	-	56	1	2	0	-
Devil's Millhopper Geological State Park	DRP	67	-	-	26	42	H	8	-	42,464	-	15	0	0	1	-
Don Pedro Island State Park	DRP	252	50	65	79	60	L	21	-	18,405	-	14	2	0	4	-
Dr. Julian G. Bruce St. George Island State Park	DRP	2,073	-	663	-	1,410	H	1,261	-	215,427	1	144	1	12	4	4
Dr. Von D. Mizell-Eula Johnson State Park	DRP	313	43	108	128	34	L	-	4	420,923	-	226	4	6	5	3
Dudley Farm Historic State Park	DRP	333	-	-	30	303	H	20	18	22,091	-	27	7	2	1	-
Dunns Creek State Park	DRP	6,350	772	2,012	2,376	1,190	H	16	2	20,534	-	3	60	4	3	4
Econfina River State Park	DRP	4,585	-	-	503	4,082	H	51	-	10,668	-	20	15	0	-	15
Eden Gardens State Park	DRP	161	94	-	1	66	H	17	2	42,695	-	24	1	2	1	-
Edward Ball Wakulla Springs State Park	DRP	6,781	2,655	-	18	4,107	H	256	8	166,551	-	162	62	5	-	10
Egmont Key State Park	DRP	294	-	-	44	250	H	257	1	228,578	-	2	3	2	0	-
Ellie Schiller Homosassa Springs Wildlife State Park	DRP	201	-	104	47	50	L	6	5	210,493	-	200	1	2	-	-
Estero Bay Preserve State Park	DRP	11,383	-	-	-	11,383	II	14	-	42,461	-	4	11	6	66	7
Fakahatchee Strand Preserve State Park	DRP	79,754	-	48,651	7,665	23,411	H	716	16	82,190	-	379	68	31	-	44
Falling Waters State Park	DRP	166	-	-	-	166	H	13	-	57,678	0	51	3	2	0	-
Fanning Springs State Park	DRP	197	-	9	175	13	H	171	1	93,837	0	28	1	3	-	1
Faver-Dykes State Park	DRP	6,028	47	298	955	4,728	H	89	5	36,116	2	24	26	2	4	-
Fernandina Plaza Historic State Park	DRP	1	-	1	-	-	H	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Florida Caverns State Park	DRP	1,450	-	-	-	1,450	H	385	14	132,403	1	161	6	6	1	7
Florida Keys Overseas Heritage Trail	DRP	775	150	179	-	-	H	2	45	1,418,263	-	97	-	-	-	62
Forest Capital Museum State Park	DRP	10	-	14	-	-	L	-	2	1,401	-	14	0	0	-	-
Fort Clinch State Park	DRP	2,220	-	813	482	884	H	119	12	395,093	1	205	1	7	1	5
Fort Cooper State Park	DRP	708	-	-	316	392	H	3	-	45,380	1	28	9	1	-	5
Fort George Island Cultural State Park	DRP	821	-	409	38	374	H	422	6	59,876	-	15	1	1	-	4
Fort Mose Historic State Park	DRP	41	1	33	-	7	H	4	-	106,500	-	1	-	0	0	-
Fort Pierce Inlet State Park (includes Jack Island)	DRP	714	-	685	149	123	H	5	3	244,839	1	74	4	3	9	-
Fort Zachary Taylor Historic State Park	DRP	56	-	-	21	35	H	13	1	638,363	-	56	0	1	-	1
Fred Gannon Rocky Bayou State Park	DRP	347	-	-	-	347	H	7	-	91,046	-	52	6	2	3	-
Gainesville-to-Hawthorne State Trail	DRP	140	60	73	8	-	L	2	-	17,236	1	-	0	0	1	15
Gamble Rogers Memorial State Recreation Area at Flagler Beach	DRP	134	-	-	93	41	L	0	-	161,448	-	21	2	1	1	-

Factors Related to Management Intensity of State-Managed Conservation Lands

Management Unit	Lead Agency	Total Acres	Natural Resource Management Intensity				Historical Resource Mgmt Intensity			Public Attendance <i>base actual</i> #	Infrastructure/Facilities		Road Maintenance		Trail Maintenance		
			Very Min	Minimal	Moderate	Significant	Rel. Signif.	Area	Structures		Minimal	High	Minimal	High	Minimal	High	
<i>measurement units:</i>		<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>H / M / L</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>number</i>	<i>base actual</i> #	<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>miles</i>	<i>miles</i>	<i>miles</i>	<i>miles</i>
Gasparilla Island State Park	DRP	127	12	35	38	42		H	-	5	956,802	-	18	1	1	-	-
General James A. Van Fleet State Trail	DRP	422	55	136	231	-		H	0	-	17,815	-	75	-	-	-	29
George Crady Bridge Fishing Pier State Park	DRP	111	-	111	-	-		L	1	-	203,029	-	2	-	0	-	1
Grayton Beach State Park	DRP	2,187	210	-	33	1,943		M	45	9	251,752	-	76	14	3	19	5
Haw Creek Preserve State Park	DRP	3,062	-	2,874	188	-		L	0	-	840	-	-	1	-	5	-
Henderson Beach State Park	DRP	228	-	-	22	206		L	-	-	573,396	-	46	2	3	1	-
Highlands Hammock State Park	DRP	9,238	194	530	3,000	5,513		H	1	26	158,634	2	160	78	5	4	16
Hillsborough River State Park	DRP	3,319	1,603	566	566	584		H	48	22	200,755	0	288	9	13	8	4
Honeymoon Island State Park	DRP	2,825	1,337	133	1,077	277		L	39	-	1,528,178	-	172	0	7	4	1
Hontoon Island State Park	DRP	1,654	-	1,000	606	48		H	42	-	8,576	1	20	6	1	2	5
Hugh Taylor Birch State Park	DRP	163	-	-	92	70		L	-	23	240,401	1	116	1	4	1	3
Ichetucknee Springs State Park	DRP	2,532	-	535	314	1,683		H	372	3	224,598	-	138	20	9	7	-
Ichetucknee Trace	DRP	822	-	-	162	660		L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Indian Key Historic State Park	DRP	111	-	12	89	10		H	14	-	51,996	-	13	-	-	1	-
Indian River Lagoon Preserve State Park	DRP	564	-	-	20	544		L	1	-	-	-	5	9	-	-	-
John D. MacArthur Beach State Park	DRP	436	-	133	272	32		H	48	-	152,517	-	65	0	4	2	-
John Gorrie Museum State Park	DRP	1	1	-	-	-		H	-	2	2,229	-	1	-	-	-	-
John Pennkamp Coral Reef State Park	DRP	63,914	-	2,694	39,364	21,865		H	73	13	455,970	1	73	-	3	25	-
Jonathan Dickinson State Park	DRP	10,442	-	-	6,487	3,955		H	16	28	255,099	1	493	93	18	39	21
Judah P. Benjamin Confederate Memorial at Gamble Plantation Historic State Park	DRP	33	-	33	-	-		H	1	2	38,077	-	33	0	0	1	-
Kissimmee Prairie Preserve State Park	DRP	58,120	300	12,131	36,322	9,366		H	101	1	35,454	0	78	111	26	1	134
Koreshan State Park	DRP	196	-	-	71	125		H	2	14	215,628	-	89	2	4	1	-
Lafayette Blue Springs State Park	DRP	714	-	62	252	400		L	2	-	10,930	1	13	0	8	1	-
Lake Griffin State Park	DRP	621	334	45	148	94		L	1	10	54,091	-	46	2	1	1	-
Lake Jackson Mounds Archaeological State Park	DRP	200	-	-	-	200		H	135	-	15,171	-	31	2	0	2	-
Lake June-in-Winter Scrub Preserve State Park	DRP	846	15	-	586	245		L	3	-	17,186	-	10	7	-	0	-
Lake Kissimmee State Park	DRP	5,893	-	911	3,560	1,422		L	14	-	67,891	1	166	34	6	6	15
Lake Louisa State Park	DRP	4,608	-	-	2,198	2,410		M	52	2	178,348	1	129	43	10	-	27
Lake Manatee State Park	DRP	549	-	-	265	284		L	0	-	63,767	-	50	10	2	2	4
Jackson Bluff Dam	DRP	555	-	-	-	555		L	4	-	4,103	-	15	1	1	2	-
Letchworth-Love Mounds Archaeological State Park	DRP	190	-	-	-	190		H	104	-	1,876	-	6	4	0	1	-
Lignumvitae Key Botanical State Park	DRP	10,724	-	2,748	7,936	41		H	611	1	53,252	-	32	-	0	3	-
Little Manatee River State Park	DRP	2,494	-	-	273	2,226		H	43	-	49,195	1	54	21	4	8	15
Little Talbot Island State Park	DRP	1,536	-	681	648	202		L	0	-	90,138	-	60	2	4	2	6
Long Key State Park	DRP	1,002	-	532	429	41		H	4	2	33,409	1	33	0	2	1	-
Lovers Key State Park	DRP	1,442	1,162	45	235	-		H	2	-	185,534	-	76	3	4	3	5
Lower Wekiva River Preserve State Park	DRP	17,376	680	2,803	10,081	3,812		H	23	-	24,769	-	238	57	7	13	16
Madira Bickel Mound State Archaeological Site	DRP	9	-	9	-	-		H	15	-	12,417	-	2	-	-	0	-
Madison Blue Spring State Park	DRP	50	-	-	26	24		L	1	-	25,353	-	12	0	1	-	-
Manatee Springs State Park	DRP	2,456	-	873	101	1,479		H	74	7	166,901	1	99	20	3	6	9

Factors Related to Management Intensity of State-Managed Conservation Lands

Management Unit	Lead Agency	Total Acres	Natural Resource Management Intensity				Historical Resource Mgmt Intensity			Public Attendance	Infrastructure/Facilities		Road Maintenance		Trail Maintenance	
			Very Min	Minimal	Moderate	Significant	Rel. Signif.	Area	Structures		Minimal	High	Minimal	High	Minimal	High
measurement units:			acres	acres	acres	acres	H / M / L	acres	number	base actual	acres	acres	miles	miles	miles	miles
Marjorie Harris Carr Cross Florida Greenway State Recreation and Conservation Area	DRP	73,277	8,714	24,729	31,814	8,017	H	836	13	3,444,052	3,120	2,027	258	33	197	68
Marjorie Kinnan Rawlings Historic State Park	DRP	124	-	64	54	6	II	3	3	9,272	-	10	0	0	1	-
Mike Roess Gold Head Branch State Park	DRP	2,367	-	301	1,073	993	H	9	49	81,990	1	321	30	7	15	-
Mound Key Archaeological State Park	DRP	128	-	-	-	128	H	128	-	-	0	-	-	-	1	-
Myakka River State Park	DRP	37,198	-	-	19,123	18,075	H	40	25	259,913	6	219	100	37	39	81
Natural Bridge Battlefield Historic State Park	DRP	2,121	64	991	1,066	-	H	211	1	1,147	-	5	9	1	-	-
Nature Coast State Trail	DRP	656	67	207	383	-	H	4	2	-	5	15	-	-	-	42
North Peninsula State Park	DRP	556	-	19	198	339	M	12	-	209,833	-	23	1	0	1	-
Ochlockonee River State Park	DRP	546	-	-	784	326	L	0	1	35,254	1	42	6	1	17	3
Okeechobee Battlefield Historic State Park	DRP	145	-	-	-	145	II	139	3	-	-	-	-	0	-	-
OLeno State Park	DRP	2,372	-	458	964	950	H	630	61	76,813	1	146	17	5	6	11
Oleta River State Park	DRP	1,033	195	258	239	341	H	1	1	402,080	0	214	2	7	16	3
Olustee Battlefield Historic State Park	DRP	617	-	-	17	600	H	657	5	32,004	1	40	7	1	5	-
Orman House Historic State Park	DRP	9	10	-	-	-	H	3	3	-	-	2	0	0	-	-
Oscar Scherer State Park	DRP	1,396	-	33	245	1,118	L	55	6	128,814	1	79	27	3	5	9
Palatka-to-Lake Butler State Trail	DRP	614	-	-	-	614	L	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	49
Palatka-to-St. Augustine State Trail (formerly State Road 207 Rail-Trail)	DRP	56	-	-	70	-	H	0	-	3,781	-	-	-	-	-	19
Paynes Creek Historic State Park	DRP	399	-	187	127	84	II	312	-	13,676	1	22	8	2	4	2
Paynes Prairie Preserve State Park	DRP	21,562	-	182	3,043	18,337	H	244	28	122,024	2	337	54	14	4	14
Perdido Key State Park	DRP	303	-	-	-	303	L	0	-	101,823	-	41	1	0	1	-
Ponce de Leon Springs State Park	DRP	381	13	-	-	368	L	13	2	125,457	-	13	5	0	1	3
Price's Scrub State Park	DRP	1,087	-	-	-	962	M	21	-	9,654	-	-	-	-	-	8
Pumpkin Hill Creek Preserve State Park	DRP	4,317	-	613	496	3,209	H	45	-	18,325	-	115	55	0	8	8
Rainbow Springs State Park	DRP	1,584	-	385	20	1,180	II	256	23	337,375	-	16	11	8	3	1
Ravine Gardens State Park	DRP	153	57	-	-	96	H	1	8	343,193	-	27	0	2	4	-
River Rise Preserve State Park	DRP	4,005	-	1,527	562	1,915	II	1,414	2	5,850	45	18	36	1	1	35
Rock Springs Run State Reserve	DRP	14,165	3,880	1,610	3,679	4,996	H	16	-	18,703	1	126	79	5	12	24
Ruth B. Kirby Gilchrist Blue Springs	DRP	402	-	188	91	123	L	197	-	109,715	-	23	7	-	1	-
San Felasco Hammock Preserve State Park	DRP	7,363	-	1,555	2,784	3,023	H	289	1	29,010	-	20	-	51	63	-
San Marcos de Apalache Historic State Park	DRP	15	11	-	-	4	H	10	4	2,646	-	15	1	-	0	-
San Pedro Underwater Archaeological Preserve State Park	DRP	651	644	-	-	-	H	164	-	2,035	-	-	-	-	-	-
Savannas Preserve State Park	DRP	6,996	-	12	5,218	1,775	L	8	-	53,617	-	54	61	2	4	17
Seabranche Preserve State Park	DRP	921	-	114	169	638	L	1	1	38,252	-	2	11	0	5	2
Sebastian Inlet State Park	DRP	972	321	564	88	-	H	42	-	587,951	-	189	6	5	2	1
Silver Springs State Park	DRP	4,751	-	-	2,493	2,247	H	282	28	579,316	1	293	36	9	13	13
Skyway Fishing Pier State Park	DRP	16	16	-	-	1	L	-	-	157,096	-	20	0	3	-	-
South Fork State Park (formerly Beker)	DRP	1,129	-	-	623	506	H	1	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
St. Andrews State Park (includes Shell Island)	DRP	1,167	-	-	-	1,167	II	23	20	734,422	1	181	1	7	4	-

