

Cover Sheets for Demonstration of Four-Log Virus Treatment of Ground Water

General Information
Public Water System (PWS) Information
PWS Name:
PWS ID:
PWS Type
Community Water System
Non-Transient Non-Community Water System
Transient Non-Community Water System
Population Served by PWS
> 3,300 people
501 to 3,300 people
≤ 500 people
PWS Owner Information
PWS Owner:
Contact Person:
Contact Person's Title:
Contact Person's Mailing Address:
Contact Person's E-mail:
Contact Person's Telephone:
Water Treatment Plant (WTP) Information
WTP Name:
WTP Address:
Permitted Maximum-Day Operating Capacity of WTP:
Does the WTP expose ground water to the open atmosphere during treatment?*
☐Yes
□No

^{*} Water treatment facilities that are protected against contamination from birds, insects, wind-borne debris, rainfall, and drainage—i.e., water treatment facilities that are covered by an impervious roof and enclosed within impervious sidewalls or sidewalls of at least 20-mesh screen—are not considered to be exposing water to the open atmosphere.

Virus Treatment Information				
Type of Virus Treatment Demonstration				
If the WTP exposes ground water to the open atmosphere during treatment, check one of the following:				
This demonstration is for four-log virus treatment after water the open atmosphere.	•			
This demonstration is just for four-log virus treatment of the source(s).				
☐Not applicable (the WTP does not expose ground water to the during treatment).				
Summary of Technologies Used for Virus Treatment; and Virus Inactivation or Removal Credit Claimed for Each Technology				
	Virus Inactivation			
Technology	or Removal Credit Claimed, logs			
Chemical disinfection using free chlorine				
Chemical disinfection using chloramines				
Chemical disinfection using chlorine dioxide				
Chemical disinfection using ozone				
Ultrafiltration (UF)				
Nanofiltration (NF); or reverse osmosis (RO)				
Ultraviolet (UV) disinfection				
Conventional filtration treatment, including lime softening				
Slow sand filtration				
Direct filtration; or microfiltration preceded by coagulation				
Diatomaceous earth filtration				
Other (describe):				
Total				
Checklist of Information Attached and Included in this Demonstr	ation			
Required for all demonstrations:				
A schematic diagram of the WTP. (The schematic shall show				
treatment, or storage facilities; all chemical disinfectant application points and				
disinfectant residual monitoring points; application points for any chemicals that				
will affect pH significantly; any turbidity or conductivity mon point of the first customer [often the WTP itself]; etc. Also, the				
identify any facilities that expose water to the open atmosphere.)				

Required for demonstrations involving chemical disinfection:
CT calculations.
Identification of standby equipment, switch-over devices for gas containers, and
alarm systems as required by Rule 62-555.320(13), Florida Administrative Code,
and Recommended Standards for Water Works.
Identification of the disinfectant residual monitoring frequency and any
continuous disinfectant residual monitoring equipment.
The proposed disinfectant residual monitoring location(s).
The proposed minimum residual disinfectant concentration(s) for each
disinfectant residual monitoring location.
Required for demonstrations involving UF:
☐ The absolute pore size of the membranes and, if the absolute pore size is greater
than or equal to 0.01 micron, challenge testing information showing at least four-
log removal capability for the membranes.
The direct integrity testing frequency, method, resolution, sensitivity, and control
limit for the membrane units if four-log virus removal credit is claimed.
☐ Identification of the continuous filtrate turbidity monitoring equipment for the
membrane units.
☐ Identification of the operating requirement (filtrate turbidity \leq 0.15 NTU) for each
membrane unit.
Required for demonstrations involving NF or RO:
The molecular weight cutoff for the membranes.
The direct integrity testing frequency, method, resolution, sensitivity, and control
limit for the membrane units <u>if four-log virus removal credit is claimed</u> .
Identification of the continuous monitoring equipment for the membrane units.
☐ The proposed operating requirement — i.e., maximum percent salt passage
The proposed operating requirement—i.e., maximum percent salt passage (generally $\leq 25\%$ for NF and $\leq 5\%$ for RO)—for each membrane unit.
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•	slow sand filtration or diatomaceous earth
turbidity monitoring equipment. The CFE turbidity monitoring local Identification of the operating required for technology. Required for demonstrations of other technology information from pilot plant studied demonstrating the level of virus the full range of expected operation.	uirement (CFE turbidity < 5 NTUs) for the chnologies: ies, or other performance studies, reatment that the technology will achieve under
Certifications	
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Demonstration	in Responsible Charge of Preparing this
this four-log virus treatment demonstrate and belief, all the information included in	r licensed in Florida, am in responsible charge of tion. I certify that, to the best of my knowledge in this demonstration is accurate and consistent mental Protection's draft "Guidelines for Four-' October 2009.
P.E. License Number	
Type or Print Name	Signature, Date, and Seal

Certification by PWS

I am duly authorized to sign on behalf of the PWS identified on page 1 of these coversheets. I understand that, if the Florida Department of Environmental Protection approves this four-log virus treatment demonstration, the PWS will have to begin conducting compliance monitoring in accordance with the federal Ground Water Rule and as discussed in this demonstration. I further understand that that the PWS will be in violation of the treatment technique requirements under the federal Ground Water Rule if the PWS (1) fails to maintain four-log virus treatment, by failing to meet the operating requirements discussed in this demonstration, and (2) does not correct the failure to maintain four-log virus treatment within four hours after first determining the failure.

Type or Print Name	Signature	
Title	 Date	