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<i>measurement units:</i>																
		<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>H / M / L</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>number</i>	<i>base/actual %</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>miles</i>	<i>miles</i>	<i>miles</i>	<i>miles</i>
St. Lucie Inlet Preserve State Park	DRP	4,849	-	4,069	523	257	H	14	-	8,647	1	7	2	1	5	-
St. Marks River Preserve State Park	DRP	2,590	1,162	-	-	1,428	H	99	-	-	1	-	22	-	-	9
St. Sebastian River Preserve State Park	DRP	21,629	-	210	281	21,138	H	83	3	90,620	1	78	166	6	0	57
Stephen Foster Folk Culture Center State Park	DRP	904	-	282	115	507	H	6	17	67,477	0	115	10	6	10	14
Stump Pass Beach State Park	DRP	211	30	36	85	60	L	2	-	436,658	-	11	2	0	1	-
Suwannee River State Park	DRP	1,933	-	976	309	648	H	117	9	44,032	1	75	19	1	9	4
Suwannee River Wilderness State Trail (includes Adam's Tract, Dowling Park, Holton Creek, Peacock Slough and Woods Ferry)	DRP	74	16	30	29	-	H	11	-	16,314	-	5	0	-	0	-
T.H. Stone Memorial St. Joseph Peninsula State Park (includes William J. "Billy Joe" Rish Recreation Area)	DRP	2,792	89	75	-	2,627	H	52	16	144,991	1	124	1	12	9	-
Tallahassee-St. Marks Historic Railroad State Trail	DRP	151	18	100	33	-	L	1	1	221,069	-	10	-	-	-	17
Tarkiln Bayou Preserve State Park	DRP	4,473	-	-	74	4,400	M	37	-	56,222	-	2	20	1	0	6
Terra Ceia Preserve State Park	DRP	1,948	-	401	109	1,438	H	82	1	89,494	-	15	13	0	4	-
The Barnacle Historic State Park	DRP	9	-	3	3	3	H	2	6	156,226	-	9	0	0	-	-
Three Rivers State Park	DRP	659	-	-	-	659	L	58	8	43,363	1	56	6	3	7	1
Tomoka State Park	DRP	1,628	32	1,089	60	447	H	114	-	122,743	1	134	13	4	11	1
Topsail Hill Preserve State Park	DRP	1,643	-	-	9	1,639	H	42	-	261,084	-	204	10	6	7	-
Torrey State Park	DRP	14,111	-	-	570	13,540	H	448	4	36,133	2	76	28	12	15	-
Troy Spring State Park	DRP	84	-	10	21	53	L	10	1	9,363	-	21	2	1	1	-
Waccasassa Bay Preserve State Park	DRP	34,388	6,617	20,211	7,407	153	H	180	-	-	-	-	23	3	-	-
Washington Oaks Gardens State Park	DRP	430	27	71	77	256	H	59	7	112,223	-	69	2	2	-	3
Weeki Wachee Springs State Park	DRP	928	-	62	33	832	H	37	14	346,531	-	34	14	0	-	-
Wekiwa Springs State Park	DRP	9,175	3,055	519	2,303	3,298	H	19	-	367,948	4	244	66	7	34	8
Werner-Boyce Salt Springs State Park	DRP	3,378	-	999	1,550	2,000	M	31	-	22,069	-	14	8	1	2	-
Wes Skiles Peacock Springs State Park	DRP	761	-	200	-	561	H	129	-	16,948	-	10	5	1	1	-
Windley Key Fossil Reef Geological State Park	DRP	320	-	22	284	14	H	23	-	15,103	-	1	0	-	1	-
Wingate Creek State Park (formerly Beker)	DRP	614	-	25	326	264	H	20	-	83	0	0	3	-	-	-
Withlacoochee State Trail	DRP	762	72	500	190	-	H	31	2	522,511	8	18	-	-	-	46
Ybor City Museum State Park	DRP	1	1	-	-	-	H	-	7	14,619	-	1	-	0	-	-
Yellow Bluff Fort Historic State Park	DRP	2	-	2	-	-	H	2	-	1,342	-	2	-	-	0	-
Yellow River Marsh Preserve State Park	DRP	977	-	-	141	835	L	0	-	8,999	-	2	-	0	0	-
Yulee Sugar Mill Ruins Historic State Park	DRP	5	-	2	3	-	H	-	1	28,779	-	5	-	-	-	-
Babcock Ranch Preserve	FFS	67,620	10,721	2,134	54,765	-	L	-	-	210,012	1	20	40	50	18	-
Belmore State Forest	FFS	12,262	-	-	2,006	10,256	L	1	-	127,462	7	7	4	55	33	-
Big Shoals State Forest	FFS	1,814	-	-	1,142	673	L	5	2	13,019	2	-	10	6	3	3
Blackwater River State Forest	FFS	223,470	15,237	15,079	153,143	40,011	L	282	2	4,558,815	893	900	651	171	18	108
Carl Duval Moore State Forest and Park	FFS	335	37	-	-	298	L	-	-	400	-	0	1	1	2	2
Cary State Forest	FFS	13,385	-	408	5,640	7,337	L	1	-	997,249	1	25	16	43	-	23
Charles H. Bronson State Forest	FFS	11,246	-	-	1,440	9,806	L	40	1	9,386	3	14	41	-	39	-

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<i>measurement units:</i>		<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>H / M / L</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>number</i>	<i>base/actual %</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>miles</i>	<i>miles</i>	<i>miles</i>	<i>miles</i>
Deep Creek State Forest	FFS	380	-	337	-	43	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-
Etoniah Creek State Forest	FFS	8,982	477	38	1,374	7,093	L	45	1	66,860	4	8	15	30	17	33
Four Creeks State Forest	FFS	13,658	-	2,829	2,896	7,933	L	-	-	87,006	2	2	24	19	-	2
Goethe State Forest	FFS	54,873	1,335	426	16,076	37,036	L	553	-	429,691	3	12	307	69	85	-
Holopaw State Forest	FFS	58	13	-	-	45	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Indian Lake State Forest	FFS	4,568	25	102	-	4,441	L	51	-	49,376	5	8	-	1	14	-
Jennings State Forest	FFS	25,152	-	1,002	13,673	10,478	L	50	-	440,433	16	21	61	34	64	-
John M. Bethea State Forest	FFS	37,735	-	-	3,904	33,831	L	120	-	158,773	6	17	91	119	10	-
Kissimmee Bend State Forest	FFS	1,992	-	-	1,992	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-
Lake George State Forest	FFS	21,473	4	6,789	3,359	11,322	L	74	-	283,399	3	10	-	104	-	1
Lake Talquin State Forest	FFS	19,175	10	6,400	4,854	7,910	L	221	-	762,483	1	54	132	40	31	0
Lake Wales Ridge State Forest	FFS	26,741	474	5,065	13,509	7,693	L	75	2	86,188	3	23	161	18	41	-
Little Big Ecan State Forest	FFS	10,336	166	-	2,258	7,912	L	57	-	9,386	6	19	36	1	35	-
Matanzas State Forest	FFS	4,700	3	593	1,178	2,925	L	66	1	83,866	-	3	-	26	-	4
Myakka State Forest	FFS	8,593	25	3,090	2,135	3,342	L	1	-	32,156	-	38	-	11	-	26
Newnans Lake State Forest	FFS	1,109	-	-	105	1,004	L	327	1	5,948	2	15	5	-	10	-
Okaloacoochee Slough State Forest	FFS	32,370	815	-	20,756	10,799	L	18	1	229,754	92	57	2	36	-	27
Peace River State Forest	FFS	5,048	2,729	295	872	1,152	L	-	-	9,386	-	15	8	2	8	-
Picayune Strand State Forest	FFS	74,144	800	1,400	29,196	42,748	L	134	-	764,820	3	35	76	58	12	32
Pine Log State Forest	FFS	8,037	33	1,004	2,329	4,671	L	30	-	532,088	5	15	10	64	5	35
Plank Road State Forest	FFS	10,380	4,643	9	4,988	739	L	110	-	37,543	-	2	48	12	-	-
Point Washington State Forest	FFS	15,363	12	4,209	5,236	5,906	L	40	-	582,803	5	10	20	34	5	34
Ralph E. Simmons State Forest	FFS	3,638	-	-	3,095	543	L	0	-	17,568	0	4	-	15	-	10
Ross Prairie State Forest	FFS	3,542	-	152	334	3,057	L	29	-	3,918	1	2	-	-	17	-
Seminole State Forest	FFS	30,169	406	11,234	5,734	12,796	L	51	2	528,451	1	17	105	28	45	7
Tate's Hill State Forest	FFS	212,645	73	7,208	48,784	156,580	L	123	-	2,873,939	3	21	65	882	-	160
Tiger Bay State Forest	FFS	28,055	149	14,538	2,611	10,758	L	98	3	442,408	12	32	-	116	-	14
Twin Rivers State Forest	FFS	15,803	-	1,860	3,486	10,457	L	192	5	143,458	45	15	111	25	19	33
Wakulla State Forest	FFS	5,303	1	297	2,028	2,977	L	21	-	27,391	1	5	5	22	7	45
Watson Island State Forest	FFS	506	2	237	-	267	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Welaka State Forest	FFS	2,287	-	327	242	1,718	M	109	13	18,771	1	28	4	7	13	27
Withlacoochee State Forest	FFS	160,130	920	15,065	56,435	87,710	L	1,711	2	4,710,511	28	3,047	404	521	-	383
Andrews Wildlife Management Area	FWC	3,579	-	2,874	504	201	L	26	1	9,990	0	5	18	6	24	-
Apalachee Wildlife Management Area	FWC	7,952	-	4,798	1,245	1,910	M	537	-	39,673	1	4	13	14	9	-
Apalachicola River Wildlife and Environmental Area	FWC	86,712	-	72,622	2,493	11,597	M	286	1	103,128	0	13	25	63	78	-
Aucilla Wildlife Management Area	FWC	46,339	-	31,419	793	14,127	H	4,185	-	70,239	0	11	92	64	15	-
Big Bend Wildlife Management Area	FWC	73,596	-	61,211	8,590	3,796	H	910	-	226,800	5	21	123	134	219	1
Box-R Wildlife Management Area	FWC	18,454	-	9,846	2,642	5,965	H	54	2	56,969	-	8	29	20	33	-
Caravelle Ranch Wildlife Management Area	FWC	10,450	-	5,991	2,388	2,071	L	19	-	15,144	7	11	4	23	10	-
Chassahowitzka Wildlife Management Area	FWC	33,420	-	23,407	7,784	2,229	M	283	-	88,132	5	6	18	27	8	1
Chinsegut Wildlife and Environmental Area	FWC	828	-	151	445	232	H	43	1	41,903	5	6	21	1	9	1
Dinner Island Ranch Wildlife Management Area	FWC	21,714	-	-	6,777	14,937	L	3	-	50,883	8	39	12	19	14	-
Escribano Point Wildlife Management Area	FWC	4,131	-	1,061	363	2,707	H	158	-	12,059	-	7	10	1	17	1
Everglades and Francis S. Taylor Wildlife Management Area	FWC	671,831	-	-	647,425	24,406	H	119	4	834,317	6	13	-	-	-	-



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<i>measurement units:</i>		<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>H / M / L</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>number</i>	<i>base/actual #</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>miles</i>	<i>miles</i>	<i>miles</i>	<i>miles</i>
Fisheating Creek Wildlife Management Area	FWC	18,380	-	12	15,740	2,628	H	53	5	42,366	0	50	89	5	22	2
Florida Keys Wildlife and Environmental Area	FWC	6,600	-	6,421	49	130	M	1,529	-	N/A	-	2	6	-	6	-
Fred C. Babcock-Cecil M. Webb Wildlife Management Area	FWC	82,141	-	40,834	34,606	6,700	L	1	-	199,558	7	736	40	92	14	1
Guana River Wildlife Management Area	FWC	9,818	-	5,340	1,635	2,843	H	140	-	136,170	1	3	19	13	24	-
Half Moon Wildlife Management Area	FWC	9,554	-	6,382	1,630	1,542	M	50	1	17,139	1	3	11	19	24	1
Herky Huffman/Bull Creek Wildlife Management Area	FWC	23,646	-	10,807	11,063	1,776	M	206	2	27,675	2	17	85	18	20	-
Hilochee Wildlife Management Area	FWC	16,324	-	10,245	2,169	3,911	M	32	-	15,851	4	16	30	27	9	-
Holey Land Wildlife Management Area	FWC	35,350	-	25,327	236	9,788	L	-	-	7,640	0	0	-	-	-	-
J. W. Corbett Wildlife Management Area	FWC	60,498	-	-	56,359	4,139	H	396	-	151,405	67	30	115	26	21	-
Joe Budd Wildlife Management Area	FWC	3,056	-	1,999	664	393	H	172	-	49,176	0	18	34	8	34	0
John C. and Mariana Jones/Hungryland Wildlife and Environmental Area	FWC	16,969	-	1	13,615	3,354	L	55	-	64,679	3	0	9	14	33	-
Judges Cave Wildlife and Environmental Area	FWC	37	-	37	-	-	L	-	-	N/A	-	0	-	-	-	-
L. Kirk Edwards Wildlife and Environmental Area	FWC	1,782	-	1,151	502	129	L	10	-	36,222	2	1	8	0	18	-
Lake Stone Fish Management Area	FWC	249	-	-	-	249	L	0	-	N/A	-	16	-	2	2	-
Lake Tohopekaliga - Makinson Island (Cypress Island)	FWC	132	-	-	-	132	L	-	-	N/A	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lake Tohopekaliga - Paradise Island	FWC	98	-	-	-	98	L	-	-	N/A	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lake Wales Ridge Wildlife and Environmental Area	FWC	16,412	-	8,742	5,309	2,362	H	32	2	19,429	5	9	138	2	23	3

Factors Related to Management Intensity of State-Managed Conservation Lands

Management Unit	Lead Agency	Total Acres	Natural Resource Management Intensity				Historical Resource Mgmt Intensity			Public Attendance	Infrastructure/Facilities		Road Maintenance		Trail Maintenance	
			Very Min	Minimal	Moderate	Significant	Rel. Signif.	Area	Structures		Minimal	High	Minimal	High	Minimal	High
<i>measurement units:</i>		<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>H / M / L</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>number</i>	<i>base/actual #</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>acres</i>	<i>miles</i>	<i>miles</i>	<i>miles</i>	<i>miles</i>
DRP	175	813,586	66,588	182,468	265,255	300,631	125 Highs	15,514	859	28,701,075	3,234	12,928	2,591	617	1,004	1,281
FFS	39	1,177,078	39,110	102,128	471,573	564,267	Highs	4,633	36	19,334,717	1,156	4,502	2,452	2,621	550	1,008
FWC	55	1,506,852	6,053	438,532	882,384	179,884	15 Highs	10,177	23	2,717,334	194	1,305	1,377	824	1,029	16
<b>Overall Total</b>	<b>283</b>	<b>3,556,740</b>	<b>114,301</b>	<b>731,958</b>	<b>1,641,484</b>	<b>1,070,344</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>32,109</b>	<b>930</b>	<b>51,585,834</b>	<b>4,588</b>	<b>18,832</b>	<b>6,474</b>	<b>4,074</b>	<b>2,606</b>	<b>2,334</b>

## ***Operational Costs of State-Managed Conservation Land Management Units***

**Operational Costs of State-Managed Conservation Land Management Units (FY 2022-23)**

Management Unit	Lead Agency	Total Acres	Operational Costs of Unit Management	Unit Mgmt. Operational Costs per Acre	Revenues Generated in FY	Net Op. Costs – Revenues per Acre
Apalachicola National Estuarine Research Reserve	CAMA	6,931	\$1,198,216	\$172.88	\$0	\$172.88
Coral Creek Preserve	CAMA	12	\$75,816	\$6,318.00	\$0	\$6,318.00
Guana Tolomato Matanzas National	CAMA	3,592	\$1,211,002	\$337.14	\$0	\$337.14
Lake Tarpon Floodplain Preserve	CAMA	76	\$15,685	\$206.39	\$0	\$206.39
Rookery Bay National Estuarine Research Reserve	CAMA	43,489	\$2,747,250	\$63.17	\$0	\$63.17
St. Joseph Bay State Buffer Preserve	CAMA	5,027	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00
Brokaw-McDougal House	DHR	3	\$176,035	\$69,033.26	\$0	\$69,033.26
Martin House	DHR	5	\$162,920	\$33,730.79	\$0	\$33,730.79
Mission San Luis	DHR	63	\$1,045,185	\$16,477.76	\$0	\$16,477.76
Mount Royal Mound	DHR	2	\$1,800	\$833.33	\$0	\$833.33
San Damian de Escambe	DHR	12	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00
The Grove	DHR	10	\$300,154	\$29,056.58	\$0	\$29,056.58
Velda Mound	DHR	2	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00
Addison Blockhouse Historic State Park	DRP	148	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00
Alafia River State Park	DRP	7,718	\$621,454	\$80.52	\$523,487	\$12.69
Alfred B. Maclay Gardens State Park	DRP	1,170	\$830,947	\$710.10	\$341,807	\$418.00
Allen David Broussard Catfish Creek Preserve State Park	DRP	8,329	\$75,264	\$9.04	\$337	\$9.00
Amelia Island State Park	DRP	236	\$113,525	\$481.69	\$134,189	-\$87.68
Anastasia State Park	DRP	1,593	\$1,278,325	\$802.38	\$2,581,750	-\$818.13
Anclote Key Preserve State Park	DRP	12,210	\$61,097	\$5.00	\$60,584	\$0.04
Atlantic Ridge Preserve State Park	DRP	4,886	\$116,475	\$23.84	\$5,316	\$22.75
Avalon State Park	DRP	658	\$108,288	\$164.68	\$18,496	\$136.55
Bahia Honda State Park	DRP	497	\$1,261,646	\$2,539.85	\$2,933,673	-\$3,366.00
Bald Point State Park	DRP	12,152	\$251,338	\$20.68	\$44,080	\$17.06
Big Lagoon State Park	DRP	707	\$855,012	\$1,209.76	\$853,073	\$2.74
Big Shoals State Park	DRP	1,681	\$71,788	\$42.71	\$9,631	\$36.98
Big Talbot Island State Park	DRP	1,680	\$54,570	\$32.49	\$108,834	-\$32.30
Bill Baggs Cape Florida State Park	DRP	506	\$1,317,684	\$2,602.22	\$3,108,977	-\$3,537.52
Blackwater Heritage State Trail	DRP	308	\$116,134	\$376.51	\$0	\$376.51
Blackwater River State Park	DRP	636	\$304,084	\$478.25	\$339,294	-\$55.38
Blue Spring State Park	DRP	2,659	\$985,527	\$370.63	\$1,960,320	-\$366.59
Bulow Creek State Park	DRP	5,709	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00
Bulow Plantation Ruins Historic State Park	DRP	148	\$48,150	\$325.40	\$20,958	\$183.76
Caladesi Island State Park	DRP	2,420	\$337,335	\$139.39	\$436,506	-\$40.98
Camp Helen State Park	DRP	190	\$273,822	\$1,441.70	\$106,169	\$882.71
Cayo Costa State Park	DRP	2,671	\$376,750	\$141.05	-\$20,316	\$148.65
Cedar Key Museum State Park	DRP	19	\$77,964	\$4,184.87	\$10,607	\$3,615.52
Cedar Key Scrub State Reserve	DRP	6,784	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00
Charlotte Harbor Preserve State Park	DRP	45,445	\$432,222	\$9.51	\$111,226	\$7.06
Cockroach Bay Preserve State Park	DRP	615	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00
Collier-Seminole State Park	DRP	7,271	\$873,711	\$120.17	\$422,630	\$62.04
Colt Creek State Park	DRP	5,067	\$415,018	\$81.91	\$348,633	\$13.10

**Operational Costs of State-Managed Conservation Land Management Units (FY 2022-23)**

Management Unit	Lead Agency	Total Acres	Operational Costs of Unit Management	Unit Mgmt. Operational Costs per Acre	Revenues Generated in FY	Net Op. Costs – Revenues per Acre
Constitution Convention Museum State Park	DRP	13	\$56,887	\$4,303.07	\$3,344	\$4,050.10
Crystal River Archaeological State Park	DRP	61	\$234,958	\$3,821.70	\$25,907	\$3,400.30
Crystal River Preserve State Park	DRP	27,679	\$425,281	\$15.36	\$71,020	\$12.80
Curry Hammock State Park	DRP	1,056	\$479,444	\$453.99	\$701,554	-\$210.32
Dade Battlefield Historic State Park	DRP	121	\$290,656	\$2,405.09	\$34,229	\$2,121.86
Dagny Johnson Key Largo Hammock Botanical State Park	DRP	2,600	\$55,789	\$21.46	\$21,489	\$13.19
De Leon Springs State Park	DRP	625	\$600,107	\$960.49	\$606,151	-\$9.67
Deer Lake State Park	DRP	2,009	\$76,737	\$38.19	\$34,176	\$21.18
Delnor-Wiggins Pass State Park	DRP	200	\$657,117	\$3,290.02	\$313,733	\$1,719.24
Devil's Millhopper Geological State Park	DRP	67	\$171,572	\$2,551.63	\$52,758	\$1,767.01
Don Pedro Island State Park	DRP	252	\$123,023	\$488.50	\$8,005	\$456.71
Dr. Julian G. Bruce St. George Island State Park	DRP	2,073	\$818,972	\$395.02	\$1,030,140	-\$101.85
Dr. Von D. Mizell-Eula Johnson State Park	DRP	313	\$1,224,209	\$3,915.34	\$1,116,031	\$345.98
Dudley Farm Historic State Park	DRP	333	\$192,683	\$577.83	\$10,311	\$546.91
Dunns Creek State Park	DRP	6,350	\$156,201	\$24.60	\$6,319	\$23.60
Econfina River State Park	DRP	4,585	\$4,579	\$1.00	\$8,224	-\$0.79
Eden Gardens State Park	DRP	161	\$143,031	\$888.17	\$98,246	\$278.10
Edward Ball Wakulla Springs State Park	DRP	6,781	\$1,294,989	\$190.96	\$747,248	\$80.77
Egmont Key State Park	DRP	294	\$69,211	\$235.16	\$0	\$235.16
Ellie Schiller Homosassa Springs Wildlife State Park	DRP	201	\$1,703,320	\$8,480.56	\$2,657,404	-\$4,750.23
Esteros Bay Preserve State Park	DRP	11,383	\$123,845	\$10.88	\$4,655	\$10.47
Fakahatchee Strand Preserve State Park	DRP	79,754	\$584,673	\$7.33	\$21,894	\$7.06
Falling Waters State Park	DRP	166	\$321,197	\$1,932.13	\$113,053	\$1,252.07
Fanning Springs State Park	DRP	197	\$338,353	\$1,720.76	\$264,110	\$377.57
Faver-Dykes State Park	DRP	6,028	\$288,282	\$47.83	\$266,866	\$3.55
Fernandina Plaza Historic State Park	DRP	1	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00
Florida Caverns State Park	DRP	1,450	\$813,522	\$561.20	\$539,554	\$189.00
Florida Keys Overseas Heritage Trail	DRP	775	\$484,260	\$624.75	\$2,920	\$620.99
Forest Capital Museum State Park	DRP	10	\$73,297	\$7,200.11	\$2,043	\$6,999.39
Fort Clinch State Park	DRP	2,220	\$936,852	\$422.09	\$1,620,947	-\$308.22
Fort Cooper State Park	DRP	708	\$257,925	\$364.28	\$31,216	\$320.19
Fort George Island Cultural State Park	DRP	821	\$47,085	\$57.38	\$51,956	-\$5.94
Fort Mose Historic State Park	DRP	41	\$28,313	\$684.71	\$14,423	\$335.90
Fort Pierce Inlet State Park (includes Jack Island)	DRP	714	\$590,215	\$827.09	\$507,725	\$115.60
Fort Zachary Taylor Historic State Park	DRP	56	\$777,542	\$13,949.44	\$2,330,414	-\$27,859.21
Fred Gannon Rocky Bayou State Park	DRP	347	\$322,134	\$929.28	\$504,437	-\$525.90

**Operational Costs of State-Managed Conservation Land Management Units (FY 2022-23)**

Management Unit	Lead Agency	Total Acres	Operational Costs of Unit Management	Unit Mgmt. Operational Costs per Acre	Revenues Generated in FY	Net Op. Costs – Revenues per Acre
Gainesville-to-Hawthorne State Trail	DRP	140	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00
Gamble Rogers Memorial State Recreation Area at Flagler Beach	DRP	134	\$716,609	\$5,359.43	\$864,337	-\$1,104.84
Gasparilla Island State Park	DRP	127	\$452,550	\$3,576.34	\$144,032	\$2,438.10
General James A. Van Fleet State Trail	DRP	422	\$187,716	\$445.14	\$0	\$445.14
George Crady Bridge Fishing Pier State Park	DRP	111	\$0	\$0.00	\$1,870	-\$16.93
Grayton Beach State Park	DRP	2,187	\$974,329	\$445.42	\$2,177,785	-\$550.17
Haw Creek Preserve State Park	DRP	3,062	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00
Henderson Beach State Park	DRP	228	\$643,510	\$2,817.96	\$1,813,162	-\$5,121.96
Highlands Hammock State Park	DRP	9,238	\$918,365	\$99.41	\$936,953	-\$2.01
Hillsborough River State Park	DRP	3,319	\$1,184,001	\$356.71	\$1,245,449	-\$18.51
Honeymoon Island State Park	DRP	2,825	\$1,406,283	\$497.88	\$3,984,304	-\$912.73
Hontoon Island State Park	DRP	1,654	\$268,737	\$162.49	\$5,938	\$158.90
Hugh Taylor Birch State Park	DRP	163	\$789,516	\$4,857.36	\$993,188	-\$1,253.06
Ichetucknee Springs State Park	DRP	2,532	\$721,446	\$284.93	\$900,686	-\$70.79
Ichetucknee Trace	DRP	822	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00
Indian Key Historic State Park	DRP	111	\$0	\$0.00	\$4,675	-\$42.00
Indian River Lagoon Preserve State Park	DRP	564	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00
John D. MacArthur Beach State Park	DRP	436	\$836,180	\$1,916.13	\$282,829	\$1,268.02
John Gorrie Museum State Park	DRP	1	\$38,450	\$40,051.77	\$4,438	\$35,429.38
John Pennkamp Coral Reef State Park	DRP	63,914	\$1,401,302	\$21.92	\$2,910,850	-\$23.62
Jonathan Dickinson State Park	DRP	10,442	\$1,301,671	\$124.66	\$2,066,230	-\$73.22
Judah P. Benjamin Confederate Memorial at Gamble Plantation Historic State Park	DRP	33	\$334,041	\$10,110.19	\$30,577	\$9,184.75
Kissimmee Prairie Preserve State Park	DRP	58,120	\$448,618	\$7.72	\$256,943	\$3.30
Koreshan State Park	DRP	196	\$778,314	\$3,967.95	\$575,135	\$1,035.83
Lafayette Blue Springs State Park	DRP	714	\$332,465	\$465.69	\$108,436	\$313.80
Lake Griffin State Park	DRP	621	\$345,348	\$556.42	\$377,877	-\$52.41
Lake Jackson Mounds Archaeological State Park	DRP	200	\$166,504	\$833.31	\$5,978	\$803.40
Lake June-in-Winter Scrub Preserve State Park	DRP	846	\$64,235	\$75.96	\$1,853	\$73.77
Lake Kissimmee State Park	DRP	5,893	\$840,258	\$142.58	\$444,459	\$67.16
Lake Louisa State Park	DRP	4,608	\$946,536	\$205.41	\$1,256,466	-\$67.26
Lake Manatee State Park	DRP	549	\$487,705	\$888.59	\$520,228	-\$59.26
Lake Talquin State Park	DRP	555	\$124,441	\$224.04	\$6,436	\$212.45
Letchworth-Love Mounds Archaeological State Park	DRP	190	\$44,896	\$236.16	\$1,523	\$228.15
Lignumvitae Key Botanical State Park	DRP	10,724	\$432,457	\$40.33	\$7,280	\$39.65
Little Manatee River State Park	DRP	2,494	\$333,536	\$133.76	\$344,241	-\$4.29
Little Talbot Island State Park	DRP	1,536	\$839,614	\$546.60	\$296,116	\$353.83

**Operational Costs of State-Managed Conservation Land Management Units (FY 2022-23)**

Management Unit	Lead Agency	Total Acres	Operational Costs of Unit Management	Unit Mgmt. Operational Costs per Acre	Revenues Generated in FY	Net Op. Costs – Revenues per Acre
Long Key State Park	DRP	1,002	\$539,582	\$538.63	\$120,053	\$418.79
Lovers Key State Park	DRP	1,442	\$583,740	\$404.69	\$225,335	\$248.47
Lower Wekiva River Preserve State Park	DRP	17,376	\$0	\$0.00	\$97,141	-\$5.59
Madira Bickel Mound State Archaeological Site	DRP	9	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00
Madison Blue Spring State Park	DRP	50	\$138,908	\$2,793.24	\$39,665	\$1,995.64
Manatee Springs State Park (includes Anderson's Landing)	DRP	2,456	\$703,128	\$286.33	\$723,826	-\$8.43
Marjorie Harris Carr Cross Florida Greenway State Recreation and Conservation Area	DRP	73,277	\$3,549,949	\$48.45	\$905,054	\$36.09
Marjorie Kinnan Rawlings Historic State Park	DRP	124	\$225,474	\$1,813.81	\$15,741	\$1,687.18
Mike Roess Gold Head Branch State Park	DRP	2,367	\$767,269	\$324.17	\$618,798	\$62.73
Mound Key Archaeological State Park	DRP	128	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00
Myakka River State Park	DRP	37,198	\$1,429,760	\$38.44	\$1,168,714	\$7.02
Natural Bridge Battlefield Historic State Park	DRP	2,121	\$44,505	\$20.98	\$1,050	\$20.48
Nature Coast State Trail	DRP	656	\$150,860	\$229.88	\$0	\$229.88
North Peninsula State Park	DRP	556	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00
Ochlocknee River State Park	DRP	546	\$347,716	\$636.32	\$249,185	\$180.31
Okeechobee Battlefield Historic	DRP	145	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00
O'Leno State Park	DRP	2,372	\$693,525	\$292.33	\$486,393	\$87.31
Oleta River State Park	DRP	1,033	\$909,161	\$880.30	\$1,698,478	-\$764.26
Olustee Battlefield Historic State Park	DRP	617	\$111,980	\$181.48	\$818	\$180.15
Orman House Historic State Park	DRP	9	\$36,461	\$4,037.71	\$8	\$4,036.82
Oscar Scherer State Park	DRP	1,396	\$810,275	\$580.29	\$1,065,390	-\$182.71
Palatka-to-Lake Butler State Trail	DRP	614	\$96,479	\$157.15	\$0	\$157.15
Palatka-to-St. Augustine State Trail (formerly State Road 207 Rail-Trail)	DRP	56	\$36,663	\$652.48	\$0	\$652.48
Paynes Creek Historic State Park	DRP	399	\$250,826	\$629.31	\$20,791	\$577.15
Paynes Prairie Preserve State Park	DRP	21,562	\$926,692	\$42.98	\$585,687	\$15.82
Perdido Key State Park	DRP	303	\$72,172	\$238.27	\$22,206	\$164.96
Ponce de Leon Springs State Park	DRP	381	\$206,531	\$542.30	\$129,476	\$202.33
Price's Scrub State Park	DRP	1,087	\$11,466	\$10.55	\$0	\$10.55
Pumpkin Hill Creek Preserve State Park	DRP	4,317	\$277,774	\$64.34	\$0	\$64.34
Rainbow Springs State Park	DRP	1,584	\$873,297	\$551.17	\$1,475,800	-\$380.26
Ravine Gardens State Park	DRP	153	\$685,783	\$4,484.29	\$152,187	\$3,489.15
River Rise Preserve State Park	DRP	4,005	\$0	\$0.00	\$10,210	-\$2.55
Rock Springs Run State Reserve	DRP	14,165	\$123,687	\$8.73	\$16,930	\$7.54
Ruth B. Kirby Gilchrist Blue Springs State Park	DRP	402	\$343,757	\$854.22	\$369,298	-\$63.47

**Operational Costs of State-Managed Conservation Land Management Units (FY 2022-23)**

Management Unit	Lead Agency	Total Acres	Operational Costs of Unit Management	Unit Mgmt. Operational Costs per Acre	Revenues Generated in FY	Net Op. Costs – Revenues per Acre
San Felasco Hammock Preserve State Park	DRP	7,363	\$159,802	\$21.70	\$28,757	\$17.80
San Marcos de Apalache Historic State Park	DRP	15	\$139,986	\$9,119.58	\$5,338	\$8,771.85
San Pedro Underwater Archaeological Preserve State Park	DRP	651	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00
Savannas Preserve State Park	DRP	6,996	\$636,572	\$90.99	\$17,157	\$88.54
Seabranck Preserve State Park	DRP	921	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00
Sebastian Inlet State Park	DRP	972	\$1,441,799	\$1,482.72	\$2,136,472	-\$714.39
Silver Springs State Park	DRP	4,751	\$1,295,586	\$272.70	\$2,486,651	-\$250.70
Skyway Fishing Pier State Park	DRP	16	\$0	\$0.00	\$208,840	-\$12,687.75
South Fork State Park (formerly Beker)	DRP	1,129	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00
St. Andrews State Park (includes Shell Island)	DRP	1,167	\$1,110,627	\$951.63	\$4,304,623	-\$2,736.74
St. Lucie Inlet Preserve State Park	DRP	4,849	\$270,692	\$55.83	\$6,596	\$54.47
St. Marks River Preserve State Park	DRP	2,590	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00
St. Sebastian River Preserve State Park	DRP	21,629	\$507,942	\$23.48	\$5,633	\$23.22
Stephen Foster Folk Culture Center State Park	DRP	904	\$1,161,771	\$1,285.29	\$507,081	\$724.29
Stump Pass Beach State Park	DRP	211	\$119,371	\$565.10	\$68,646	\$240.13
Suwannee River State Park	DRP	1,933	\$429,430	\$222.18	\$417,119	\$6.37
Suwannee River Wilderness State Trail (includes Adam's Tract, Dowling Park, Holton Creek, Peacock Slough and Woods Ferry)	DRP	74	\$114,565	\$1,547.35	\$12,462	\$1,379.03
T.H. Stone Memorial St. Joseph Peninsula State Park (Includes William J. "Billy Joe" Rish Recreation Area)	DRP	2,792	\$730,904	\$261.76	\$533,755	\$70.60
Tallahassee-St. Marks Historic	DRP	151	\$340,999	\$2,261.27	\$0	\$2,261.27
Tarkiln Bayou Preserve State Park	DRP	4,473	\$2,955	\$0.66	\$13,282	-\$2.31
Terra Ceia Preserve State Park	DRP	1,948	\$81,859	\$42.02	\$0	\$42.02
The Barnacle Historic State Park	DRP	9	\$270,367	\$28,793.06	\$63,029	\$22,080.74
Three Rivers State Park	DRP	659	\$267,789	\$406.49	\$236,798	\$47.04
Tomoka State Park	DRP	1,628	\$881,762	\$541.62	\$999,754	-\$72.48
Topsail Hill Preserve State Park	DRP	1,643	\$1,145,489	\$697.19	\$4,177,763	-\$1,845.57
Torrey State Park	DRP	14,111	\$372,007	\$26.36	\$187,594	\$13.07
Troy Spring State Park	DRP	84	\$96,888	\$1,159.37	\$12,413	\$1,010.83
Waccasassa Bay Preserve State Park	DRP	34,388	\$173,615	\$5.05	\$0	\$5.05
Washington Oaks Gardens State Park	DRP	430	\$758,493	\$1,763.28	\$210,880	\$1,273.05
Weeki Wachee Springs State Park	DRP	928	\$2,790,972	\$3,008.10	\$2,985,060	-\$209.19
Wekiwa Springs State Park	DRP	9,175	\$1,284,000	\$139.94	\$1,639,689	-\$38.77
Werner-Boyce Salt Springs State Park	DRP	3,378	\$323,449	\$95.75	\$26,607	\$87.88
Wes Skiles Peacock Springs State Park	DRP	761	\$140,999	\$185.28	\$20,076	\$158.90

**Operational Costs of State-Managed Conservation Land Management Units (FY 2022-23)**

Management Unit	Lead Agency	Total Acres	Operational Costs of Unit Management	Unit Mgmt. Operational Costs per Acre	Revenues Generated in FY	Net Op. Costs – Revenues per Acre
Windley Key Fossil Reef Geological State Park	DRP	320	\$117,036	\$365.30	\$39,123	\$243.19
Wingate Creek State Park (formerly Beker)	DRP	614	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00
Withlacoochee State Trail	DRP	762	\$165,418	\$217.20	\$556	\$216.47
Ybor City Museum State Park	DRP	1	\$81,116	\$84,495.92	\$39,621	\$43,223.99
Yellow Bluff Fort Historic State Park	DRP	2	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00
Yellow River Marsh Preserve State Park	DRP	977	\$24,241	\$24.82	\$0	\$24.82
Yulee Sugar Mill Ruins Historic State Park	DRP	5	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00
Babcock Ranch Preserve	FFS	67,620	\$106,391	\$1.57	\$400,500	-\$4.35
Belmore State Forest	FFS	12,262	\$245,618	\$20.03	\$316,077	-\$5.75
Big Shoals State Forest	FFS	1,814	\$109,292	\$60.23	\$0	\$60.23
Blackwater River State Forest	FFS	223,470	\$4,026,381	\$18.02	\$1,557,862	\$11.05
Carl Duval Moore State Forest and Park	FFS	335	\$55,312	\$165.06	\$0	\$165.06
Cary State Forest	FFS	13,385	\$329,425	\$24.61	\$300,596	\$2.15
Charles H. Bronson State Forest	FFS	11,246	\$305,381	\$27.15	\$18,248	\$25.53
Deep Creek State Forest	FFS	380	\$53,912	\$141.95	\$0	\$141.95
Etoniah Creek State Forest	FFS	8,982	\$353,618	\$39.37	\$0	\$39.37
Four Creeks State Forest	FFS	13,658	\$278,618	\$20.40	\$154,340	\$9.10
Goethe State Forest	FFS	54,873	\$1,167,582	\$21.28	\$580,960	\$10.69
Holopaw State Forest	FFS	58	\$48,292	\$832.62	\$0	\$832.62
Indian Lake State Forest	FFS	4,568	\$142,618	\$31.22	\$6,600	\$29.78
Jennings State Forest	FFS	25,152	\$665,412	\$26.46	\$164,227	\$19.93
John M. Bethea State Forest	FFS	37,735	\$906,414	\$24.02	\$425,507	\$12.74
Kissimmee Bend State Forest	FFS	1,992	\$51,624	\$25.91	\$0	\$25.91
Lake George State Forest	FFS	21,473	\$564,184	\$26.27	\$106,302	\$21.32
Lake Talquin State Forest	FFS	19,175	\$349,680	\$18.24	\$29,065	\$16.72
Lake Wales Ridge State Forest	FFS	26,741	\$447,043	\$16.72	\$188,082	\$9.68
Little Big Econ State Forest	FFS	10,336	\$173,708	\$16.81	\$75,951	\$9.46
Matanzas State Forest	FFS	4,700	\$141,312	\$30.07	\$339,008	-\$42.07
Myakka State Forest	FFS	8,593	\$335,292	\$39.02	\$27,141	\$35.86
Newnans Lake State Forest	FFS	1,109	\$122,312	\$110.27	\$102,032	\$18.28
Okaloocoochee Slough State Forest	FFS	32,370	\$826,421	\$25.53	\$15,891	\$25.04
Peace River State Forest	FFS	5,048	\$95,324	\$18.89	\$41,153	\$10.73
Picayune Strand State Forest	FFS	74,144	\$1,028,381	\$13.87	\$71,905	\$12.90
Pine Log State Forest	FFS	8,037	\$206,640	\$25.71	\$147,741	\$7.33
Plank Road State Forest	FFS	10,380	\$90,291	\$8.70	\$0	\$8.70
Point Washington State Forest	FFS	15,363	\$334,321	\$21.76	\$16,506	\$20.69
Ralph E. Simmons State Forest	FFS	3,638	\$75,322	\$20.70	\$0	\$20.70
Ross Prairie State Forest	FFS	3,542	\$165,618	\$46.76	\$400	\$46.65
Seminole State Forest	FFS	30,169	\$517,708	\$17.16	\$84,947	\$14.34
Tate's Hell State Forest	FFS	212,645	\$2,095,515	\$9.85	\$164,846	\$9.08
Tiger Bay State Forest	FFS	28,055	\$404,315	\$14.41	\$163,641	\$8.58
Twin Rivers State Forest	FFS	15,803	\$429,270	\$27.16	\$10,920	\$26.47
Wakulla State Forest	FFS	5,303	\$154,512	\$29.13	\$215,855	-\$11.57
Watson Island State Forest	FFS	506	\$48,257	\$95.45	\$0	\$95.45

**Operational Costs of State-Managed Conservation Land Management Units (FY 2022-23)**

Management Unit	Lead Agency	Total Acres	Operational Costs of Unit Management	Unit Mgmt. Operational Costs per Acre	Revenues Generated in FY	Net Op. Costs – Revenues per Acre
Welaka State Forest	FFS	2,287	\$186,421	\$81.51	\$17,718	\$73.76
Withlacoochee State Forest	FFS	160,130	\$3,291,688	\$20.56	\$1,950,348	\$8.38
Andrews Wildlife Management Area	FWC	3,579	\$365,764	\$102.20	\$1,500	\$101.78
Apalachee Wildlife Management Area	FWC	7,952	\$517,929	\$65.13	\$1,500	\$64.94
Apalachicola River Wildlife and Environmental Area	FWC	86,712	\$1,838,398	\$21.20	\$307,616	\$17.65
Aucilla Wildlife Management Area	FWC	46,339	\$1,275,772	\$27.53	\$360	\$27.52
Big Bend Wildlife Management Area	FWC	73,596	\$2,741,753	\$37.25	\$552	\$37.25
Box-R Wildlife Management Area	FWC	18,454	\$644,679	\$34.93	\$120	\$34.93
Caravelle Ranch Wildlife Management Area	FWC	10,450	\$589,635	\$56.42	\$22,280	\$54.29
Chassahowitzka Wildlife Management Area	FWC	33,420	\$1,271,235	\$38.04	\$20,549	\$37.42
Chinsegut Wildlife and Environmental Area	FWC	828	\$518,116	\$625.74	\$0	\$625.74
Dinner Island Ranch Wildlife Management Area	FWC	21,714	\$1,479,933	\$68.16	\$916,317	\$25.96
Escribano Point Wildlife Management Area	FWC	4,131	\$281,178	\$68.07	\$0	\$68.07
Everglades and Francis S. Taylor Wildlife Management Area	FWC	671,831	\$10,684,528	\$15.90	\$0	\$15.90
Fisheating Creek Wildlife Management Area	FWC	18,380	\$1,943,828	\$105.76	\$28,013	\$104.23
Florida Keys Wildlife and Environmental Area	FWC	6,600	\$564,409	\$85.52	\$2,400	\$85.15
Fred C. Babcock-Cecil M. Webb Wildlife Management Area	FWC	82,141	\$4,672,763	\$56.89	\$159,241	\$54.95
Guana River Wildlife Management Area	FWC	9,818	\$597,800	\$60.89	\$200	\$60.87
Half Moon Wildlife Management Area	FWC	9,554	\$448,148	\$46.91	\$15,686	\$45.27
Herky Huffman/Bull Creek Wildlife Management Area	FWC	23,646	\$694,433	\$29.37	\$240	\$29.36
Hilochee Wildlife Management Area	FWC	16,324	\$1,384,813	\$84.83	\$29,933	\$83.00
Holey Land Wildlife Management Area	FWC	35,350	\$1,269,696	\$35.92	\$0	\$35.92
J. W. Corbett Wildlife Management Area	FWC	60,498	\$3,976,770	\$65.73	\$33,018	\$65.19
Joe Budd Wildlife Management Area	FWC	3,056	\$379,429	\$124.16	\$0	\$124.16
John C. and Mariana Jones/Hungryland Wildlife and Environmental Area	FWC	16,969	\$1,273,737	\$75.06	\$39,850	\$72.71
Judges Cave Wildlife and Environmental Area	FWC	37	\$1,183	\$31.97	\$0	\$31.97
L. Kirk Edwards Wildlife and Environmental Area	FWC	1,782	\$79,168	\$44.43	\$0	\$44.43
Lake Stone Fish Management Area	FWC	249	\$3,528	\$14.17	\$0	\$14.17
Lake Tohopekaliga - Makinson Island (Cypress Island)	FWC	132	\$1,891	\$14.32	\$0	\$14.32



**Operational Costs of State-Managed Conservation Land Management Units (FY 2022-23)**

Management Unit	Lead Agency	Total Acres	Operational Costs of Unit Management	Unit Mgmt. Operational Costs per Acre	Revenues Generated in FY	Net Op. Costs – Revenues per Acre
Lake Tohopekaliga - Paradise Island	FWC	98	\$1,404	\$14.32	\$0	\$14.32
Lake Wales Ridge Wildlife and Environmental Area	FWC	16,412	\$1,396,998	\$85.12	\$0	\$85.12
Little Gator Creek Wildlife and Environmental Area	FWC	565	\$184,527	\$326.60	\$0	\$326.60
Okaloacoochee Slough Wildlife Management Area	FWC	28,148	\$1,421,656	\$50.51	\$0	\$50.51
Orange Hammock Wildlife Management Area	FWC	5,777	\$642,965	\$111.30	\$0	\$111.30
Rotenberger Wildlife Management Area	FWC	29,700	\$782,940	\$26.36	\$0	\$26.36
Salt Lake Wildlife Management Area	FWC	11,073	\$476,302	\$43.01	\$240	\$42.99
Spirit of the Wild Wildlife Management Area	FWC	7,647	\$693,985	\$90.75	\$0	\$90.75
T. M. Goodwin Waterfowl Management Area	FWC	6,482	\$610,244	\$94.14	\$0	\$94.14
Tate's Hell Wildlife Management Area	FWC	2,905	\$43,751	\$15.06	\$0	\$15.06
Tenoroc Fish Management Area	FWC	8,399	\$1,638,449	\$195.08	\$49,292	\$189.21
Three Lakes Wildlife Management Area	FWC	63,470	\$2,209,403	\$34.81	\$27,823	\$34.37
Tosohatchee Wildlife Management Area	FWC	30,701	\$1,393,533	\$45.39	\$30,450	\$44.40
Triple N Ranch Wildlife Management Area	FWC	16,295	\$733,208	\$45.00	\$21,270	\$43.69
Bell Ridge Longleaf Pine Mitigation Park Wildlife & Environmental Area	FWC	720	\$53,362	\$74.11	\$0	\$74.11
Branan Field Mitigation Park Wildlife & Environmental Area	FWC	386	\$49,937	\$129.37	\$24,247	\$66.55
Bullfrog Creek Mitigation Park Wildlife & Environmental Area	FWC	833	\$124,530	\$149.50	\$97	\$149.38
Crooked Lake Mitigation Park Wildlife & Environmental Area	FWC	1,147	\$490,323	\$427.48	\$0	\$427.48
Fort White Mitigation Park Wildlife & Environmental Area	FWC	1,610	\$237,247	\$147.36	\$0	\$147.36
Hickey Creek Mitigation Park Wildlife & Environmental Area	FWC	768	\$49,917	\$65.00	\$0	\$65.00
Janet Butterfield Brooks Mitigation Park Wildlife & Environmental Area	FWC	319	\$72,321	\$226.71	\$0	\$226.71
Lafayette Forest Mitigatin Park Wildlife & Environmental Area	FWC	2,148	\$163,175	\$75.97	\$0	\$75.97
Moody Branch Mitigation Park Wildlife & Environmental Area	FWC	960	\$116,424	\$121.28	\$0	\$121.28
Perry Oldenburg Mitigation Park Wildlife & Environmental Area	FWC	368	\$130,216	\$353.85	\$0	\$353.85
Platt Branch Mitigation Park Wildlife & Environmental Area	FWC	1,973	\$263,617	\$133.61	\$0	\$133.61
Split Oak Forest Mitigation Park Wildlife & Environmental Area	FWC	1,689	\$105,816	\$62.65	\$0	\$62.65

**Operational Costs of State-Managed Conservation Land Management Units (FY 2022-23)**

Management Unit	Lead Agency	Total Acres	Operational Costs of Unit Management	Unit Mgmt. Operational Costs per Acre	Revenues Generated in FY	Net Op. Costs – Revenues per Acre
Suwannee Ridge Mitigation Park Wildlife & Environmental Area	FWC	1,429	\$76,512	\$53.54	\$0	\$53.54
Watermelon Pond Mitigation Park Wildlife & Environmental Area	FWC	1,288	\$361,819	\$280.92	\$0	\$280.92
<b>Totals by Agency</b>						
CAMA	6	59,127	\$5,247,970	\$88.76	\$0	\$88.76
DHR	7	97	\$1,686,094	\$17,421.92	\$0	\$17,421.92
DRP	175	813,586	\$76,769,940	\$94.36	\$82,442,652	-\$6.97
FFS	39	1,177,078	\$20,929,422	\$17.78	\$7,694,372	\$11.24
FWC	55	1,506,852	\$54,025,096	\$35.85	\$1,732,794	\$34.70
<b>Overall Total</b>	<b>282</b>	<b>3,556,740</b>	<b>\$158,658,521</b>	<b>\$44.61</b>	<b>\$91,869,818</b>	<b>\$18.78</b>

## Secondary/Additional Management Costs of Conservation Land Management Units

**Secondary/Additional Management<sup>1</sup> Costs of Conservation Land Management Units (Fiscal Year 2022-23)**

Management Unit <sup>2</sup>	Type of Secondary/ Additional Management <sup>1</sup>	Lead Manager <sup>3</sup>	Acres	Annual Costs for 2nd/Add. Management
<b>Florida Forest Service, Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services</b>				
Andrews Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	FWC	3,501	\$3,501
Apalachicola River Wildlife and Environmental Area	cooperator	FWC	108,865	\$108,865
Aucilla Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	FWC	50,549	\$50,549
Big Bend Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	FWC	74,471	\$74,471
Cedar Key Scrub State Reserve	cooperator	DRP	5,028	\$5,028
Chassahowitzka Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	FWC	34,926	\$34,926
Dinner Island Ranch Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	FWC	21,714	\$21,714
Guana River Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	FWC	9,815	\$9,815
Half Moon Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	FWC	9,554	\$9,554
Hiloochee Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	FWC	16,382	\$16,382
Joe Budd Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	FWC	11,173	\$11,173
Miami Rockridge Pinelands	cooperator	county	1,000	\$1,000
Okaloacoochee Slough Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	FWC	58,880	\$58,880
Rock Springs Run State Reserve	cooperator	DRP	14,046	\$14,046
Sumatra Forest Legacy Area	cooperator	SJRWMD	3,526	\$3,525
Tenoroc Fish Management Area	cooperator	FWC	6,094	\$6,094
Three Lakes Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	FWC	63,470	\$63,470
Tosohatchee Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	FWC	30,701	\$30,701
<b>SUBTOTAL FFS SECONDARY MANAGEMENT</b>	<b>18</b>		<b>523,695</b>	<b>\$523,694</b>
Wildfire Prevention and Management <sup>5</sup>	cooperator	Other State Agencies	4,695,684	\$9,391,369
Timber sales and timber assessments <sup>6</sup>	additional	state agencies	N/A	\$120,000
<b>TOTAL FFS SECONDARY/ADDITIONAL MANAGEMENT</b>			<b>5,219,379</b>	<b>\$10,035,063</b>
<b>Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission</b>				
Allapattah Flats Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SFWMD	20,945	\$281,434
Apalachicola Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	USFS	582,710	\$7,865,274
Avon Park AFB Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	DOD	103,107	\$1,447,892
Babcock Ranch Preserve	advisor	Babcock Ranch Management, LLC	67,619	\$1,979,423
Bayard Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SJRWMD	10,429	\$142,187
Beaverdam Creek Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	NWFWMD	1,317	\$17,513
Belmore State Forest	cooperator	FFS	8,737	\$119,137
Big Cypress Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	NPS	728,273	\$10,250,105
Big Shoals State Forest	cooperator	FFS	2,410	\$37,021
Blackwater River State Forest	cooperator	FFS	211,456	\$3,491,560
Buck Lake Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SJRWMD	9,320	\$129,835
Camp Blanding Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	Armory Board	56,197	\$1,360,174
Caravelle Ranch Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	DRP	16,027	\$215,590
Cary State Forest	cooperator	FFS	11,644	\$160,166
Cedar Key Scrub State Reserve	cooperator	DRP	6,480	\$123,758
Charles H. Bronson State Forest	cooperator	FFS	11,672	\$157,008

**Secondary/Additional Management<sup>1</sup> Costs of Conservation Land Management Units (Fiscal Year 2022-23)**

Management Unit <sup>2</sup>	Type of Secondary/Additional Management <sup>1</sup>	Lead Manager <sup>3</sup>	Acres	Annual Costs for 2nd/Add. Management
Choctawhatchee River Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	NWFWMD	57,998	\$771,217
CREW Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SFWMD	28,908	\$574,305
Cypress Creek Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SRWMD	1,328	\$19,521
Devils Hammock Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	Levy County	7,600	\$103,854
Dunn's Creek Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SJRWMD	3,184	\$42,830
Dupuis Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SFWMD	21,935	\$370,732
Econfina Creek Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	NWFWMD	41,436	\$701,247
Eglin AFB Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	DOD	463,448	\$6,162,611
Escambia River Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	NWFWMD	35,413	\$470,898
Etoniah Creek State Forest	cooperator	FFS	7,185	\$96,933
Everglades Headwaters Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	USFWS	7,160	\$100,545
Fisheating Creek/Lykes Brothers Conservation Easement	monitoring	Private	41,596	\$555,977
Flint Rock Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	TNC	4,857	\$79,315
Flying Eagle Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SWFWMD	10,563	\$176,870
Fort Drum Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SJRWMD	20,858	\$288,332
Four Creeks State Forest	cooperator	FFS	13,060	\$178,058
Goethe State Forest	cooperator	FFS	45,745	\$684,680
Gore's Landing Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	DRP	4,357	\$87,884
Green Swamp West Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SWFWMD	34,335	\$525,455
Green Swamp Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SWFWMD	50,692	\$887,701
Grove Park Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	Plum Creek	16,437	\$382,823
Gulf Hammock Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	Plum Creek	23,015	\$542,457
Hatchet Creek Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SJRWMD	2,762	\$37,657
Hickory Hammock Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SFWMD	3,791	\$56,920
Holton Creek Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SRWMD	2,531	\$84,161
Jennings State Forest	cooperator	FFS	23,269	\$608,737
Juniper Creek Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	USFS	914	\$13,667
KICCO Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SFWMD	7,426	\$107,432
Kissimmee Chain of Lakes Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SFWMD	22,828	\$307,074
Kissimmee River Public Use Area	cooperator	SFWMD	30,864	\$436,936
Lafayette Creek Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	NWFWMD	3,160	\$42,019
Lake George State Forest	cooperator	FFS	54,019	\$913,423
Lake Marion Creek Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SFWMD	8,028	\$119,979
Lake Monroe Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SJRWMD	3,098	\$41,673
Lake Panasoffkee Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SWFWMD	8,676	\$186,444

**Secondary/Additional Management<sup>1</sup> Costs of Conservation Land Management Units (Fiscal Year 2022-23)**

Management Unit <sup>2</sup>	Type of Secondary/Additional Management <sup>1</sup>	Lead Manager <sup>3</sup>	Acres	Annual Costs for 2nd/Add. Management
Lake Talquin State Forest	cooperator	FFS	5,843	\$78,174
Lake Wales Ridge State Forest	cooperator	FFS	19,564	\$369,110
Little Big Eon State Forest	cooperator	FFS	7,156	\$105,282
Little River Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SRWMD	2,204	\$30,049
Lochloosa Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SJRWMD	11,149	\$155,552
Log Landing Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SRWMD	5,015	\$68,374
Lower Econfina River Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SRWMD	3,007	\$40,997
Lower Hillsborough Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SWFWMD	2,774	\$38,954
Mallory Swamp Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SRWMD	31,225	\$426,879
Marshall Swamp Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	DRP	6,445	\$86,696
Matanzas State Forest	cooperator	FFS	4,688	\$63,266
Middle Aucilla Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SRWMD	2,261	\$30,826
Ocala Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	USFS/DRP	385,349	\$5,260,098
Osceola Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	USFS	266,270	\$3,829,672
Perdido River Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	NFWWMD	6,261	\$83,254
Picayune Strand State Forest	cooperator	FFS	57,679	\$807,787
Pine Log State Forest	cooperator	FFS	7,091	\$176,609
Plank Road Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	FFS	8,096	\$107,655
Point Washington State Forest	cooperator	FFS	15,355	\$251,520
Potash - Corp Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	White Springs Agri. Chem.	1,300	\$21,992
Potts Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SWFWMD	4,155	\$86,536
Raiford Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	DOC/PRIDE	16,200	\$273,308
Ralph E. Simmons State Forest	cooperator	FFS	3,630	\$50,507
Rock Springs Run State Reserve	cooperator	DRP	14,046	\$253,951
Ross Prairie State Forest	cooperator	FFS	3,527	\$50,724
Santa Fe Swamp Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SRWMD	7,370	\$102,941
Seminole Ranch Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SJRWMD	6,000	\$391,744
Seminole State Forest	cooperator	FFS	21,927	\$101,981
Silver Springs Forest Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SJRWMD	4,900	\$65,913
Southern Glades Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SFWMD	31,380	\$419,792
STAs Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SFWMD	61,214	\$888,828
Steinhatchee Springs Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SRWMD	24,422	\$335,934
Tate's Hell State Forest	cooperator	FFS	208,631	\$2,960,102
Thomas Creek Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SJRWMD	2,429	\$33,117

**Secondary/Additional Management<sup>1</sup> Costs of Conservation Land Management Units (Fiscal Year 2022-23)**

Management Unit <sup>2</sup>	Type of Secondary/ Additional Management <sup>1</sup>	Lead Manager <sup>3</sup>	Acres	Annual Costs for 2nd/Add. Management
Tiger Bay State Forest	cooperator	FFS	31,192	\$456,705
Troy Springs Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SRWMD	1,810	\$24,677
Twin Rivers State Forest	cooperator	FFS	13,107	\$311,067
Tyndall AFB Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	DOD	14,400	\$191,481
Upper Chipola River Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	NFWWMD	9,094	\$120,926
Upper Hillsborough Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SWFWMD	5,178	\$93,607
Upper St. Johns River Marsh Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SJRWMD	120,386	\$1,619,390
Wakulla State Forest	cooperator	FFS	4,045	\$53,788
Weekiwatchee Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	SWFWMD	2,845	\$39,951
Withlacoochee State Forest	cooperator	FFS	155,852	\$2,506,683
Yellow River Wildlife Management Area	cooperator	NFWWMD	27,208	\$361,793
<b>TOTAL FWC SECONDARY MANAGEMENT</b>	96		4,604,499	\$68,366,636
<b>Division of Historical Resources, Department of State</b>				
Historic Key West Preservation	sublease	Nonprofit	1.00	\$0
Little White House Museum	sublease	Nonprofit	0.81	\$0
Miami Circle	sublease	Nonprofit	2.11	\$120,208
Ybor City Centro Espanola	sublease	City	0.45	\$0
<b>TOTAL DHR ADDITIONAL MANAGEMENT</b>	4		4.37	\$120,208
<b>Coastal and Aquatic Managed Areas, Department of Environmental Protection</b>				
Alligator Harbor Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	14,184	\$0
Apalachicola Bay Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	80,876	\$0
Apalachicola National Estuarine Research Reserve	submerged land	CAMA	36,556	\$1,237,800
Banana River Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	26,122	\$31,673
Big Bend Seagrasses Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	984,329	\$59,192
Biscayne Bay - Cape Florida to Monroe County Line Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	4,164	\$70,297
Biscayne Bay Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	64,608	\$70,297
Boca Ciega Bay Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	23,732	\$22,533
Cape Haze Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	12,716	\$52,752
Cape Romano - Ten Thousand Islands Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	40,529	\$0
Cockroach Bay Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	4,871	\$22,533
Coupon Bight Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	5,411	\$70,297
Estero Bay Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	13,829	\$256,404
Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary	submerged land	CAMA	2,419,985	\$281,188
Fort Clinch State Park Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	7,629	\$42,402

**Secondary/Additional Management<sup>1</sup> Costs of Conservation Land Management Units (Fiscal Year 2022-23)**

Management Unit <sup>2</sup>	Type of Secondary/ Additional Management <sup>1</sup>	Lead Manager <sup>3</sup>	Acres	Annual Costs for 2nd/Add. Management
Fort Pickens State Park Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	30,047	\$70,466
Gasparilla Sound - Charlotte Harbor Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	84,501	\$52,752
Guana River Marsh Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	37,048	\$42,402
Guana-Tomokato-Wicatanizas National Estuarine Research Reserve	submerged land	CAMA	5,499	\$1,028,242
Indian River - Malabar to Vero Beach Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	29,028	\$31,673
Indian River - Vero Beach to Ft. Pierce Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	9,477	\$31,673
Jensen Beach to Jupiter Inlet Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	23,040	\$31,673
Lake Jackson Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	5,136	\$71,680
Lemon Bay Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	7,227	\$52,752
Lignumvitae Key Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	8,483	\$70,297
Loxahatchee River - Lake Worth Creek Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	1,739	\$31,673
Matlacha Pass Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	14,622	\$52,752
Mosquito Lagoon Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	3,532	\$31,673
Nassau River - St. Johns River Marshes Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	68,972	\$42,402
Nature Coast Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	454,786	\$250,000
North Fork, St. Lucie Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	2,719	\$31,673
Oklawaha River Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	406	\$59,192
Pellicer Creek Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	276	\$0
Pine Island Sound Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	58,407	\$52,752
Pinellas County Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	334,112	\$22,533
Rainbow Springs Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	163	\$59,192
Rocky Bayou State Park Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	367	\$70,466
Rookery Bay Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	40,918	\$0
Rookery Bay National Estuarine Research Reserve	submerged land	CAMA	3,543	\$602,104
St. Andrews State Park Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	24,117	\$0
St. Joseph Bay Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	55,675	\$0
St. Martins Marsh Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	28,461	\$59,192
Terra Ceia Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	24,925	\$22,533
Tomoka Marsh Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	2,809	\$42,402
Wekiva River Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	5,670	\$42,402
Yellow River Marsh Aquatic Preserve	submerged land	CAMA	10,718	\$70,466
<b>TOTAL CAMA ADDITIONAL MANAGEMENT</b>	46		5,115,961	\$5,244,387
<b>Division of Recreation and Parks, Department of Environmental Protection</b>				
Pinellas Trail Extension - Cunningham Key	sublease	County	8	sublease
<b>TOTAL DRP ADDITIONAL MANAGEMENT</b>	1		8	n/a

**Secondary/Additional Management <sup>1</sup> Costs of Conservation Land Management Units (Fiscal Year 2022-23)**

Management Unit <sup>2</sup>	Type of Secondary/ Additional Management <sup>1</sup>	Lead Manager <sup>3</sup>	Acres	Annual Costs for 2nd/Add. Management
<b>DIVISION OF STATE LANDS</b>				
Apalachicola River: Cathey	monitoring	Private	681	\$0
Apalachicola River: Corbin/Tucker	monitoring	Private	2,124	\$0
Babcock Ranch: Babcock Ranch Property Holdings	monitoring	Private	302	\$0
Bailey's Mill: Bailey's Mill, I.L.C	monitoring	Private	436	\$0
Big Bend Swamp/Holopaw Ranch: Venture Four, LLC - Phase I	monitoring	Private	1,189	\$0
Big Bend Swamp/Holopaw Ranch: Venture Four, LLC - Phase II	monitoring	Private	1,118	\$0
Big Bend Swamp/Holopaw Ranch: Whaley	monitoring	Private	3,721	\$0
Bombing Range Ridge: Lightsey	monitoring	Private	1,063	\$0
Bombing Range Ridge: TNC/Lightsey	monitoring <sup>11</sup>	Private	2,758	\$0
Caloosahatchee Ecoscape: PUB Properties, Inc	monitoring	Private	3,360	\$0
Cedar Swamp: Hodges/Deep Forest	monitoring <sup>11</sup>	Private	2,722	\$0
Cross Florida Greenway: Alford/Clapp	monitoring	Private	199	\$0
Cypress Gardens: Polk County/Legoland	monitoring	Private	150	\$0
Etoniah/Cross Florida Greenway: Wetland Preserve LLC	monitoring	Private	3,562	\$0
Fisheating Creek: Lykes Brothers	monitoring	Private	41,523	\$0
Fisheating Creek: Smoak Farms	monitoring	Private	8,434	\$0
Green Swamp: Andrews/Cline	monitoring	Private	976	\$0
Green Swamp: AVT Ranch, Inc	monitoring	Private	704	\$1,357
Green Swamp: Bass/Howard	monitoring	Private	3,502	\$0
Green Swamp: Beach/Fussell	monitoring	Private	459	\$0
Green Swamp: Beddingfield	monitoring	Private	161	\$0
Green Swamp: Bender	monitoring	Private	585	\$0
Green Swamp: Boutwell	monitoring	Private	765	\$2,080
Green Swamp: Boutwell	monitoring	Private	307	\$2,080
Green Swamp: Brown/Smith/King	monitoring	Private	95	\$0
Green Swamp: Brown	monitoring	Private	87	\$0
Green Swamp: Brown	monitoring	Private	303	\$0
Green Swamp: Cauley	monitoring	Private	155	\$0
Green Swamp: Charlton	monitoring	Private	321	\$0
Green Swamp: Clark/Clark	monitoring	Private	536	\$0
Green Swamp: Clark/Tyson	monitoring	Private	318	\$0
Green Swamp: Clark/Frasier	monitoring	Private	1,175	\$0
Green Swamp: Combee	monitoring	Private	131	\$0



Secondary/Additional Management<sup>1</sup> Costs of Conservation Land Management Units (Fiscal Year 2022-23)

Management Unit <sup>2</sup>	Type of Secondary/ Additional Management <sup>1</sup>	Lead Manager <sup>3</sup>	Acres	Annual Costs for 2nd/Add. Management
Green Swamp: Combee, A.D.	monitoring	Private	667	\$0
Green Swamp: Combee, Mary	monitoring	Private	216	\$0
Green Swamp: Costine	monitoring	Private	651	\$981
Green Swamp: Cross	monitoring	Private	173	\$0
Green Swamp: Smith/Hallam	monitoring	Private	1,910	\$0
Green Swamp: Partin/Southwood	monitoring	Private	1,858	\$2,080
Green Swamp: Smith, Rex	monitoring	Private	110	\$0
Green Swamp: Evans Brothers	monitoring	Private	827	\$0
Green Swamp: Frasier	monitoring	Private	1,022	\$2,080
Green Swamp: Frasier	monitoring	Private	1,283	\$2,080
Green Swamp: Fussell	monitoring	Private	187	\$0
Green Swamp: Fussell, Clyde and Ella, et al	monitoring	Private	2,647	\$981
Green Swamp: Fussell	monitoring	Private	621	\$981
Green Swamp: Fussell	monitoring	Private	648	\$981
Green Swamp: Fussell	monitoring	Private	331	\$981
Green Swamp: Fussell, Brian	monitoring	Private	98	\$0
Green Swamp: Flanders/Germany	monitoring	Private	115	\$981
Green Swamp: Mertz	monitoring	Private	125	\$981
Green Swamp: Green Swamp Lodge, LLC	monitoring	Private	1,263	\$2,080
Green Swamp: Green Swamp Ranch, Ltd./Florida Sun Grown, LLC	monitoring	Private	261	\$0
Green Swamp: Grimes	monitoring	Private	1,247	\$0
Green Swamp: Atkinson/Combee/Inman	monitoring <sup>11</sup>	Private	215	\$981
Green Swamp: Harris	monitoring	Private	100	\$981
Green Swamp: Wang	monitoring	Private	374	\$1,177
Green Swamp: Hollister	monitoring	Private	239	\$0
Green Swamp: Hollister	monitoring	Private	58	\$1,177
Green Swamp: Jahna Industries	monitoring	Private	5,757	\$0
Green Swamp: Stevens/Carter	monitoring	Private	80	\$1,177
Green Swamp: Flanders/McDonald	monitoring	Private	1,054	\$981
Green Swamp: Shelborne/Menard Investments, LLC	monitoring	Private	160	\$0
Green Swamp: Locke	monitoring	Private	78	\$981
Green Swamp: Locke	monitoring	Private	125	\$981
Green Swamp: Maharaj	monitoring	Private	158	\$2,080
Green Swamp: Deboer	monitoring	Private	20	\$1,177

Secondary/Additional Management<sup>1</sup> Costs of Conservation Land Management Units (Fiscal Year 2022-23)

Management Unit <sup>2</sup>	Type of Secondary/ Additional Management <sup>1</sup>	Lead Manager <sup>3</sup>	Acres	Annual Costs for 2nd/Add. Management
Green Swamp: Partin/Southwood	monitoring	Private	299	\$0
Green Swamp: Quality Petroleum Corp.	monitoring	Private	695	\$2,080
Green Swamp: Clark/Tomkow/Valdez	monitoring	Private	2,061	\$0
Green Swamp: Flanders/Dacasa/Latsko	monitoring	Private	1,674	\$981
Green Swamp: Sherrouse Ranch	monitoring	Private	643	\$0
Green Swamp: Bayhan	monitoring	Private	76	\$0
Green Swamp: Sherrouse/Smith/Murphy	monitoring	Private	994	\$0
Green Swamp: Tree-O-Groves, Inc.	monitoring	Private	31	\$1,177
Green Swamp: Tree-O-Groves, Inc.	monitoring	Private	451	\$1,177
Green Swamp: Tree-O-Groves, Inc.	monitoring	Private	381	\$1,177
Green Swamp: Tree-O-Groves, Inc.	monitoring	Private	115	\$1,177
Green Swamp: Barefoot	monitoring	Private	102	\$0
Green Swamp: Smith	monitoring	Private	178	\$0
Green Swamp: Bryant	monitoring	Private	125	\$0
Green Swamp: Smith	monitoring	Private	101	\$0
Green Swamp: Duncan	monitoring	Private	117	\$0
Green Swamp: McCawley	monitoring	Private	109	\$0
Green Swamp: Smith, Ted	monitoring	Private	110	\$0
Green Swamp: Stevens/Cassidy	monitoring	Private	144	\$1,177
Green Swamp: Sullivan	monitoring	Private	744	\$981
Green Swamp: Tomkow	monitoring	Private	395	\$0
Green Swamp: Vignati/Carlina/Velez	monitoring	Private	94	\$981
Green Swamp: Wales/Wales	monitoring	Private	226	\$1,177
Green Swamp: Walker/Troiana/Craig/Brown	monitoring	Private	319	\$0
Green Swamp: Walker/Schwartz/Troiana/Vaughn	monitoring	Private	640	\$0
Green Swamp: Yohn	monitoring	Private	87	\$0
Green Swamp: Walker	monitoring	Private	318	\$0
Green Swamp: Wallaby Ranch	monitoring	Private	377	\$0
Green Swamp: Wood	monitoring	Private	141	\$981
Green Swamp: Wright Trust	monitoring <sup>11</sup>	Private	281	\$1,177
Green Swamp: Wyrosdick	monitoring	Private	373	\$1,177
Hardee Flatwoods: Walco Leasing, LLC	monitoring	Private	1,671	\$0
Kissimmee-St. Johns River Connector: Wedgeworth Farms, Inc.	monitoring	Private	6,670	\$0
Lake Wales Ridge Ecosystem: Douglas Miller, SR	monitoring	Private	217	\$0

Secondary/Additional Management<sup>1</sup> Costs of Conservation Land Management Units (Fiscal Year 2022-23)

Management Unit <sup>2</sup>	Type of Secondary/ Additional Management <sup>1</sup>	Lead Manager <sup>3</sup>	Acres	Annual Costs for 2nd/Add. Management
Lake Wales Ridge Ecosystem: Douglas Miller, JR	monitoring	Private	137	\$0
Lake Wales Ridge Ecosystem: Morgan	monitoring	Private	878	\$0
Letchworth Mounds: Southern Fidelity Insurance	monitoring	Private	1,282	\$0
Lower Suwannee and Gulf Watershed: Lyme Cross City	monitoring	Private	8,138	\$0
Lower Suwannee and Gulf Watershed: Lyme Cross City	monitoring	Private	5,785	\$0
Lower Suwannee and Gulf Watershed: Lyme Cross City	monitoring	Private	19,225	\$0
Millstone Plantation: Conrad/Smith/Dixon/Perry/McDuffie/Boulware	monitoring	Private	93	\$0
Myakka Ranchlands: Pallardy Ranch Land Trust 2006	monitoring <sup>11</sup>	Private	559	\$1,800
Myakka Ranchlands: Rawls Ranch	monitoring	Private	380	\$1,600
North Nokuse Plantation: Stella Davis 2015 Plantation Trust	monitoring	Private	18,880	\$0
Northeast Florida Blueway: Mercer	monitoring <sup>11</sup>	Private	7	\$0
Osceola Pine Savannas: Broussard	monitoring	Private	1,432	\$0
Old Town Creek Watershed: Crews Groves	monitoring	Private	6,071	\$0
Panther Glades: BR Bar Ranch	monitoring	Private	565	\$0
Peace River Refuge: Peace River Preserve LLC	monitoring	Private	771	\$2,000
Peace River Refuge: Reynolds	monitoring	Private	66	\$1,357
Pineland Site Complex: Crosby	monitoring <sup>11</sup>	Private	7	\$0
Pinhook Swamp: Carter	monitoring	Private	1,073	\$0
Pinhook Swamp: Carter/Nowicki	monitoring	Private	2,377	\$0
Pinhook Swamp: Espenship	monitoring	Private	1,620	\$0
Pinhook Swamp: Espenship	monitoring	Private	1,098	\$0
Pinhook Swamp: Norman	monitoring	Private	1,620	\$0
Pinhook Swamp: Keen	monitoring	Private	1,620	\$0
Pinhook Swamp: Levings	monitoring	Private	923	\$0
Promise Ranch: Panuska	monitoring	Private	1,489	\$0
Ranch Reserve: Mills	monitoring	Private	8,285	\$0
Seven Runs Creek: Stella Davis 2015 Plantation Trust	monitoring	Private	1,104	\$0
Seven Runs Creek: Stella Davis 2015 Plantation Trust	monitoring	Private	20,800	\$0
Seven Runs Creek: Stella Davis 2015 Plantation Trust	monitoring	Private	2,338	\$0
Seven Runs Creek Final Phase: Stella Davis 2015 Plantation Trust	monitoring	Private	2,090	\$0
Seven Runs Creek Final Phase: Stella Davis 2015 Plantation Trust	monitoring	Private	810	\$0
Seven Runs Creek Final Phase: Mitch and Sarah Dever	monitoring	Private	323	\$0
Seven Runs Creek Final Phase: Nokuse Education Inc	monitoring	Private	2,396	\$0
Seven Runs Creek Final Phase: Nokuse Education Inc	monitoring	Private	7	\$0
Seven Runs Creek Final Phase: Nokuse Education Inc	monitoring	Private	898	\$0
St. Johns River Blueway: Meldrim Moore	monitoring	Private	5,236	\$4,198
Tippen Bay Ranch: Bob Paul, Inc	monitoring	Private	2,883	\$3,000
Volusia Conservation Corridor: Plum Creek Timberlands	monitoring	Private	9,013	\$0
Wekiva Ocala Greenway: Maxwell Family Partnership/Reissouth	monitoring	Private	571	\$0
Etoniah/Cross Florida Greenway	monitoring	Private	217.00	\$0
Fisheating Creek	monitoring	Private	6,864.00	\$0
Horse Creek Ranch	monitoring	Private	11,960.00	\$0

**Secondary/Additional Management<sup>1</sup> Costs of Conservation Land Management Units (Fiscal Year 2022-23)**

Management Unit <sup>2</sup>	Type of Secondary/Additional Management <sup>1</sup>	Lead Manager <sup>3</sup>	Acres	Annual Costs for 2nd/Add. Management
Kissimmee-St. Johns River Connector	monitoring	Private	3,637.00	\$0
Kissimmee-St. Johns River Connector	monitoring	Private	615.00	\$0
Osceola Pine Savannas	monitoring	Private	284.00	\$0
Red Hills Conservation	monitoring	Private	4,101.00	\$0
Triple Diamond	monitoring	Private	2,529.00	\$0
<b>TOTAL DSL Conservation Easement MONITORING</b>	<b>148</b>		<b>292,619</b>	<b>\$61,772</b>
<b>Totals by Agency</b>				
CAMA	46		5,115,961	\$5,244,387
DHR	4		4	\$120,208
DRP	1		8	n/a
FFS	18		523,695	\$523,694
FWC	96		4,604,499	\$68,366,636
DSL	148		292,619	\$61,772
<b>Overall Total</b>	<b>313</b>		<b>10,536,786</b>	<b>\$74,316,697</b>

**Secondary/Additional Management<sup>1</sup> Costs of Conservation Land Management Units (Fiscal Year 2022-23)**

Management Unit <sup>2</sup>	Type of Secondary/Additional Management <sup>1</sup>	Lead Manager <sup>3</sup>	Acres	Annual Costs for 2nd/Add. Management
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**NOTES:**

<sup>1</sup> Includes management units managed as: aquatic preserves (submerged lands); secondary manager (non-lead agency); conservation easements; or subleases to another agency for management. **Substantial acres reported in this column overlap with acreages reported under Lead Management, and with others under Additional Management** because more than one agency assists in the management of lands managed by another agency. Substantial portion of this land is not owned by the state, but is owned by the federal government, water management districts or private entities. Notes for each agency:

- **DSL** oversees private sector management of conservation easements, each of which are monitored every 18 months on average;
  - **CAMA** manages the aquatic preserves, estuarine research reserves and marine sanctuaries that are predominately submerged lands;
  - **DRP** oversees management of sites subleased to counties, cities etc. for recreational trails;
  - **FFS** provides timber management for many sites and assists other agencies in developing timber management plans, etc.;
  - **FWC** provides wildlife management and oversees hunting for other agencies; and
  - **DHR** oversees management of sites subleased to counties, cities etc. and assists other agencies in historical and archaeological resource management.
- Note: FWC's wildlife mitigation parks are reported under lead management.*

<sup>2</sup> A unit is a state park, a state forest, a state wildlife management area, a state trail or other management unit.

<sup>3</sup> Agency acronyms:

- Armory Board = Florida Dept. of Military Affairs
- DOC/PRIDE = Florida Department of Corrections/Prison Rehabilitative Industries and Diversified Enterprise, Inc.
- DOD = US Department of Defense
- DRP = Division of Recreation and Parks
- FFS = Florida Forest Service
- FWC = Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission
- NPS = US National Park Service
- NWFWMD = Northwest Florida Water Management District
- SFWMD = South Florida Water Management District
- SJRWMD = St. Johns River Water Management District
- SRWMD = Suwannee River Water Management District
- SFWFMD = Southwest Florida Water Management District
- TNC = The Nature Conservancy
- USFS = US Forest Service
- USFWS = US Fish & Wildlife Service

<sup>4</sup> Unit has two secondary managers or advisors: FFS & FWC

<sup>5</sup> Program responds to wildfires on all state owned forest lands, which is funded by the Florida Forest Service

<sup>6</sup> Conducted on non-FFS state owned forest lands, including lands managed by FWC, DRP, CAMA & DOC

<sup>7</sup> WMA includes lands in addition to the state forest land

<sup>8</sup> WMA includes lands on which FWC is lead and other lands on which FWC is a secondary manager. Funds spent on secondary management were not tracked separately, but are included under FWC lead agency entry.

<sup>9</sup> Within Marjorie Harris Carr Cross Florida Greenway State Recreation and Conservation Area

<sup>10</sup> Includes 2,940 acres that are part of MH Carr Cross Fla. Greenway State Recreation & Conservation Area. Funds spent on secondary management of this portion were not tracked separately, but are included under FWC secondary management entry.

<sup>11</sup> Monitored by another public entity, but overseen by DSL.

## Ecosystem Services

### Reporting of Ecosystem Services

Ecosystem services are the benefits people obtain from ecological systems. These benefits have been divided into ‘provisioning’ services such as food, medicine, water, fuel and fiber; ‘regulating’ services such as erosion and flood control, drought protection, air and water quality, and prevention of disease; cultural services such as recreational, spiritual, religious and other nonmaterial benefits and ‘supporting’ services such as soil formation and nutrient cycling.

Prevention of ecosystem degradation has long been one of the goals of land conservation, with the often-stated outcome of such land protection being the preservation of ‘essential ecosystem services.’ However, the translation of ecosystem services such as “clean air and abundant clean water’ into economic values that allow comparisons with the economic values of other activities (such as deriving market value from extraction of timber or mining products, for example) is a complex challenge. Each of the services listed above carries economic value, but the science of calculating those values is still a developing field. Economists and ecologists are increasingly joining forces to assign dollar values to different ecosystem services through various modeling approaches, but many are not yet available or may not be specific to Florida ecosystems.

In order to understand the full economic value of Florida’s conservation lands and explain their vital importance to the state’s economy and quality of life, it will become ever more necessary to develop ways of measuring the values of ecosystem services provided by those lands. To advance this effort, the 2008 Legislature added a requirement for agency reporting of such values to the LMUAC Report. Section 259.037(3)(b)5, F.S., states that each reporting agency shall also “include a report of the estimated calculable financial benefits to the public for the ecosystem services provided by conservation lands, based on the best readily available information or science that provides a standard measurement methodology to be consistently applied by the land managing agencies. Such information may include but not be limited to, the value of natural lands for protecting the quality and quantity of drinking water through natural water filtration and recharge, contributions to protecting and improving air quality, benefits to agriculture through increased soil productivity and reservation of biodiversity, and savings to property and lives through flood control.”

The DSL and the land managing agencies have undertaken a systematic effort to assemble existing research, agency data reporting, and other relevant information to fulfill this portion of the statute. To date, the DSL’s efforts have resulted in the identification of measuring models that are either not applicable to Florida’s ecosystems, or too expensive or cumbersome to implement at the management unit level. The DSL continues to gather data that will move this effort forward. The desired long-term outcomes are to:

- Establish a list of those ecosystem services provided by state conservation lands for which reasonable measurement or estimation methodologies exist.
- Build interagency consensus for a select subset of these for which reporting methodology can be established across all managing agencies.

- Coordinate learning/training opportunities for agencies to become familiar with these methodologies.
- Discern ways of funding such data gathering and reporting activities, including identifying potential partners in that effort.

It is possible that, as an interim solution to meeting the statutory requirements, the next several years may lead to the ability to provide broad estimates of ecosystem services for the total acres of land in public ownership. Several Florida local governments with much smaller acreage holdings are currently engaged in pilot studies to determine such broader estimates, and their outcomes will be monitored by division staff. However, the science for measuring such services at the unit management level does not yet exist at a level that would be feasible for implementation by the state's managing entities. If such estimates become possible, they will appear in subsequent annual reports.

Despite the current lack of data regarding the values for many ecosystem services, information does exist regarding various aspects of the financial contributions made to the state's economy through uses of Florida's conservation lands. While a more comprehensive reporting on selected ecosystem services is in the planning stages, the managing agencies have chosen, wherever possible, to provide the financial benefit information that is currently available. It is important to note that, since data collection methodology for economic impact data varies by agency, there may be significant variability in numbers reported.

## **Economic Benefits**

### **CAMA**

In FY 2022-23, 798,363 visitors visited one of the three National Estuarine Research Reserves managed by CAMA or the St. Joseph Bay State Buffer Preserve. The visitors used the beaches, trails and fishing areas, toured the environmental learning centers and participated in boating opportunities on CAMA-managed lands. These four sites, out of the 48 CAMA areas, are the only ones that can count attendance, therefore, using the Division of Recreation and Parks' formula for economic benefit would significantly under report CAMA's value to Florida. Using an economic model adopted by the Florida Park Service for estimating local economic benefits, visitors to CAMA's managed areas generated a total economic benefit of \$73.3 million, sales tax revenues of \$5.13 million and 1,173 jobs.

Additional economic impact numbers are available from the Florida reef tract, which CAMA manages. The reef resources in Martin, Palm Beach, Broward, and Miami-Dade counties are estimated to support 71,000 jobs and \$6.3 billion economic benefit in southeast Florida annually. CAMA is responsible for water bodies at more than 80 state parks, providing the park's key water feature in 47 percent of its management units.

### **DRP**

Based on FY 2022-23 data, the Florida state park system had an overall direct economic impact of more than \$3.6 billion on local economies throughout the state. Direct economic impact is defined as the amount of new dollars spent in the local economy by non-local park visitors and by park operations. Over \$241 million was contributed to general revenues in the form of state sales taxes.

In addition, approximately 50,427 jobs were supported as a result of the state parks, greenways and trails operations.

<b>FY 2022-2023 DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT BY ADMINISTRATIVE UNIT</b>			
<b>ADMINISTRATIVE UNIT</b>	<b>TOTAL DIRECT IMPACT</b>	<b>INCREASED STATE SALES TAX</b>	<b>JOBS SUPPORTED</b>
DISTRICT 1	\$ 500,768,024	\$ 32,798,367	7,011
DISTRICT 2	\$ 451,937,377	\$ 30,144,820	6,327
DISTRICT 3	\$ 1,057,222,646	\$ 72,025,767	14,801
DISTRICT 4	\$ 796,797,189	\$ 53,801,810	11,155
DISTRICT 5	\$ 769,691,589	\$ 52,270,450	10,776
CENTRAL OFFICE SUPPORT	\$ 25,522,426	\$	408
STATEWIDE	\$ 3,601,939,252	\$ 241,041,214	50,427

**DEFINITION OF TERMS**

- 1.Total Direct Economic Impact: The amount of new dollars spent in a local economy by non-local park visitors, and park operations.
- 2.Increased State Sales Tax: The estimated amount of tax dollars the state receives as a result of park visitor expenditures.
- 3.Total Jobs Generated: This may be any combination of seasonal, temporary, part-time or full-time employment that adds up to 16 full-time jobs per one million dollars in total new expenditures in the local area. Source: [Thomas, C., Huber, C. & Koontz, L. 2012 National Park Visitor Spending Effects: Economic Contributions to Local Communities, States, and the Nation. Fort Collins, Colorado: U.S. Geological Survey & National Park Service].

**DHR**

The DHR is the state agency responsible for promoting historical, archaeological, museum and folk culture resources in Florida. The director of the DHR serves as Florida's State Historic Preservation Officer, providing a liaison with the national historic preservation program conducted by the National Park Service. The economic benefits of state funding are not confined to cultural programs. State funding for local historic and archaeological preservation and history museum projects leverages financial support, as grant awards require local cost share and matching funds. While grant-in-aid programs directly support and benefit those involved with museum and preservation activities, they also provide a benefit to the local economy.

According to the Federal Advisory Council on Historic Preservation’s 2008 study entitled “Statewide Studies on the Economic Impacts of Historic Preservation,” research conducted in other states has consistently demonstrated the importance of heritage tourism as an economic engine. An update to the report Economic Impacts of Historic Preservation in Florida shows that in FY 2012-13, the Florida economy benefitted from \$2.55 billion in direct spending on cultural heritage tourism. Of the ninety-five million visitors, sixty-five percent participate in culturally based activities. The overall economic impact of these visitors is \$72 billion dollars, demonstrating the economic benefit of cultural heritage tourism.

In addition to supporting the preservation of historic properties, the DHR also engages in the preservation of the archaeological history of Florida. On average, the DHR annually receives 83.28 cubic feet of new artifacts and 2.08 cubic feet of new documents (archaeological excavation field notes, field maps, and related items) for curation and storage. Archaeological objects are now curated at a special facility at Mission San Luis while the archaeological conservation laboratory remains in the R.A. Gray Building. The DHR manages Mission San Luis in Tallahassee, the seventeenth century capital of western Spanish Florida. The mission’s extensive interpretative program, including costumed living history, mission building reconstructions, exhibits, guided tours and educational programs are based on detailed archaeological research conducted at the site since 1983. Mission San Luis is capitalizing on their recently streamlined event planning, which has greatly increased annual visitation to the site and revenues.

## FWC

Hunting, fishing, wildlife viewing and boating are just some of the activities enjoyed on state owned lands. These activities have a significant economic impact here in Florida:

CATEGORY	ECONOMIC CONTRIBUTION	JOBS
Hunting	\$1.6 billion	14,673
Saltwater Fishing	\$6.6 billion	96,801
Freshwater Fishing	\$1.7 billion	14,040
Wildlife Viewing	\$4.9 billion	44,623
Boating	\$10.4 billion	82,750

**Sources:**

**Hunting:** Southwick Associates. *Hunting in America: An Economic Force for Conservation*. Produced for the National Shooting Sports Foundation in partnership with the Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies. 2012.

**Recreational freshwater fishing:** Southwick Associates. *Sportfishing in America: An Economic Force for Conservation*. Produced for the American Sportfishing Association under a U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Sport Fish Restoration grant (F12AP00137, VA M-26-R) awarded by the Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies. 2012.

**Recreational saltwater fishing:** National Marine Fisheries Service. 2017. *Fisheries Economics of the United States, 2015*. U.S. Dept. Commerce, NOAA Tech Memo. NMFS-F/SPO-170.

**Wildlife viewing:** Southwick Associates. *The 2011 Economic Benefits of Wildlife Viewing in Florida*. Prepared for Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission.

**Recreational boating:** National Marine Manufacturers Association. *Economic Significance of Recreational Boating in Florida*. 2013.

Using the information above, the 2006 IMPLAN economic models assembled by Southwick Associates and the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (updated to 2010), and the visitation data collected on select FWC managed units; a conservative estimate of visitor’s economic impact was calculated.

Analysis was done on a per trip basis meaning a vehicle entering and exiting an area counted as one trip. The number of visitors per vehicle was not used in this analysis.

Trip data was collected on 36 managed units in 2022-23 and totaled more than 1.3 million trips. Using this data, the economic model estimated the following:



CATEGORY	ECONOMIC IMPACT
Retail Sales	\$155,227,705
State and Local Taxes paid	\$15,746,951
Ripple Effect (indirect spending influenced by visitors)	\$265,469,945
Number of Jobs Created	2,704

## FFS

### *Determining Economic Benefit from Timber Sales on State Forests*

The basis for developing the value of this benefit is a report from the University of Florida to the Florida Forestry Association titled: “Economic Contributions of the Forest Industry and Forest-based Recreation in Florida,” December 2017. FFS Forest Management staff further adjusted values for 2019 inflation based upon consultation with Mr. Alan Hodges in January 2020. Total timber harvest in Florida was estimated at 17,386,216 tons of pulpwood and sawtimber annually. In turn, total economic contributions of Florida’s forest industry were estimated at \$26.61 billion in output (adjusted for inflation to 2019 dollars, per Mr. Alan Hodges), and 124,104 jobs. In FY 2022-23, timber sales on State Forests totaled 174,895 tons, which was approximately 1.01 percent of the estimated state total. The economic benefit from timber sales on State Forests was approximately \$268 million and 1,248 jobs.

### *Determining the Local Economic Benefit from Visitors to State Forests*

The number of visitors who attended a state forest managed by the FFS in FY 2022-23, was 19,334,717. To determine the Local Economic Benefit from visitors to State Forests, the FFS utilized the Division of Recreation and Parks method for calculating the economic benefit. The result for State Forest visitation is an estimated total economic benefit on local economies of \$694,378,312. Approximately 14,035 local jobs were created by State Forest visitation.

## Appendix

### Uniform Land Management Cost Categories and Subcategories

#### Resource Management

##### *Exotic Species Control*

Invasive exotic plant and animal removal activities and costs for inventorying, planning, preparing, executing, evaluating, monitoring and reporting. Also includes equipment, chemicals, protective clothing and supplies. Includes nuisance native feral animal and plant control.

##### *Prescribed Burning*

Prescribed burning activities and costs for assessing, planning, preparing, executing, evaluating and reporting. Also includes equipment, protective clothing and supplies.

##### *Cultural Resource Management*

Management activities and costs for assessing, planning, executing, evaluating and reporting, and for all maintenance, restoration or monitoring activities for prehistoric and historic sites, features and collection objects.

##### *Timber Management*

Activities and costs related to the establishment of a stand of potentially merchantable timber, harvest of merchantable timber, and cultural treatments intended primarily to improve the growth and overall health of a stand of merchantable timber. Also includes activities and costs related to the cutting of merchantable timber in natural community and habitat restoration projects.

##### *Hydrological Management*

Hydrological management and restoration activities and costs for assessing, monitoring, planning, preparing, executing, evaluating and reporting. Includes water level management, repair, removal or back-filling of ditches, canals, berms and dams. Also includes water quality and water quality monitoring.

##### *Other*

All other resource management activities and costs not captured in other specific subcategories. Examples include natural community and habitat restorations through other techniques; plant, animal or biological community survey, monitoring and research; listed species management; technical assistance; and evaluating and commenting on resource impacts to parks.

#### Administration

##### *Central Office/Headquarters*

Headquarters units conducting general administration of land under management by the agency. Includes upper management direction, administration and fiscal, budget, personnel, purchasing and record keeping required for operations oversight and specific programs. Includes all duties unless they specifically relate to other categories or subcategories.

***Districts/Regions***

Sub-state administrative districts or regions conducting general administration of the properties under their management. Includes all duties unless they specifically relate to other categories or subcategories. General operating costs of district or region administrative facilities are included.

***Units/Projects***

Conducting general administration duties at a specific management unit (state park, state forest, state wildlife management area, etc.). Includes supervisory duties, fiscal and record keeping duties, and any other duties that do not specifically relate to other categories or subcategories. General operating costs for the property, such as utilities, telephones and garbage collection, are included.

**Support*****Land Management Planning***

Developing land management plans required by section 253.034, F.S., Includes researching and compiling plan information, materials and maps, coordinating planning activities, conducting review activities (internal reviews, public meetings, advisory group meetings, Acquisition and Restoration Council, etc.), and promulgating draft plans and final plans.

***Land Management Reviews***

Planning, organizing and conducting land management reviews by teams created under section 259.036, F.S. Includes preparing and responding to land management review reports. Also includes similar work conducted as part of internal agency land management reviews.

***Training/Staff Development***

Staff training and development costs incurred in any facet of the agency's land management activities.

***Vehicle Purchase***

Acquisition of any vehicle purchased primarily for land management purposes or to support any category of land management activity by the agency.

***Vehicle Operation and Maintenance***

Costs of operating and upkeep of any vehicle used by the agency to support any category of land management activity.

***Other***

Any other support activity or cost not captured by other categories or other subcategories.

**Capital Improvements*****New Facility Construction***

Use of Fixed Capital Outlay (FCO) or other budget authority for all new facility design and construction activities. Includes new roads, parking and all other infrastructures.

***Facility Maintenance***

Use of FCO or other budget authority for all repairs or renovations to existing facilities, roads or other infrastructure. Also includes Americans with Disabilities Act accessibility improvements and renovations.

**Visitor Services/Recreation*****Information/Education Programs***

Interpretive, environmental education and marketing programs that explain or promote the agency's mission or instill in visitors an understanding and appreciation for Florida's natural and cultural resources and their proper use and care. Includes signs, brochures, maps and other public information materials that are produced or disseminated.

***Operations***

Includes the non-administrative and non-support costs involved in providing public access to lands. Includes all actions required to manage visitor activities in a way to ensure safe and enjoyable use by the public. Includes routine maintenance, cleaning and other work required to provide safe and efficient utilization of facilities and resources that support visitor use and recreation. Includes protection activities required by staff to safeguard natural and cultural resources, facilities, material, staff and visitors.

**Law Enforcement**

The provision of all activities for enforcing criminal, conservation and boating laws on land, freshwater and marine environments and all costs associated with these services. Includes the provision of uniform patrol, overt and covert criminal investigations, regulation of commercial wildlife trade and the direction and administration of all law enforcement programs and activities, and all associated costs.

**Section 259.037*****2023 Florida Statutes***

259.037 Land Management Uniform Accounting Council. —

- (1) The Land Management Uniform Accounting Council (LMUAC) is created within the Department of Environmental Protection and shall consist of the director of the Division of State Lands, the director of the Division of Recreation and Parks, and the director of the Office of Coastal and Aquatic Managed Areas of the department; the director of the Florida Forest Service of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; the executive director of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission; and the director of the Division of Historical Resources of the Department of State, or their respective designees. Each state agency represented on the LMUAC shall have one vote. The chair of the LMUAC shall rotate annually in the foregoing order of state agencies. The agency of the representative serving as chair shall provide staff support for the LMUAC. The Division of State Lands shall serve as the recipient of and

repository for the LMUAC's documents. The LMUAC shall meet at the request of the chair.

- (2) The Auditor General and the director of the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability, or their designees, shall advise the LMUAC to ensure that appropriate accounting procedures are used and that a uniform method of collecting and reporting accurate costs of land management activities are created and can be used by all agencies.

(3)

- (a) All land management activities and costs must be assigned to a specific category, and any single activity or cost may not be assigned to more than one category. Administrative costs, such as planning or training, shall be segregated from other management activities. Specific management activities and costs must initially be grouped, at a minimum, within the following categories:

1. Resource management.
2. Administration.
3. Support.
4. Capital improvements.
5. Recreation visitor services.
6. Law enforcement activities.

Upon adoption of the initial list of land management categories by the LMUAC, agencies assigned to manage conservation or recreation lands shall account for land management costs in accordance with the category to which an expenditure is assigned.

- (b) Each reporting agency shall also:

1. Include a report of the available public use opportunities for each management unit of state land, the total management cost for public access and public use, and the cost associated with each use option.
2. List the acres of land requiring minimal management effort, moderate management effort, and significant management effort. For each category created in paragraph (a), the reporting agency shall include the amount of funds requested, the amount of funds received, and the amount of funds expended for land management.
3. List acres managed and cost of management for each park, preserve, forest, reserve, or management area.
4. List acres managed, cost of management, and lead manager for each state lands management unit for which secondary management activities were provided.
5. Include a report of the estimated calculable financial benefits to the public for the ecosystem services provided by conservation lands, based on the best readily available information or science that provides a standard measurement methodology to be consistently applied by the land managing agencies. Such information may include, but need not be limited to, the value of natural lands for protecting the quality and quantity of drinking water through natural water filtration and

recharge, contributions to protecting and improving air quality, benefits to agriculture through increased soil productivity and preservation of biodiversity, and savings to property and lives through flood control.

- (4) The LMUAC shall provide a report of the agencies' expenditures pursuant to the adopted categories to the Acquisition and Restoration Council and the Division of State Lands for inclusion in its annual report required pursuant to s. 259.036.
- (5) Should the LMUAC determine that the list of land management categories needs to be revised, it shall meet upon the call of the chair.
- (6) Biennially, each reporting agency shall also submit an operational report for each management area along with an approved management plan. The report should assess the progress toward achieving short-term and long-term management goals of the approved management plan, including all land management activities, and identify any deficiencies in management and corrective actions to address identified deficiencies as appropriate. This report shall be submitted to the Acquisition and Restoration Council and the Division of State Lands for inclusion in its annual report required pursuant to s. 259.036.

*History.* —s. 25, ch. 2000-170; s. 46, ch. 2001-61; s. 11, ch. 2008-229; s. 61, ch. 2010-102; s. 7, ch. 2012-7; s. 36, ch. 2014-17; s. 23, ch. 2015-229; s. 20, ch. 2016-233; s. 45, ch. 2020-2.

*Note:* Subsection 259.037(4) requires LMUAC to provide its report to the Acquisition and Restoration Council pursuant to section 259.036. Subsection 259.036(6), F.S., requires DEP to submit its annual land management review findings to the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund (i.e., Governor and Cabinet) "No later than the second board meeting in October of each year..."

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